

CAREER: Safe and Agile Autonomous Cyber-Physical Systems

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The goal of this project is to develop motion planning and control algorithms, along with safety architectures for autonomous Cyber-Physical Systems like Autonomous Vehicles. This will enhance their safety in complex environments and improve their response to unforeseen events.

Overview

High-speed and close-proximity nature of racing provides a suitable setting for learning, developing, and testing **safe** and **agile** autonomous systems.

Safety Through Agility



High-Speed

Close-Proximity

Driving at vehicle limits

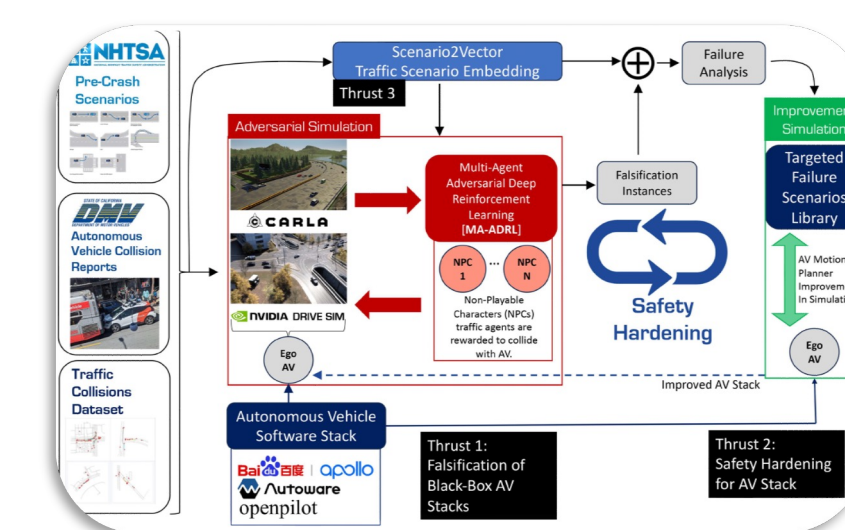


Handle Uncertain Dynamic Situations

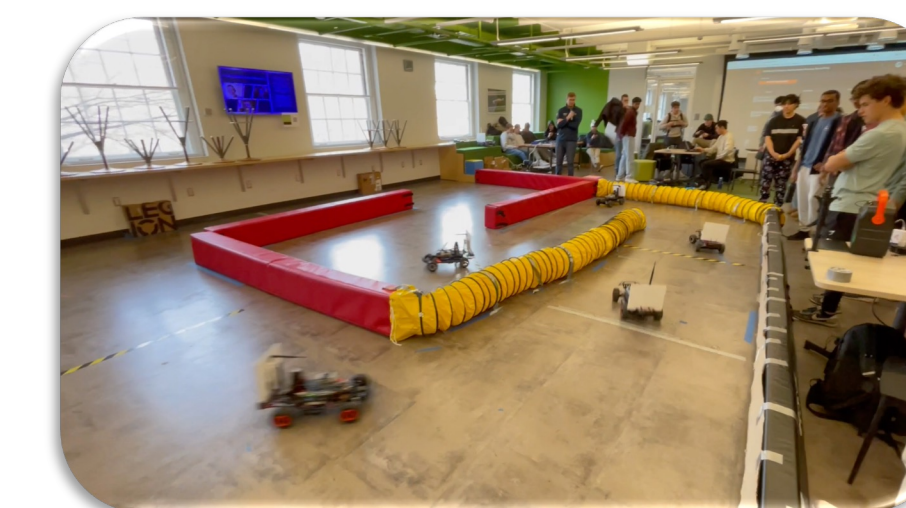
Robust Motion Planning

Improved vehicle handling

Scientific Impact on Cyber-Physical Systems



Improving safety for CPS with learning-enabled components



Planning under uncertainty for multi-agent scenarios



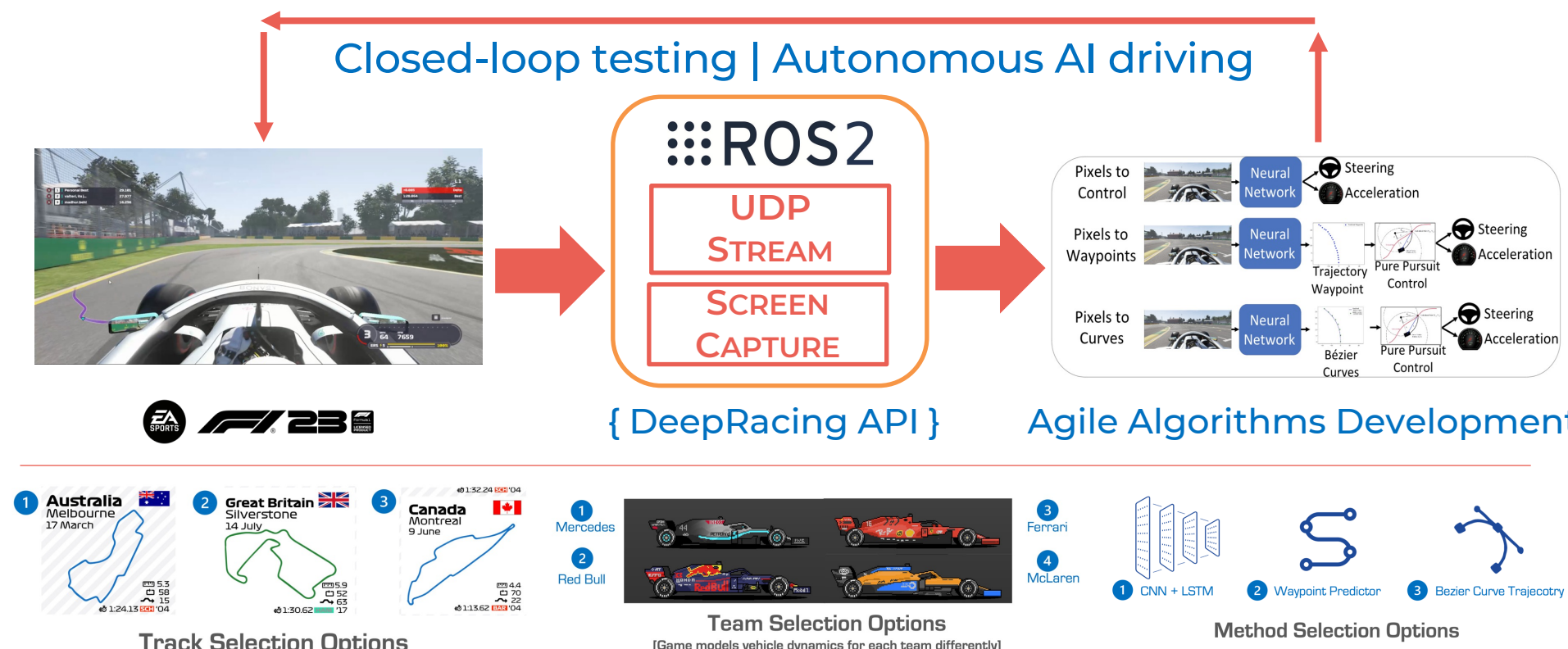
Learning from expert demonstrations and addressing Sim-2-Real gaps



