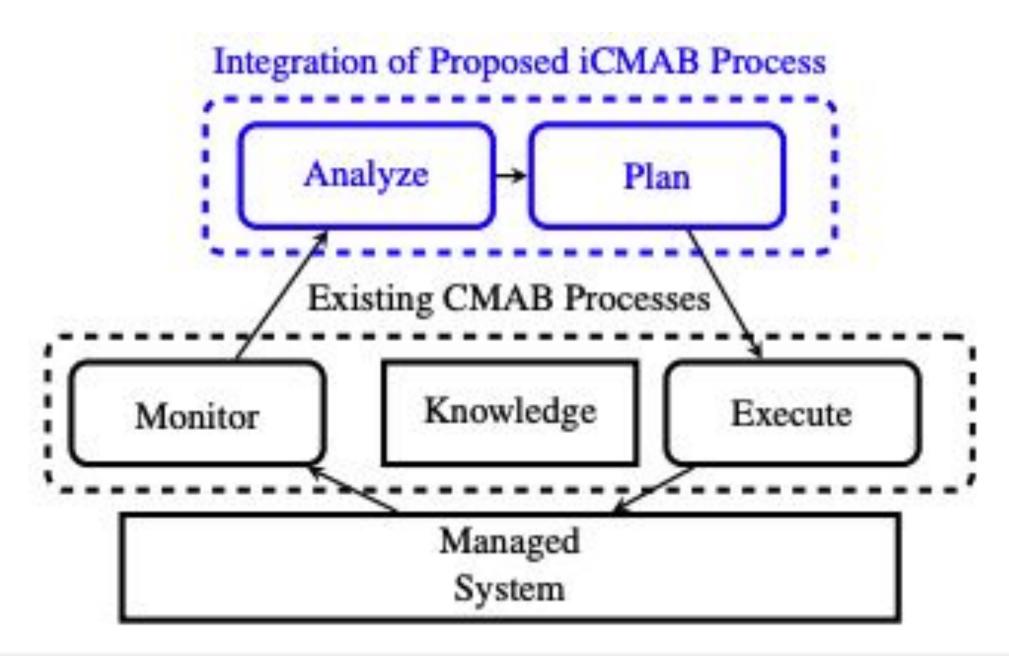
Informed Contextual Bandits to Support Decision-Making for Intelligent CPS

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Project Overview

- Multi-armed bandits (MABs) balance exploration and exploitation
- "Contextual" bandits (CMABs) incorporate context (information) in MAB process
- Objective: Create novel informed CMABs (iCMABs) to support CPS decision—making



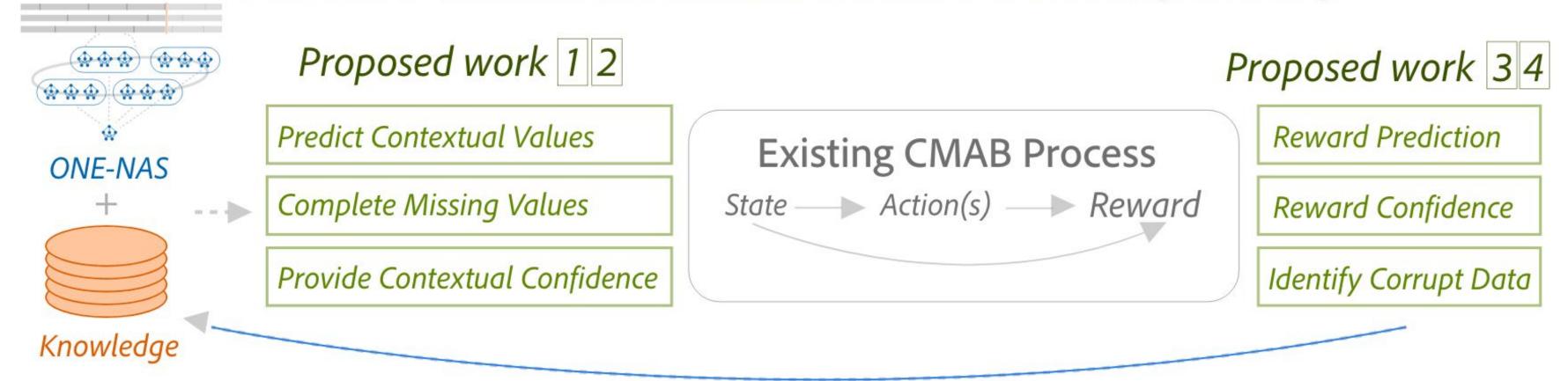
Benefits

- Improve CMABs for CPS:
 - Provide prescient/missing contextual values
 - Quantify reward confidence, and identify corrupt reward values
 - Increased knowledge that is incorporated into the CPS
- Better decision-making in volatile environments
- Better adaptation to distribution shifts

Methodology

- 1. Reward prediction model and generative world model of contexts (dynamically adapted over time)
- 2. Prediction confidence/uncertainty for reward and context values
- 3. Online training and neuroevolution (neural architecture search) of artificial neural network (ANN) models to predict contextual and reward information

Informed Contextual Multi-Armed Bandit (iCMAB)



Current Status

- Developed a nonlinear neural regressor method for epistemic uncertainty based sample detection.
- Developed novel, online approaches to online continual learning (SOM-based)
- Designed neuroevolutionary approach for adapting RNN ensemble for time-series, multivariate regression/density estimation