BEHAVIOR-BASED ZERO-DAY INTRUSION DETECTION FOR REAL-TIME CYBER-PHYSICAL SYSTEMS

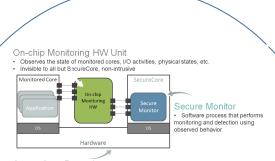


Challenge:

- Detect intrusions in real-time control systems (and further, in more general purpose systems)
- Ensure system remains safe in event of attack

Solution:

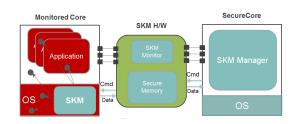
- Use deterministic behavior of realtime embedded systems to detect deviations (anomalies).
- Developed an architectural framework that can be used to detect anomalies and also take away control (to maintain safety) when an intrusion is detected.
- Developed innovative methods to capture the behavior of systems and for checking at runtime.



SecureCore Protection

- · Resource virtualization: memory space separation, I/O device consolidation
- · Additional HW-based protection (e.g., ARM TrustZone)

SecureCore Architecture



DragonBeam Architecture

Scientific Impact:

- Innovative methods to capture the behavior of systems for IDS
- Architectural frameworks (SecureCore, DragonBeam) that enable better IDS based on observation of runtime behavior
- Results/methods developed here can be used to understand how to detect anomalies in both, realtime embedded systems as well as general purpose systems.

Broader Impact:

- everywhere (automobiles, avionics, power systems, industrial control systems, etc.) and are now being attacked so these methods can make such systems more secure and safe.
- This work has been included in a graduate course on Cyber-Physical Systems at UIUC.

Project Number NSF CNS 14-23334, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

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