Engineering full-scale CPS testbeds

Methodology

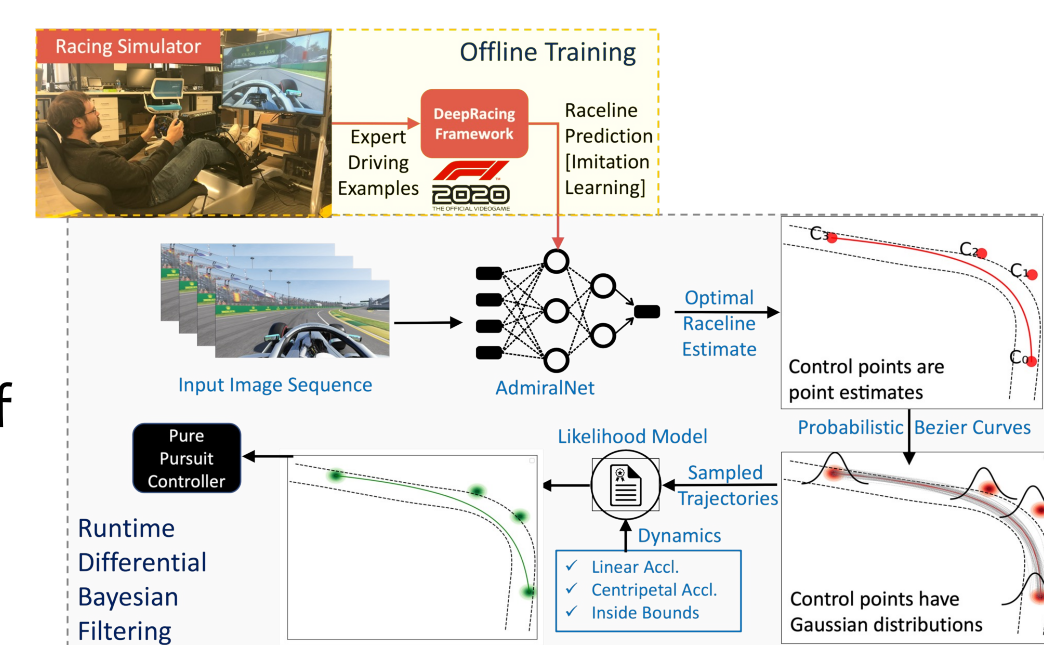
DeepRacing AI



1. Weiss and M. Behl, DeepRacing: A Framework for Autonomous Racing, IEEE Design, Automation, and Test in Europe, 2020.
2. Weiss and M. Behl, DeepRacing AI - Autonomous Motorsport Racing, NeurIPS, 2020.
3. Weiss and M. Behl, DeepRacing: Parameterized trajectories for autonomous racing, arXiv, 2020.

Differential Bayesian Filtering

- Trajectories represented as probabilistic Bezier Curves.
- Bayesian inference incorporates vehicle dynamics and safety constraints.
- Monte-Carlo sampling from distribution of trajectories.
- Sequential update, re-weighting, optimal trajectory convergence



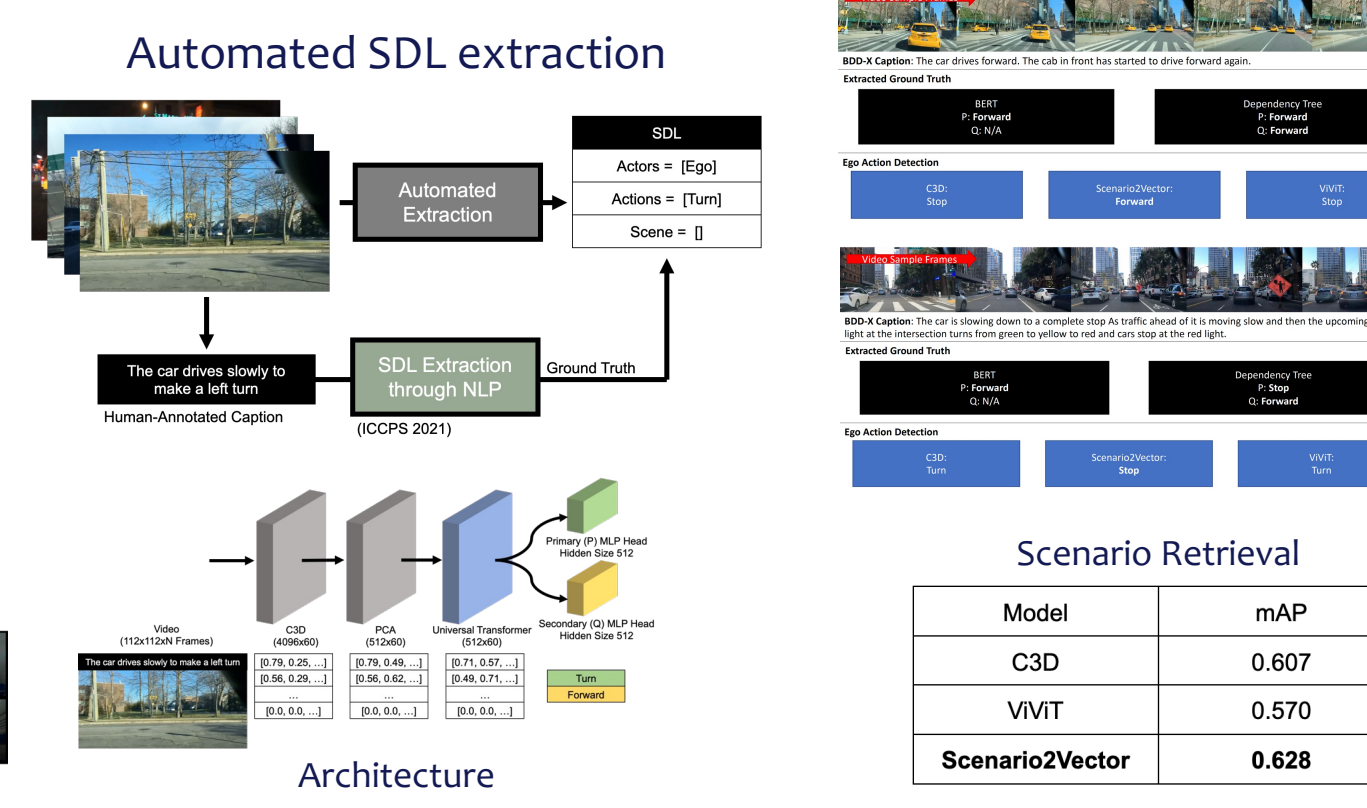
Trent Weiss and Madhur Behl, DeepRacing: Parameterized Trajectories for Autonomous Racing, IROS 2021 Workshop on Perception, Learning, and Control for Autonomous Agile Vehicles, 2021 (Best Paper Award)
Trent Weiss and Madhur Behl, This is the way: Differential Bayesian Filtering for agile trajectory synthesis, IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters, 7(4):10414-10421, 2022. Presented at IROS 2022
Trent Weiss, John Chroniak, and Madhur Behl, "Towards multi-agent autonomous racing with the DeepRacing framework," International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA)-Workshop on Opportunities and Challenges with Autonomous Racing, 2021.

