

# BEST Control System

BEST Robotic, Inc.



- ◆ New Cortex firmware
- ◆ VEXnet Key 2.0
  - White in color (**black** ones are **obsolete**)
  - VEXnet Key 2.0 keys and new firmware NOT COMPATIBLE with old keys and old firmware. **Can't mix and match!**
- ◆ Small motor has better gearbox, larger shaft
  - Small drive pulley now 1/4" instead of 3/16"
  - Again, **can't mix and match** with older kits
  - BE SURE GEARBOX SCREWS ARE TIGHT
- ◆ No 9-volt battery back-up battery connector





**BEST**™

# ~~Return Kit~~

Servos



Joystick

AAA Battery  
Charger



WiFi key      USB/Tether      Serial



Analog

Digital  
i/o

Serial

motors/  
servos

Controller      battery

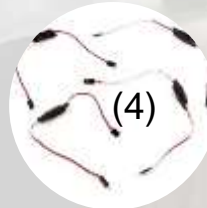
Servo Extensions



(2)

(2)

Servo Power Adaptor



(4)

Servo Horns



(2)

(2)

Servo Mounting  
H/W (optional)



(16)

USB A-A cable





**BEST**™

# ~~Return Kit~~

## Drive components



(2)

Motors



(2)



## 7.2V Battery charger



## Battery adapter



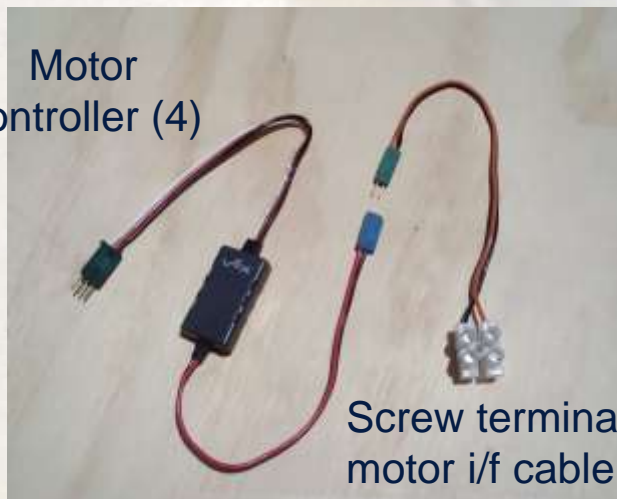
(2)

## 7.2V Battery



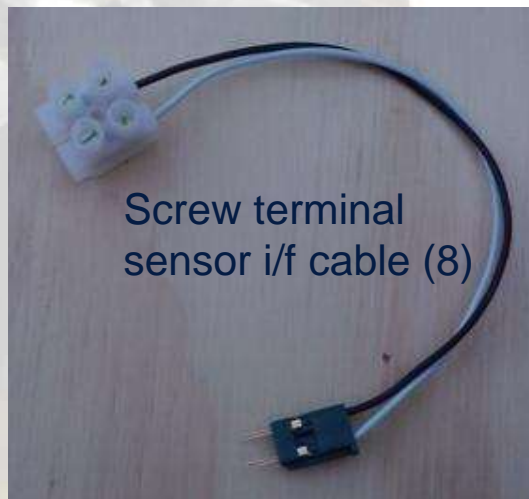
(2)

## Motor controller (4)



Screw terminal motor i/f cable (4)

## Screw terminal sensor i/f cable (8)



# VEXnet Control System

- VEX Cortex microcontroller
- Dual ARM Cortex CPUs
- Programmable
- WiFi communications

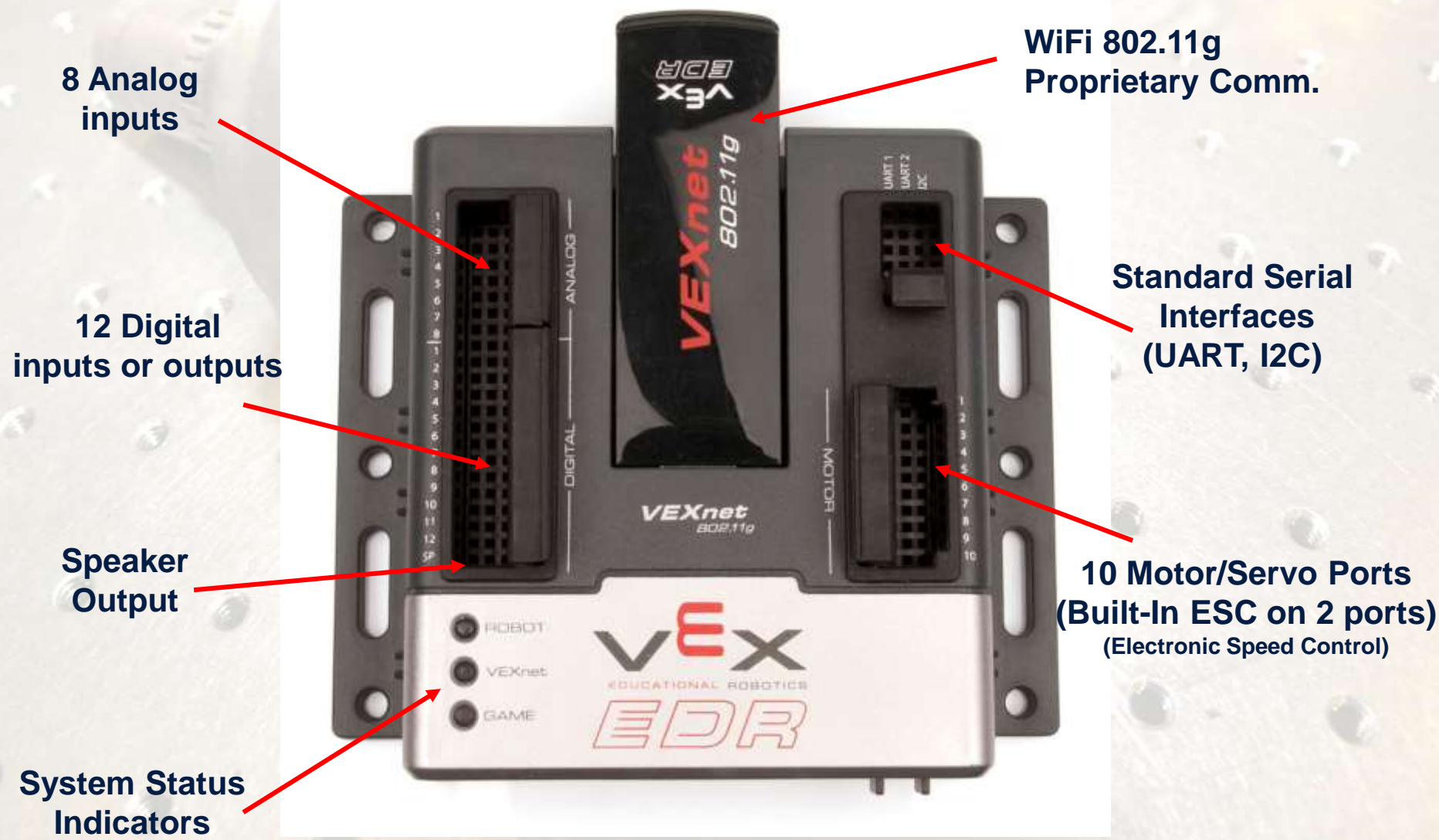


- Gaming style controller
- Joysticks, buttons, accelerometers

Remove screw to access batteries



# VEXnet Cortex M3 Controller



8 Analog inputs

12 Digital inputs or outputs

Speaker Output

System Status Indicators

WiFi 802.11g  
Proprietary Comm.

