

Collaborative Research: CPS: Mutualistic Cyber-Physical Interaction for Self-Adaptive Multi-Damage Monitoring of Civil Infrastructure

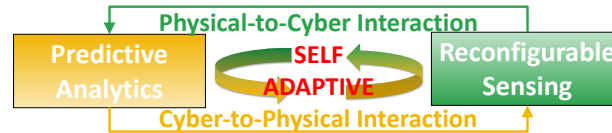
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Mutualist Cyber-Physical Interaction

- Predictive analytics & reconfigurable sensing mutually benefit each other
- Improve the ability of CPS to predict, reconfigure, and adapt

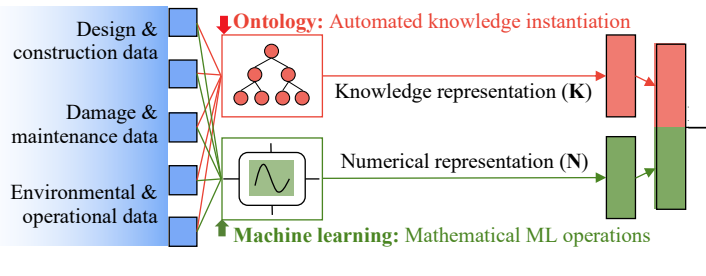


CPS Challenges

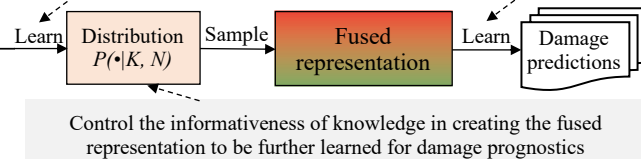
- Generalizable and knowledge-consistent ML
- Adaptive control for reconfigurable sensing
- Efficient and effective information extraction

Proposed Solution

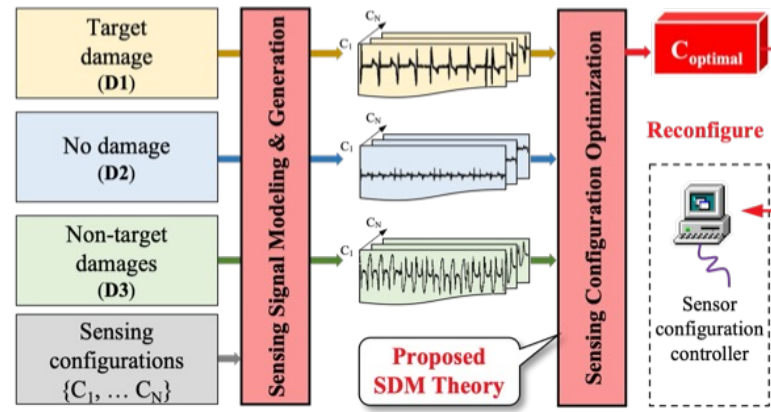
Physics-Informed AI for Damage Prognostics



The learning is conducted using deep learning, e.g., convolutional neural networks and attention neural networks



Adaptive Control of Reconfigurable Sensing



Proposed Signal Difference Maximization (SDM) Theory:

A configuration is optimal to monitor the target damage, if the configuration can amplify the sensing signals for the target damage to make the signals significantly different from the sensing signals for no and other damages.



2025 Workshop at Transportation Research Board Meeting

Project Collaborators



Scientific Impact

- Enable self-adaptive, cost-effective infrastructure monitoring
- Offer knowledge-informed ML, sensor reconfiguration, & quality-aware efficiency optimization methods translational to other CPS

Broader Impact

- Cost-effective monitoring for resilient & safe infrastructure
- K-12 engagement & CPS competition projects (2025)
- Deep community and collaborator engagement

Award Start Date: 08/01/2023



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