Results

Model Configuration	Lap Time (s)	Speed (mph)	Number of Boundary Failures
Waypoint Prediction (Behavioral Cloning)	106.683	49.245	5.6
Bezier Curve Prediction (Behavioral Cloning)	101.72	52.193	1.8
Unlabeled Racefile Prediction	91.219	58.109	0
Force Human Lap (Training Data)	88.177	59.479	1
Ground Truth Racefile	88.006	60.186	0
Differential Bayesian Filtering (Ours) (No real-life 2019 Australian Grand Prix)	86.781	61.892	0
Nicklas Lap (No real-life 2019 Australian Grand Prix)	86.067	Unknown	0
Linus Lap (No real-life 2019 Australian Grand Prix)	80.486	Unknown	0

Scenario-2-Vector

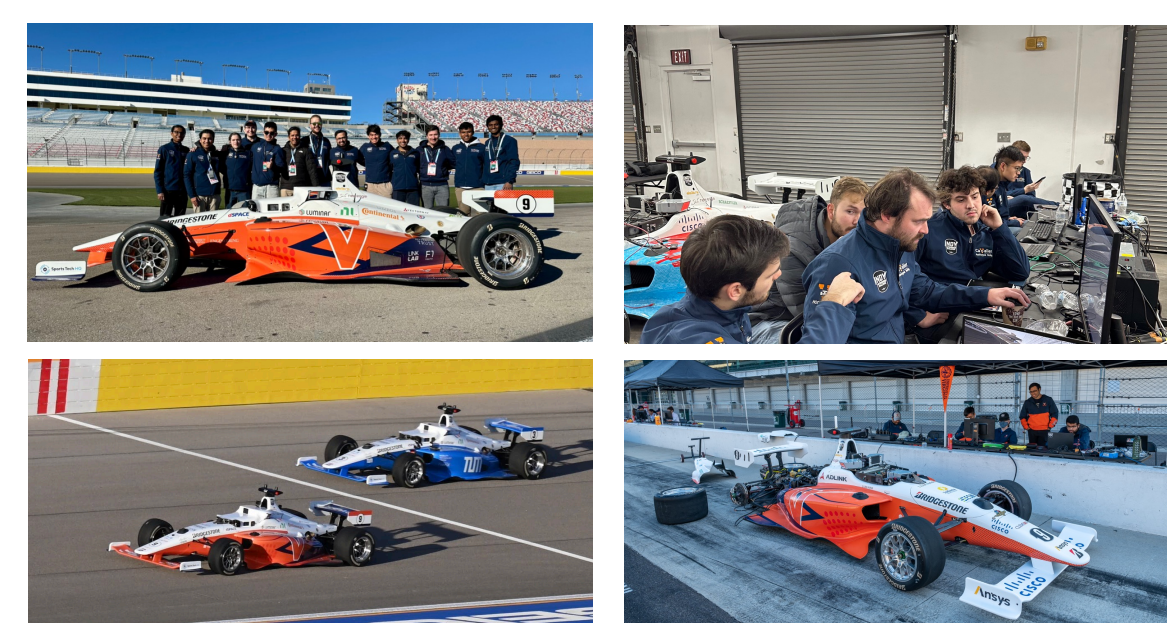
Is it more safe than ROS2?
What does it mean to be more safe?