Standard Serial Interfaces  
(UART, I2C)

10 Motor/Servo Ports  
(Built-In ESC on 2 ports)  
(Electronic Speed Control)



# VEXnet Joystick

◆“Playstation” game-style controller



8 buttons on top

2 XY analog joysticks

Power switch

6 AAA  
rechargeable  
batteries

Plug-in USB/ WiFi Key

4 buttons on front-side



Programming Interface

2 Axis Accelerometer  
(X Tilt and Y Tilt)

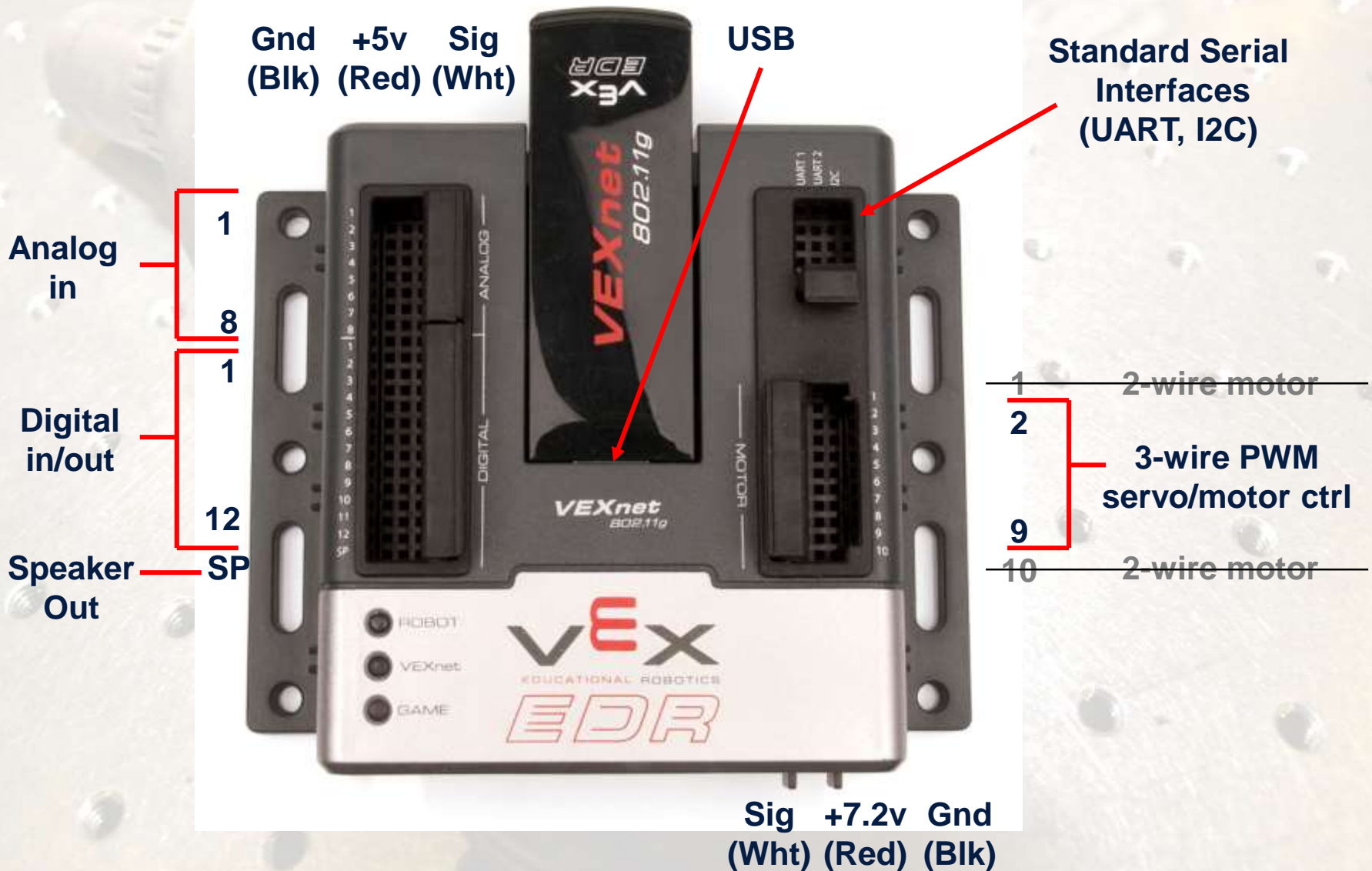
# System Features

- ◆ Wireless communication using 802.11g
- ◆ Two 2-wire proportional motor control outputs (**not used by BEST**)
- ◆ Eight 3-wire PWM servo/motor outputs
- ◆ 12 discrete digital inputs/outputs + 1 speaker
- ◆ Wireless or direct USB port for program download
- ◆ Onboard power switch
- ◆ Built-in resettable fuse for overcurrent situations
- ◆ Powered by a single 7.2 volt RC hobby battery
- ◆ 9-volt backup battery for WiFi





# VEX Cortex Connectors

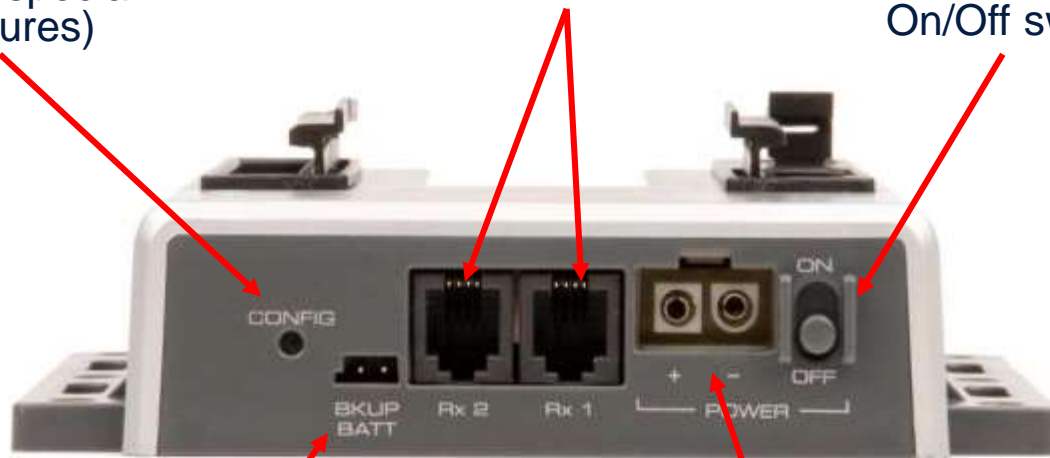


# VEX Cortex Connectors

configuration switch  
(used for special  
procedures)

75MHz crystal interface  
ports (not used by BEST)

On/Off switch



backup battery port for  
WiFi communications  
(9V)

main battery port (7.2V)



