THE **UNIVERSITY OF RHODE ISLAND**

Towards Neural-controlled Artificial Legs using High-Performance Embedded Computers

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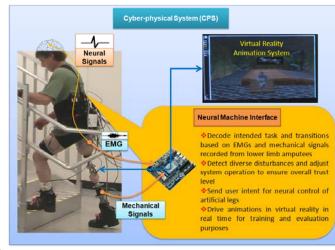


Neural-Machine Interface for Artificial Legs

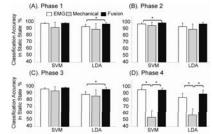
- > There are over 1.7 million amputees in the US. around 75% of which are lower limb amputees.
- > The population of lower limb amputees is still growing as the incidence of dysvascular disease increases.
- > The function of current prosthetic leas is limited due to the lack of neural control
- Neural-controlled artificial legs will improve the quality of life of leg amputees.

Objective

To develop a robust and high-performance neural-machine interface (NMI) that accurately deciphers the user's intended movements in real-time for artificial legs.

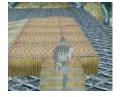


Decoding User Intent Based on Neuromuscular-Mechanical Fusion



The fusion-based algorithm outperforms the decoding algorithm based on only EMG signals or mechanical signals.

Virtual Reality System



The virtual animation correlates with the user's locomotion mode in real-time. The skeletal key frame (SKF)based animation technique is employed in our motion reconstruction system.

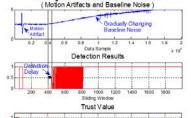
Embedded System Implementation

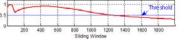


Trust Management Module

Research Progress

EMG Signal with Recoverable Disturbances

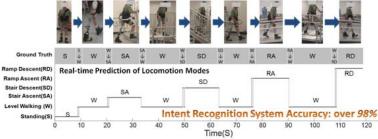


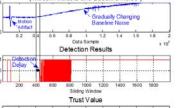


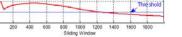
- Abnormal detector can detect motion artifacts and gradual baseline noise
- Trust value dynamically drops and recovers according to the presence and absence of the disturbances

Real-time Intent Recognition

A transfemoral amputee continuously walks on different types of terrain







Future Work

- > integrate the trust module in the real-time NMI:
- Improve the virtual reality system with accurate position mapping;
- Real-time integration on embedded systems.

Selected Publications

- Huang H et al. "Design of a Robust EMG Sensing Interface for Pattern Classification". Journal of Neural Engineering. vol. 7(5), pp 0565, 2010
- Zhang F et al. "Towards design of a stumble detector for artificial legs". IEEE Trans Neural Syst Rehabil Eng. 2011 (In Press)
- Huano H et al. "Continuous Locomotion Mode Identification for Prosthetic Legs based on Neuromuscular-Mechanical Fusion", IEEE Trans Biomed Eng. 2011 (In Press)
- Zhang, X. et al. "On design and implementation of neuralmachine interface for artificial legs". IEEE Transactions on Industrial Informatics, 2011 (Minor revision)
- Zhang F et al. "A Novel CPS System for Evaluating a Neural-Machine Interface for Artificial Legs" ICCPS, 2011
- Huang et al. "Integrating neuromuscular and cyber systems for neural control of artificial legs", ICCPS, 2010