Aron Harder, Jaspreet Ranjit, and Madhur Behl, "Scenario2Vector: scenario description language based embeddings for traffic situations." In Proceedings of the ACM/IEEE 12th International Conference on Cyber-Physical Systems (ICCPSP), pp. 167-176, 2021.
Aron Harder and Madhur Behl, "Automated Traffic Scenario Description Extraction Using Video Transformers", IEEE Design, Automation, and Test in Europe (DATE), 2024.

Broader Impacts

Real-World | Full-Scale | Fully-Autonomous Racing

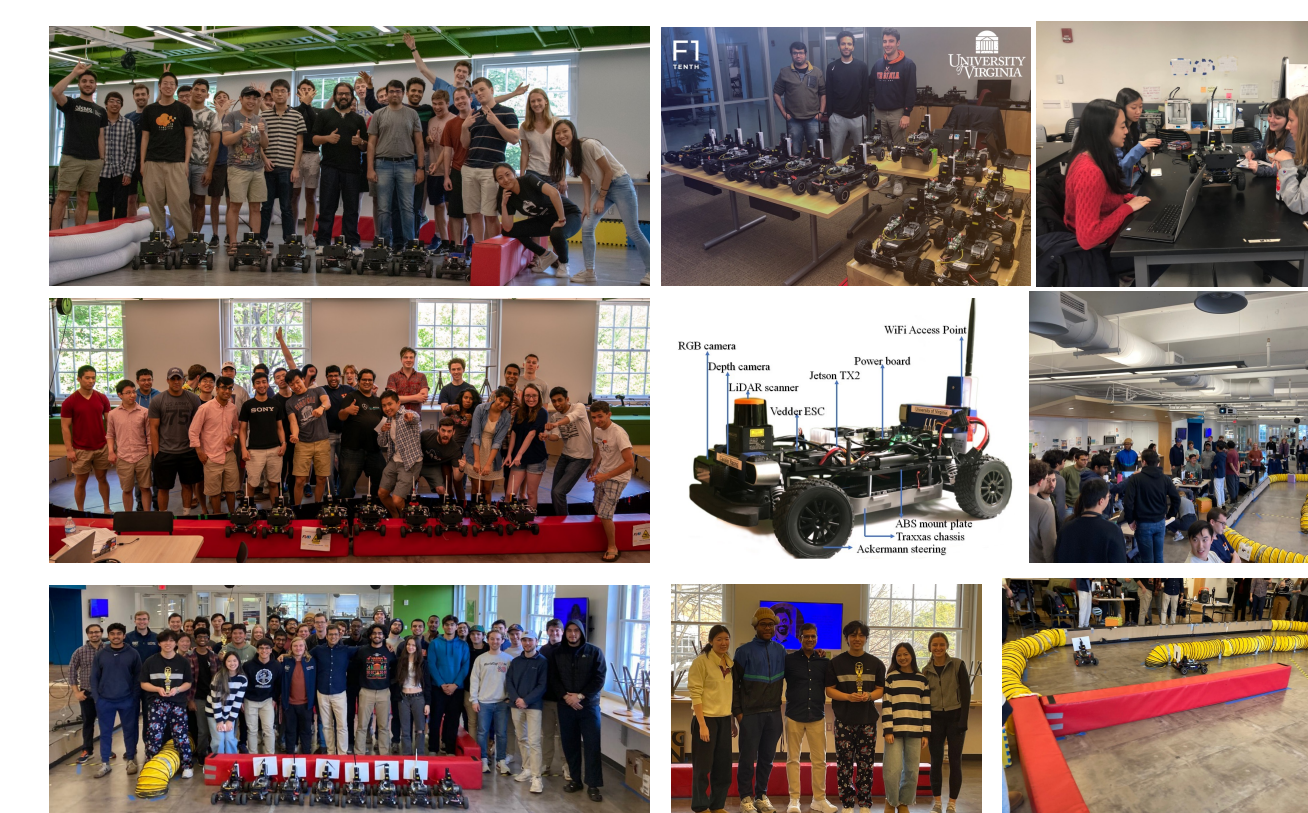


One of 9 teams in the world in Indy Autonomous Challenge

50+ students since 2021

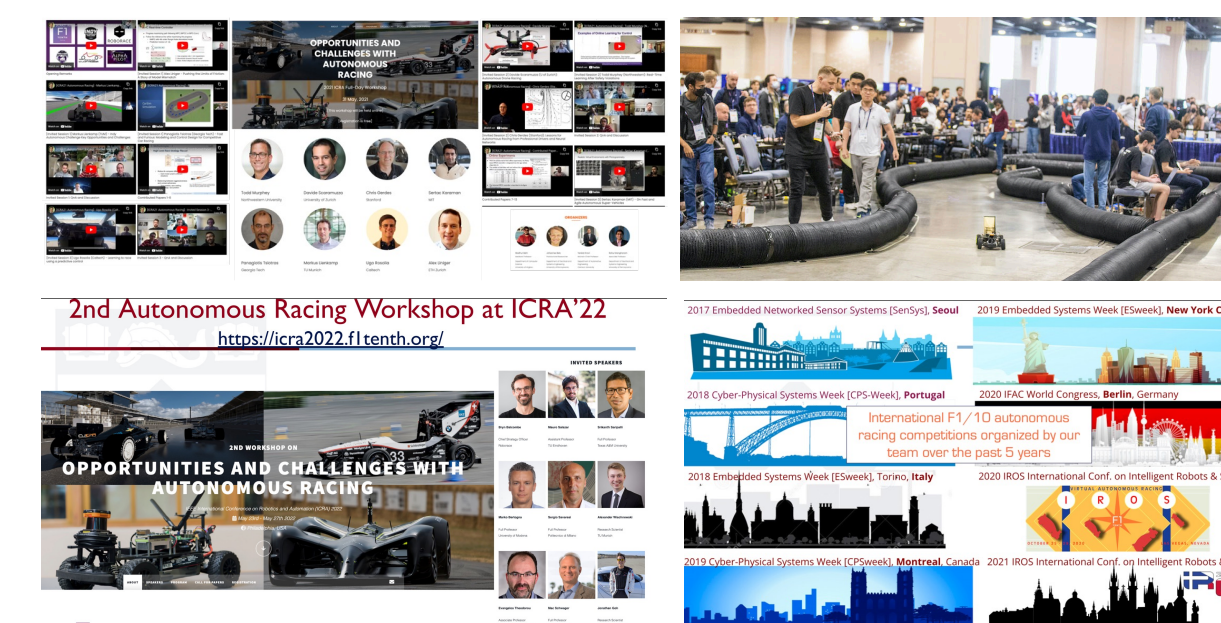


Undergraduate Curriculum and Autonomous Vehicle Testbed



300+ students since 2017

Workshops & Competitions



Opportunities and Challenges with Autonomous Racing Workshops - ICRA 2021/2022