# VEX Cortex Pinouts

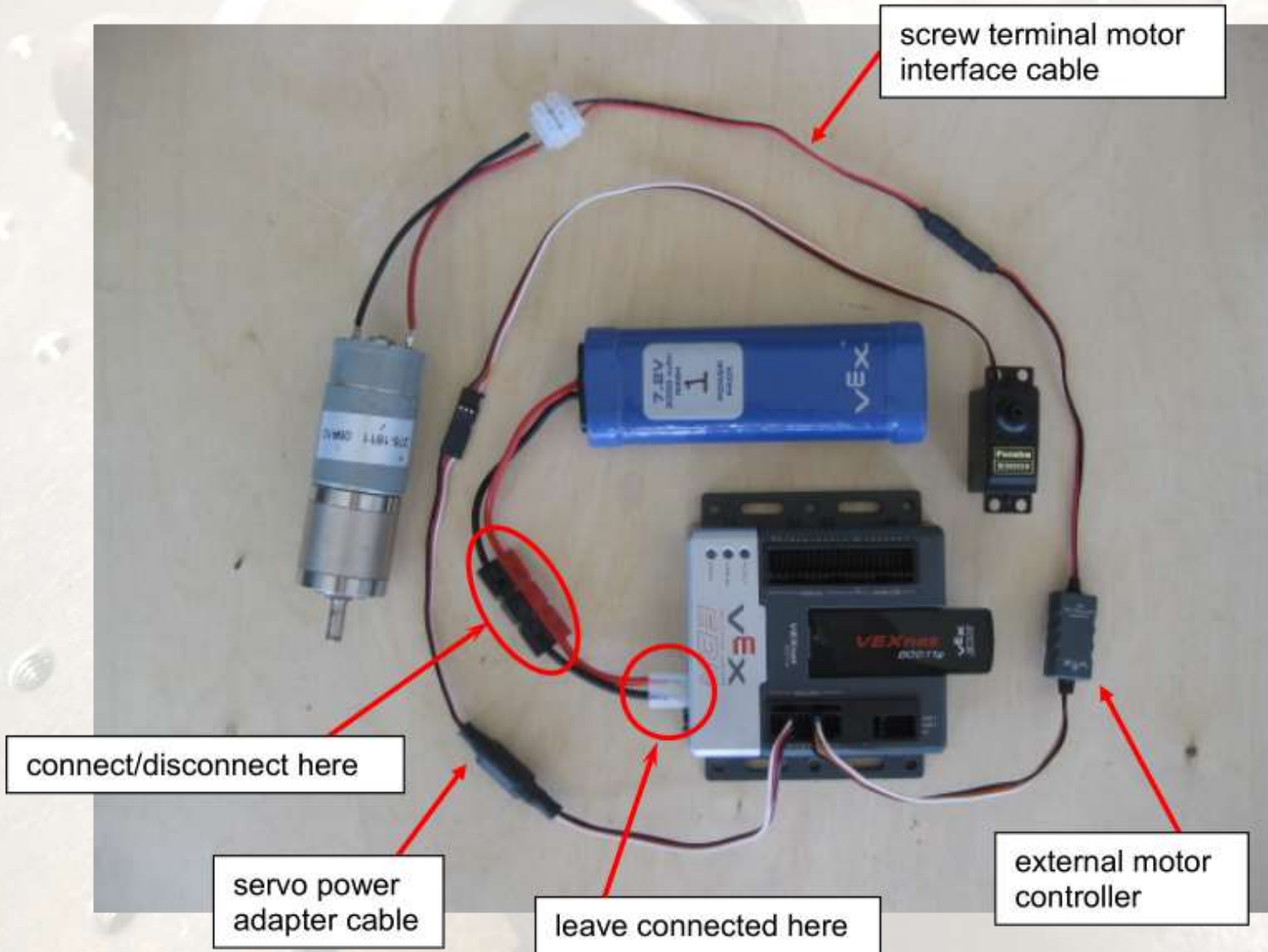
- Ground
- + 5V
- Signal/Control
- + Battery Power
  
- + Battery Power  
(for + control input)
- + Battery Power  
(for – control input)



# DC Motors

- ◆ Use of **internal motor controllers** (motor ports 1 and 10) is **not allowed**
- ◆ External motor controller(s)
  - ◆ connect via 3-wire external motor controller plus the 2-wire screw terminal cable
  - ◆ use motor ports **2 thru 9 only**

# Example Hookup



# DC Motors

- ◆ Servo/motor ports are divided into **two banks**
  - Bank1 = Ports 1-5 (2-5 for BEST)
  - Bank2 = Ports 6-10 (6-9 for BEST)
- ◆ Each bank can support a max of 4 Amps of current
  - BEST large motor stall current can reach 3.5 Amps.
- ◆ For power reasons, spread your motors so that
  - no more than 2 motors are plugged into ports 2-5, and
  - no more than 2 motors are plugged into ports 6-9.
- ◆ You risk **overcurrent/shutdown** of the processor
- ◆ Sheet metal shield around the large motors IS needed and **should not be removed**

# DC Motors

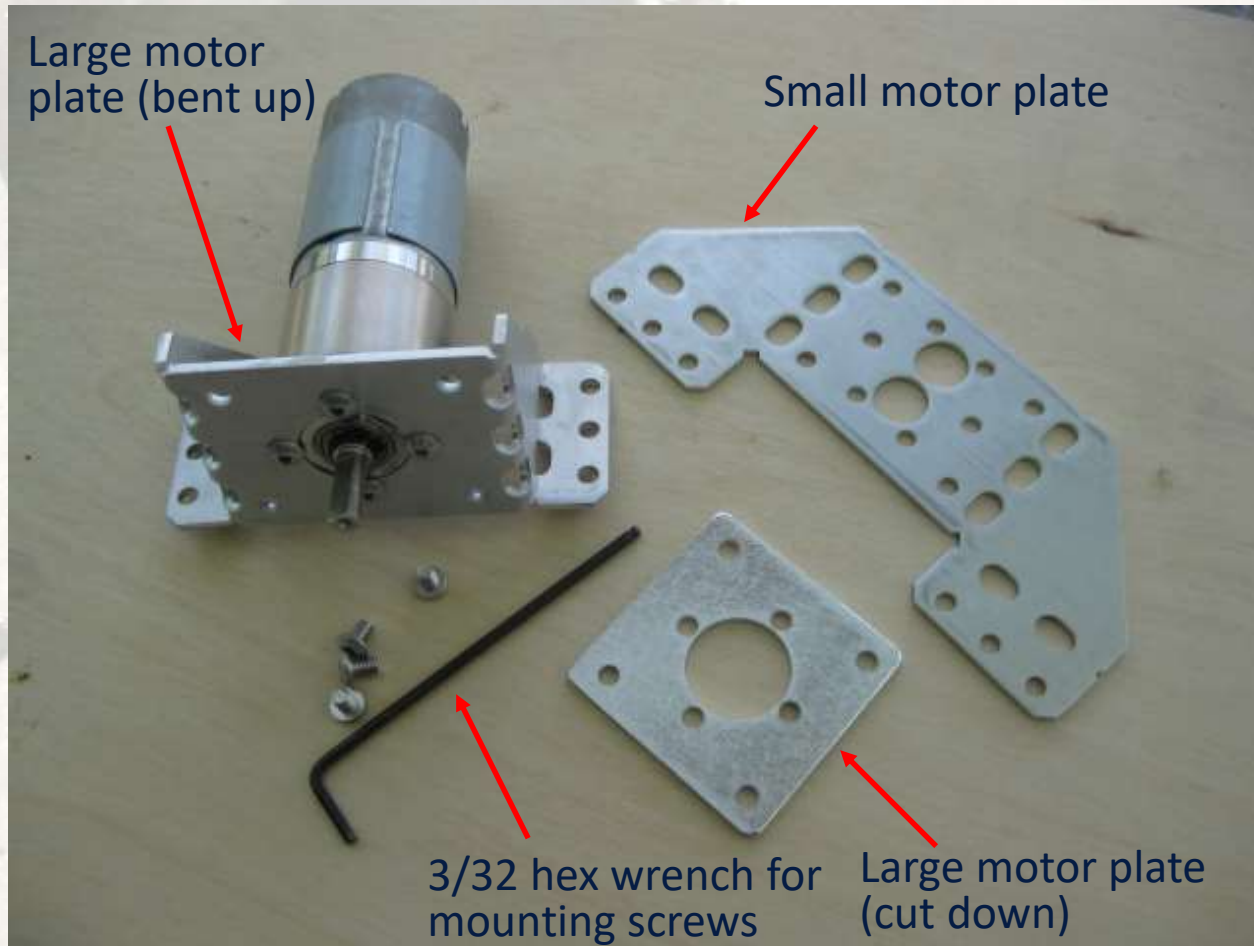
- ◆ Solder wires to motor terminals or with the optional quick-disconnect (spade) terminals
- ◆ Polarity is **NOT** marked on motors: positive(+), negative(-)
- ◆ Wiring (and programming) will determine clockwise or counter clockwise rotation for positive stick movement