Multiple Ftenth competitions at CPS-IoT Week, ICRA, IROS, and ES-Week

RACECAR: The Dataset for High-Speed Autonomous Racing

https://github.com/link-lab/RACECAR_DATA

Dataset and Tutorials

Released in ROS2 and NUSCENES formats

Sensors

- 3 Solid State LiDARs (Luminar)
- 6 Cameras (Allied Vision)
- 3 Radars (Aptiv)
- 2 RTK GNSS Receivers (Novatel)
- 1-2 cm level accuracy
- Built in IMUs

11 Racing Scenarios - 27 Sessions - 6.5 Hours of

Scenario	Track	Description	Speeds
S1	LVMS	Solo Slow Lap	< 70 mph
S2	LVMS	Solo Slow Lap	70-100 mph
S3	LVMS	Solo Fast Lap	100-140 mph
S4	LVMS	Solo Fast Lap	> 140 mph
S5	LVMS	Multi-Agent Slow	< 100 mph
S6	LVMS	Multi-Agent Fast	> 130 mph
S7	IMS	Solo Slow Lap	< 70 mph
S8	IMS	Solo Slow Lap	70-100 mph
S9	IMS	Solo Fast Lap	100-140 mph
S10	IMS	Solo Fast Lap	> 140 mph
S11	IMS	Pylon Avoidance	< 70 mph

Benchmark 1 Localization

Benchmark 2 Object Detection

Benchmark 3 Mapping