For Music City BEST, wires are pre-soldered and include bullet connectors

# DC Motors

- ◆ Motors can be mounted with VEX Motor Mounting Kit provided in the consumables kit







# 3-Wire Motor Connection

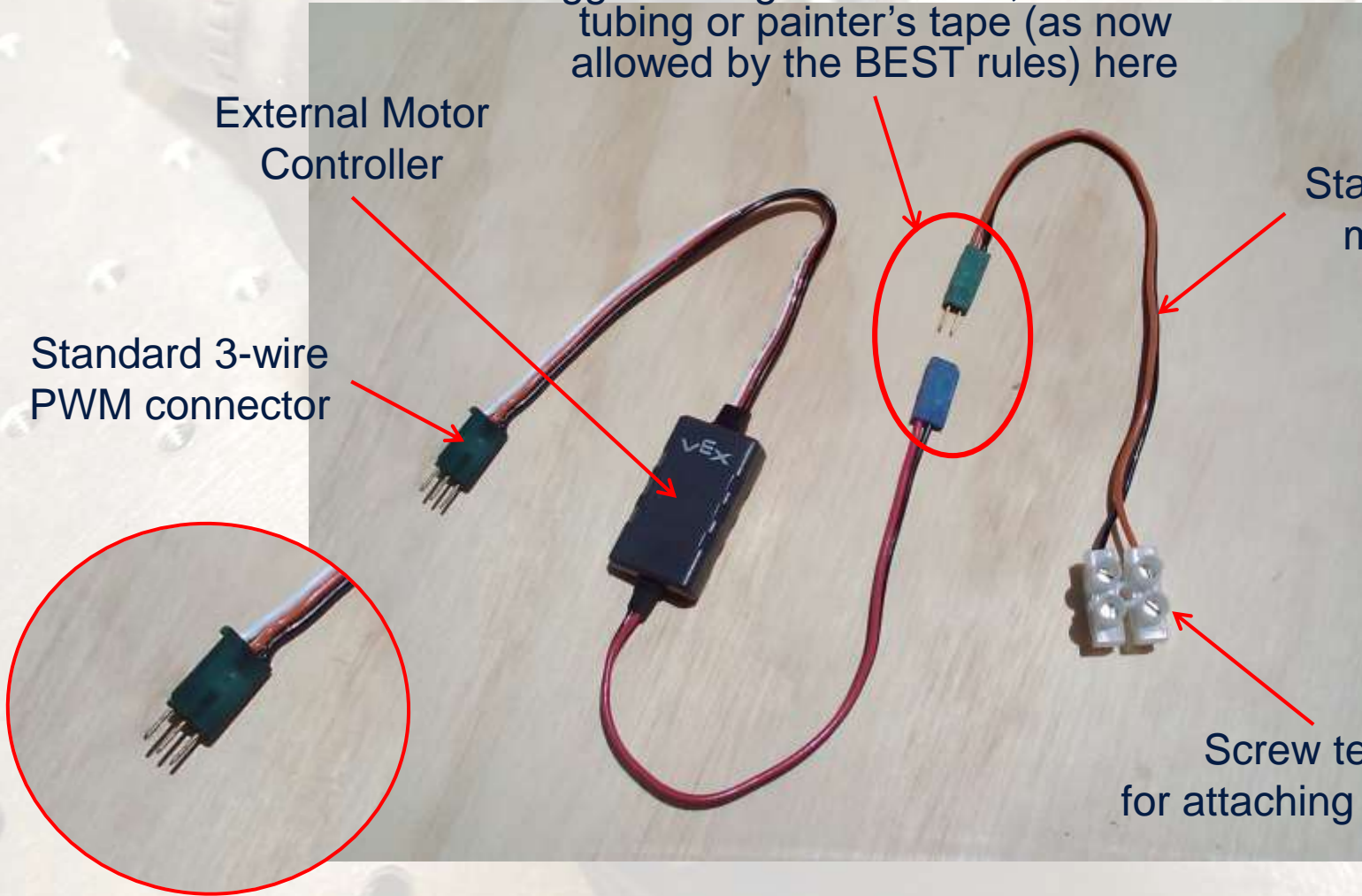
Suggest using a 4" wire tie, heat shrink tubing or painter's tape (as now allowed by the BEST rules) here

External Motor Controller

Standard 2-wire motor cable

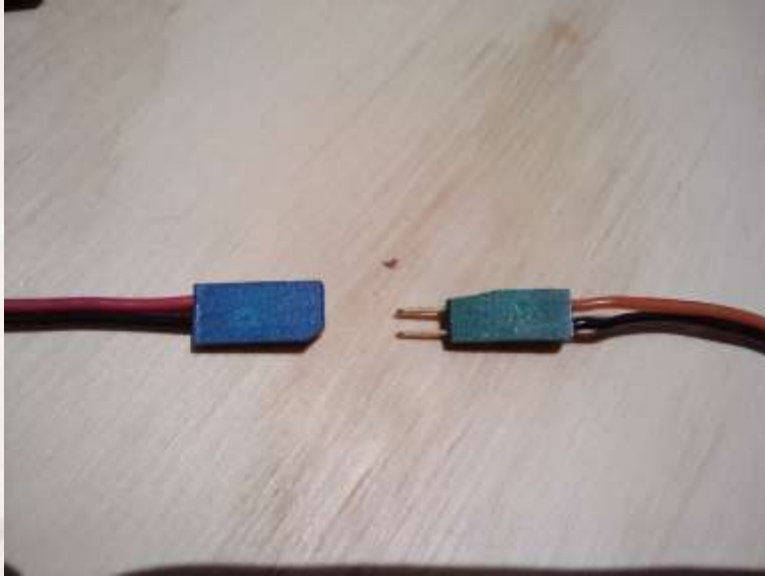
Standard 3-wire PWM connector

Screw terminals for attaching motor leads





# 3-Wire Motor Connection



- ◆ Connectors are not keyed
- ◆ Connect red to red, black to black or reverse to change the motor response

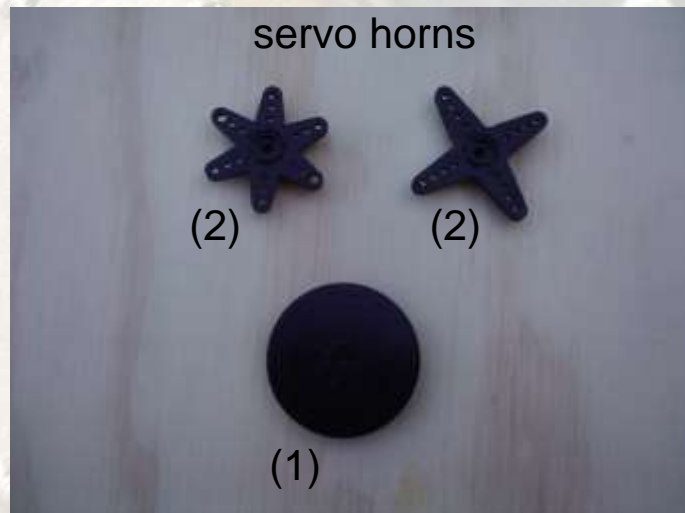
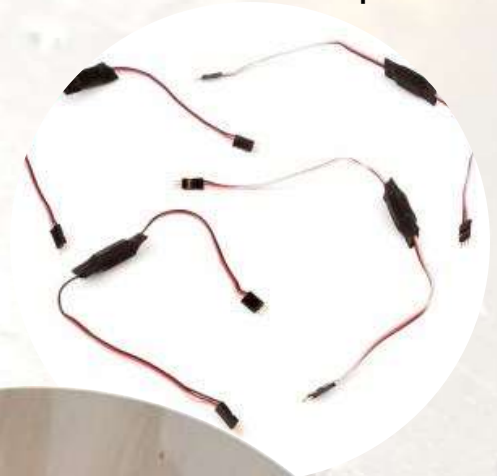




# Servos

## Servo Power Adaptors

- ◆ Futaba S3003 or S3004 series
- ◆ Maximum 120 degree rotation (+60, -60)
- ◆ Connection to Cortex controller
  - ◆ via 3-wire PWM + Servo Power Adaptor
  - ◆ use motor ports 2 thru 9 only
- ◆ Servo horns may be modified

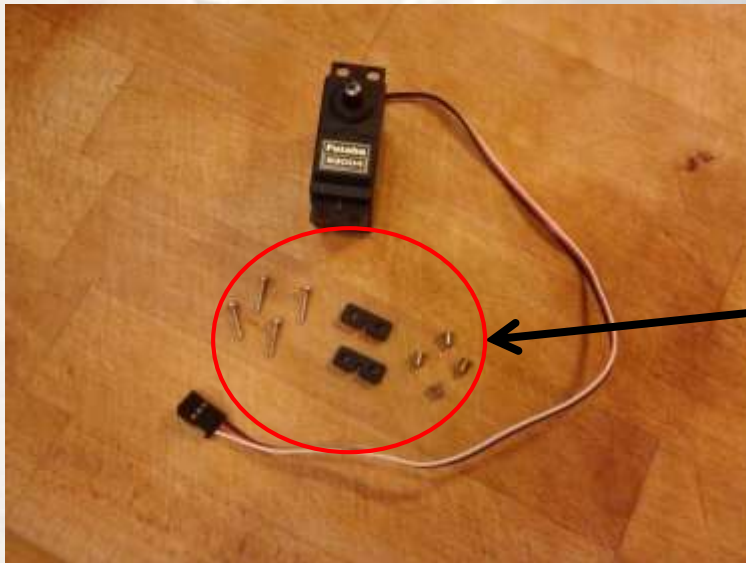


# Connecting a Servo



- ◆ Connect a servo (or servo extension cable) to the Servo Power Adaptor cable
- ◆ Insert a Servo Power Adaptor cable into a motor port (2 through 9)

# Servo Mounting with Optional Hardware



- ◆ Futaba 3003/3004 Servos
  - ◆ 4 per Kit
  - ◆ Mounting Hardware for each
  - ◆ To eliminate damage to mounting holes
- ◆ Servo Mounting Hardware
  - ◆ Rubber grommet (2)
  - ◆ Brass spacer (4)
  - ◆ Mounting screw (4)

Note: There are 16 of each screw, spacer, grommet in the Return Kit for BEST Hubs that provide servo mounting hardware.

# Servo Mounting with Optional Hardware

1. No h/w attached



2. Attach rubber grommets



3. Insert brass spacers

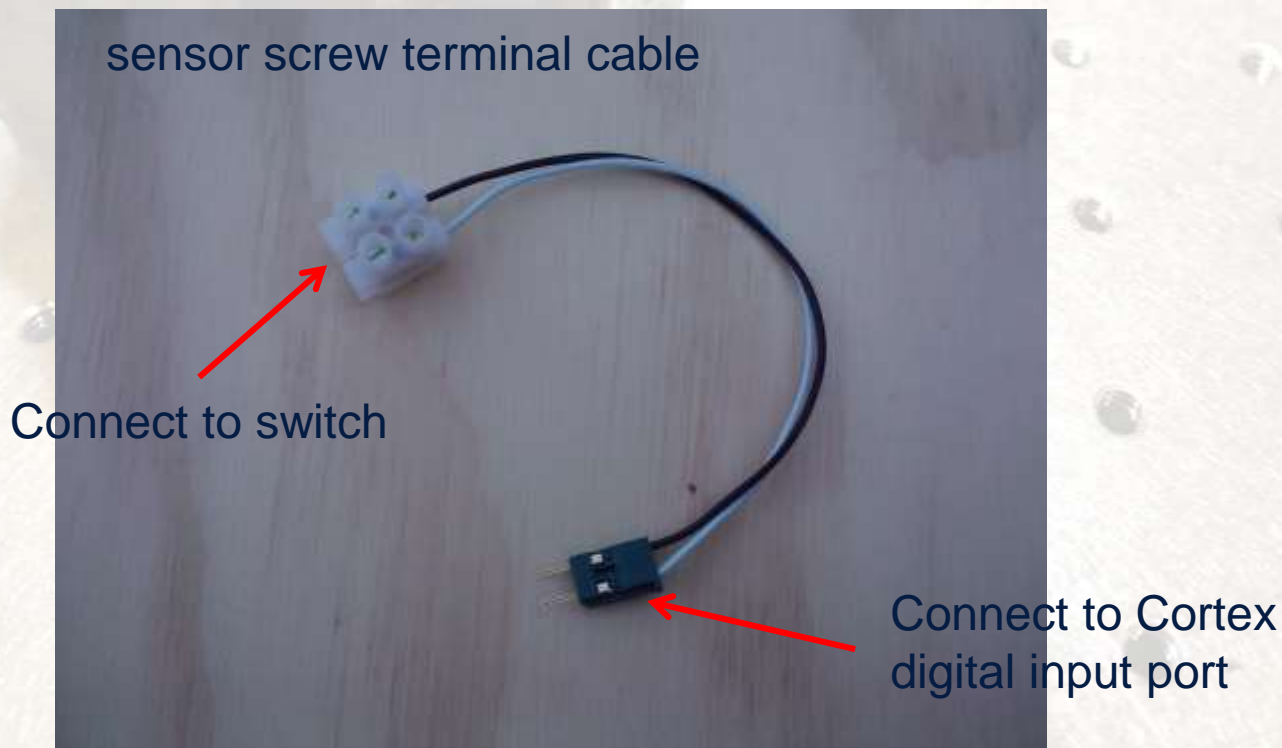


4. Secure servo with screws



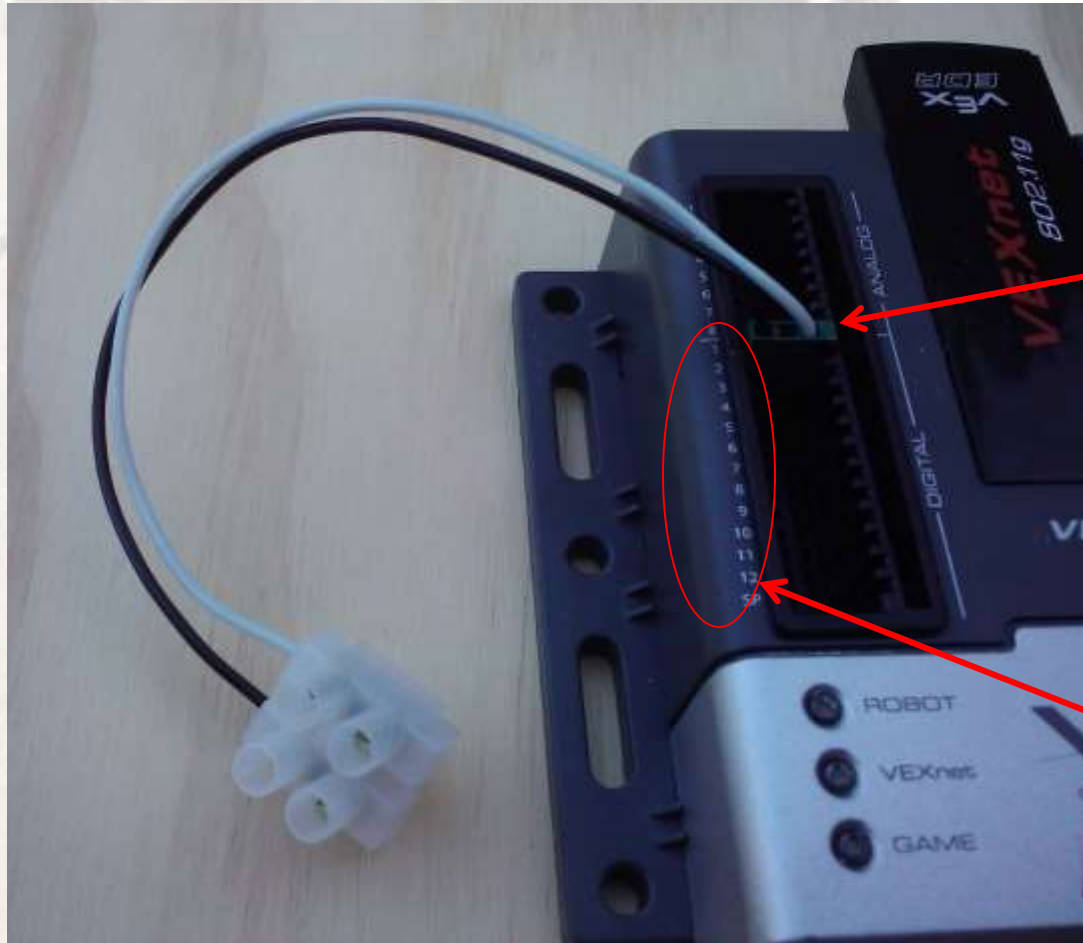
# Digital Input Connections

- ◆ Use for limit switches, microswitches
- ◆ Connect to Cortex digital inputs using 2-wire sensor screw terminal cables (white/black wires)



# Digital Input Connections

- ◆ must program digital port for proper direction (input)
- ◆ open = reads as '1' ; closed = reads as '0'



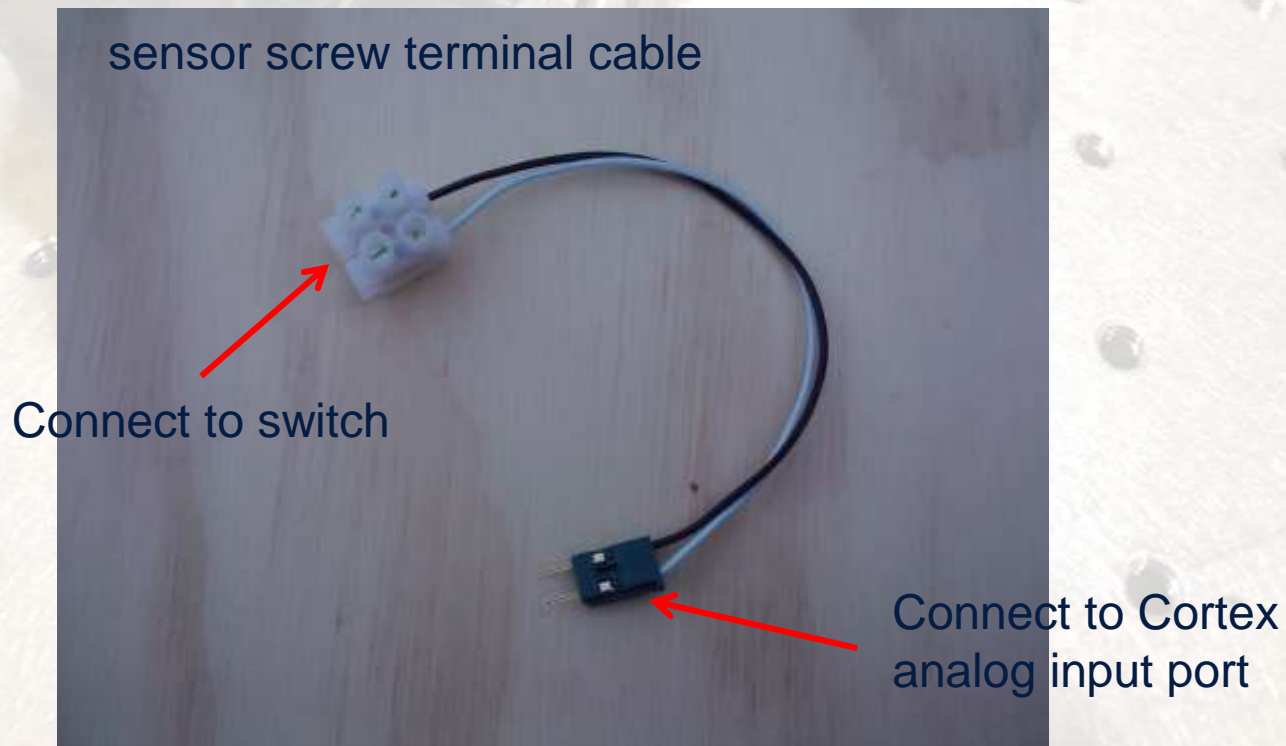
sensor cable  
connector is **keyed**

use digital ports  
1 thru 12



# Analog Input Connections

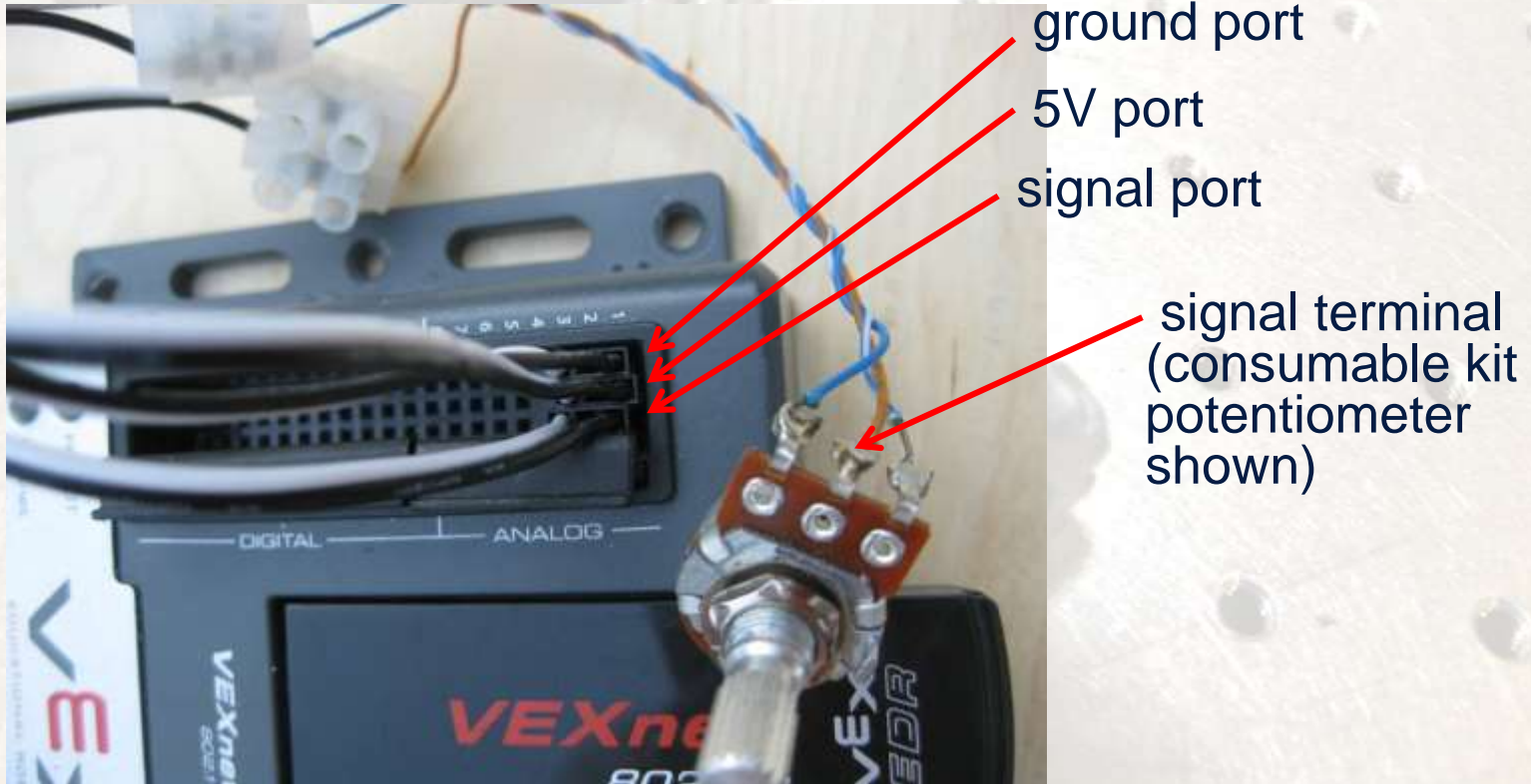
- ◆ Use for potentiometers
- ◆ Connect to Cortex digital inputs using three of the 2-wire sensor screw terminal cables (white/black wires)
- ◆ Sensor cables must be plugged into the Cortex “sideways”





# Analog Input Connections

- ◆ signal terminal of the potentiometer must be connected to the analog input signal port
- ◆ program will read a value of about zero with 0V applied (grounded) at the signal port and the maximum value (program dependent) when 5V is applied at the signal port



# Re-Syncing (Pairing) VEXnet



If VEXnet does not connect, you may need to re-sync the joystick/controller pair by simply connecting a USB cable and powering on both units.

# Out of the Box Configuration

- ◆ Allows a team to hook up the Cortex and have it work without having to program it.
- ◆ Referred to as the “BEST default” program.
- ◆ This is **NOT the only configuration** for the Cortex!
- ◆ Good for initial checkout, but we want teams to load a unique configuration.



# BEST Default Program



Motor/Servo Port	Joystick Channel	Motor Limits	
		Positive Direction	Negative Direction
Motor 2 (pair opposite of Motor 9)	Stick 3	None	None
Motor 3	Stick 4	None	None
Motor 4 (pair opposite of Motor 7)	Button 7 and 8 Up/Down/Left/Right	None	None
Motor 5	Stick 1	Digital Input 1	Digital Input 2
Motor 6	Stick 2	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
Motor 7 (pair opposite of Motor 4)	Button 7 and 8 Up/Down/Left/Right	None	None
Motor 8	Button 6 Up	None	None
Motor 9 (pair opposite of Motor 2)	Stick 3	None	None



# Three BEST Programming Options

- **easyCv6:** <http://www.intelitekdownloads.com/easyCV6>
  - A block programming environment (drag-and-drop elements)
  - Use link above, then select “*Download easyCV6 Version 6.0.3.0*”
  - Install the SW, select “*Run as Administrator*” and enter license key (the hub will provide your team with a valid key, good for 150 days)
- **RobotC:** <https://www.vexrobotics.com/robotc-vexedr-vexiq.html>
  - Textual programming in C, with single-step debugging (great!)
  - Use link above to create an account and log in
  - Go to <https://www.vexrobotics.com/downloadable/customer/products/> and select “*ROBOTC for Vex Robotics 4.x download*” (license doesn’t expire)
- **MathWorks Simulink:** <http://www.mathworks.com/academia/best-robotics/>
  - ◆ A graphical programming/modeling environment with simulation capability (visualize what your program will do before you download it to the Cortex)
  - ◆ Simulink training video available on Auburn BEST website, too

# BEST Programming Options

- ◆ Three different programming environments available
  - easyCv6 <http://www.intelitekdownloads.com/easyCV6>
  - RobotC <http://www.robotc.net/download/cortex>
  - MathWorks Simulink <http://www.mathworks.com/academia/best-robotics/>  
(Simulink training video available on Auburn BEST website, too)
- ◆ **easyC** is a block programming environment (drag and drop programming elements)
- ◆ **RobotC** programs in C with a text editor, but it has runtime debugging (can step through program line by line and see what the results are)
- ◆ **Simulink** is graphical programming/modeling environment with simulation capability (see what your program will do before you download it to the Cortex)

# Downloading a Program

## Option 1: Direct USB Download

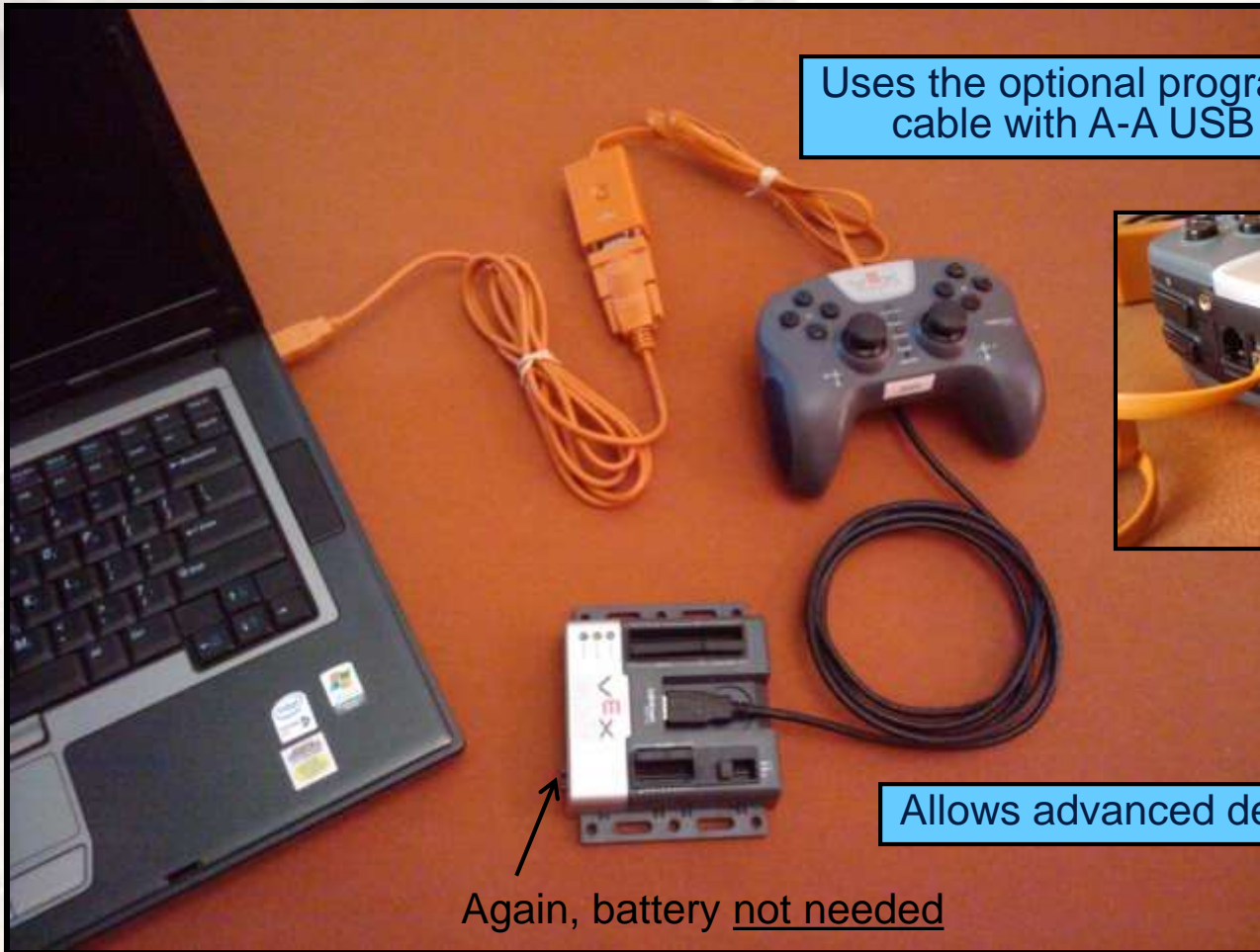






# Downloading a Program

## Option 2: Tethered Download



Uses the optional programming cable with A-A USB tether.



Allows advanced debugging.



Again, battery not needed



# Downloading a Program

## Option 3: Wireless Download



Uses the optional programming cable with WiFi USB Keys.

Battery is needed

Allows advanced debugging.

# Testing Tips

- ◆ Ensure your robot is 'safe' to operate:
  - Can't move or fall off table (use a jack-stand)
  - All team members clear of moving parts
- ◆ Connect either WiFi keys or tether cable between the joystick and the Cortex controller.
- ◆ Make sure Cortex switch is in OFF position.
- ◆ Attach a charged battery.
- ◆ Turn on joystick (if not using tether).
- ◆ Turn Cortex switch to on position.
- ◆ For WiFi comm, link should establish in ~10 sec
- ◆ Test robot operations with transmitter.

# LED Status Lights



joystick battery status

robot battery status

comm. link status

Game status  
(not used by  
BEST)

- Green battery – good charge
- Yellow battery - dying
- Red battery – dead

- Green VEXnet – comm. established
- Yellow VEXnet – searching
- Lights on the controller and the joystick are the same

# Team Tips

- ◆ Tin motor wires with solder before attaching to screw terminals since frayed stranded wires can cause a short or use the optional quick-disconnect (spade) terminals.
- ◆ Do NOT solder wires to Cortex connectors!
- ◆ Sensor cables, servo power adapter cables and external motor controllers are all keyed in correct orientation; insert and remove carefully to avoid destroying connectors.
- ◆ Tighten screws on motor and sensor connector cables so that wires are not loose and do not pull out.
- ◆ Mount Cortex to robot using #8 screws through holes provided; be careful not to over tighten.
- ◆ Avoid “hot insertion” of USB Keys.
- ◆ You may operate tethered by removing the USB WiFi key and connecting a USB A-A cable between joystick and Cortex.

# Joystick Calibration

- ◆ If the motors hum or creep (sticks not returning to zero), the joystick may need to be recalibrated
- ◆ Calibration procedure (as extracted from the easyC help file)
  - 1) The Joystick must be "Linked" to the Cortex Microcontroller using the VEXnet Keys.
  - 2) Hold the "6U" Back Switch depressed.
  - 3) While the "6U" Back Switch is depressed, use a small Allen Wrench (1/16" or smaller) or similar small straight tool to depress and hold the CONFIG Switch.
  - 4) Hold both Switches depressed until you see the Joystick LED Flash RED and GREEN - you can now release both Switches.
    - a. There is a 10 second time limit to complete the following steps 5 and 6.
  - 5) Now move both Joystick Pots to the maximum position desired in all 4 directions - Up, Back, Left, and Right.
    - a. If a movement is not detected in all 4 directions, a timeout will occur after about 10 seconds and the Cal Mode will be discontinued and the VEXnet LED will briefly Flash Red.
    - b. The Joystick LED will continue to Flash RED and GREEN during the calibration process.
  - 6) After movement is detected in all 4 directions, the Joystick LED will be ON and Solid GREEN.
    - a. To "Save" the Calibration, depress and release the "8U" Top Switch Button.
    - b. If the calibration is accepted and Saved, the Joystick LED will start Flashing Fast GREEN for a few seconds.
    - c. If the Calibration is not Saved, a timeout will occur after about 10 seconds and the Cal Mode will be discontinued and the VEXnet LED will briefly Flash Red.
    - d. To cancel a calibration, depress and release the "7U" Top Switch Button. The Cal Mode will be discontinued and the VEXnet LED will briefly Flash Red.
    - e. If the Cal Mode is discontinued or saved, the Joystick LEDs will resume their normal function after the VEXnet LED briefly Flashes.

# Where to find help?

- ◆ Music City Best game wiki (<https://cps-vo.org/group/MCBEST/wiki>)
  - Lots of relevant info! (will be live by kick-off day)
- ◆ Online resources/documentation (BRI Site)
  - [http://best.eng.auburn.edu/b\\_resources1.php](http://best.eng.auburn.edu/b_resources1.php)
- ◆ BEST Public Message Board (<http://forums.bestinc.org>)
  - Must register for login account
  - Share ideas, resolve issues, ...
- ◆ Official Q&A “Control System” Category
  - <http://best.eng.auburn.edu/cgi-bin/bestqna.pl>
  - Use “Official Q&A” page during contest for “rules specific” questions
  - e.g. *“Is this legal?”*
- ◆ VEX Forum
  - <http://www.vexforum.com/forum.php>
  - Technical questions about VEX equipment
  - easyC and RobotC dedicated forums included here