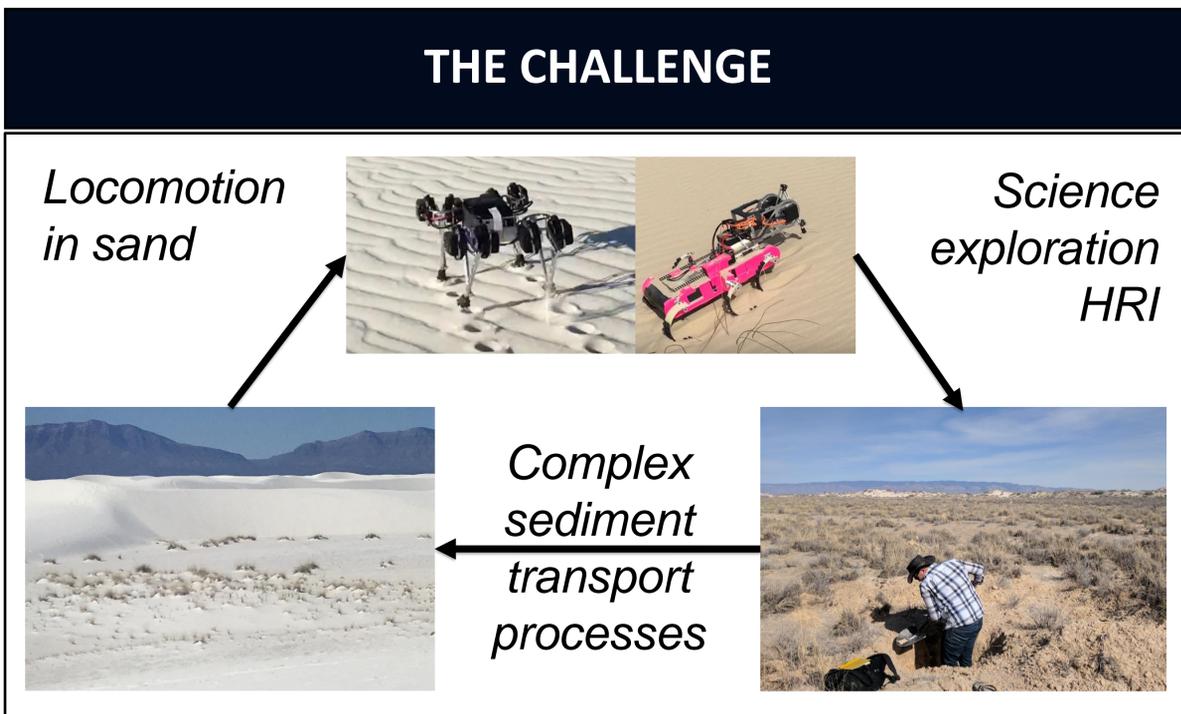


NRI: INT: COLLAB: Co-Robotic Systems for GeoSciences Field Research

Cristina Wilson¹, Thomas Shipley², Daniel Koditschek¹, Douglas Jerolmack³

¹University of Pennsylvania, General Robotics, Automation, Sensing and Perception; ²Temple University, Department of Psychology; ³University of Pennsylvania, Earth and Environmental Science

This work anticipates a near future where humans and robots operate in coordination to explore, collect data, and test hypotheses on Earth, and other planets.



- SCIENTIFIC & BROADER IMPACTS**
- Direct-drive robotic leg to allow precise measure of soil strength and environment-aided locomotion
 - Multi robot team to help human scientists isolate and model dependence of soil strength on different environment controls
 - Simulated field scenario to explore data collection behavior and objectives amongst disciplinary experts
 - Computational models translating abstract human objectives into quantitative actions, rendered as scripts executed by mobile robot field assistants to aid in real-time data collection

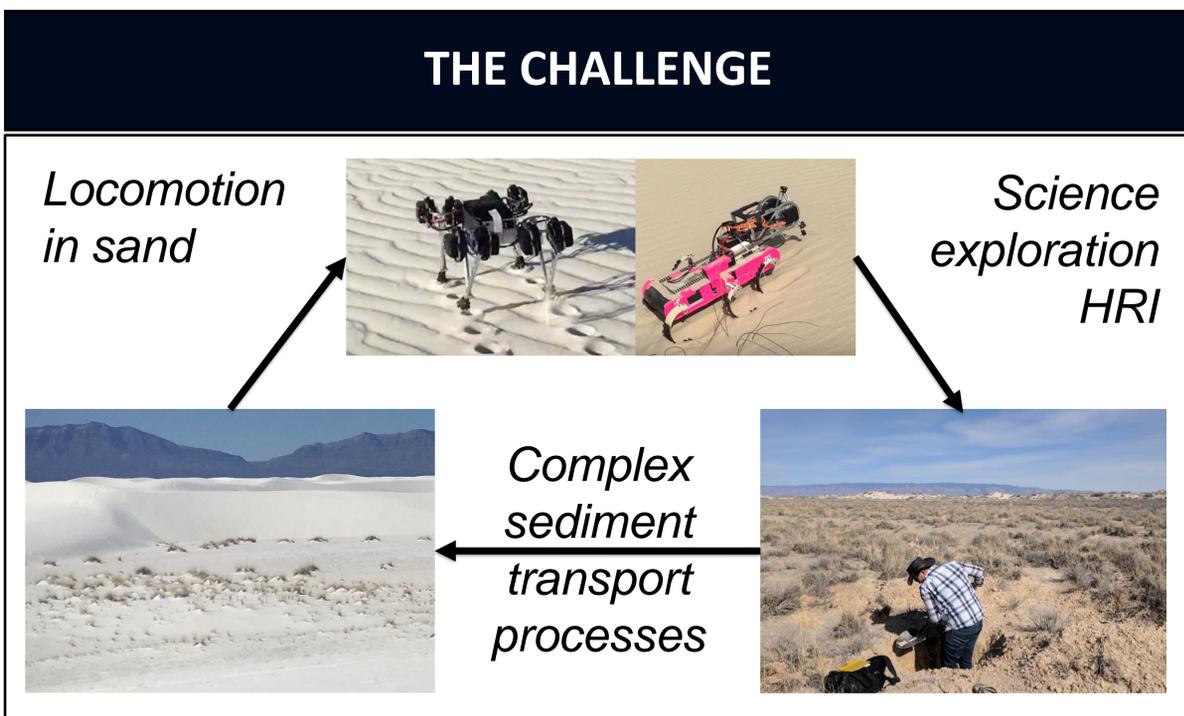


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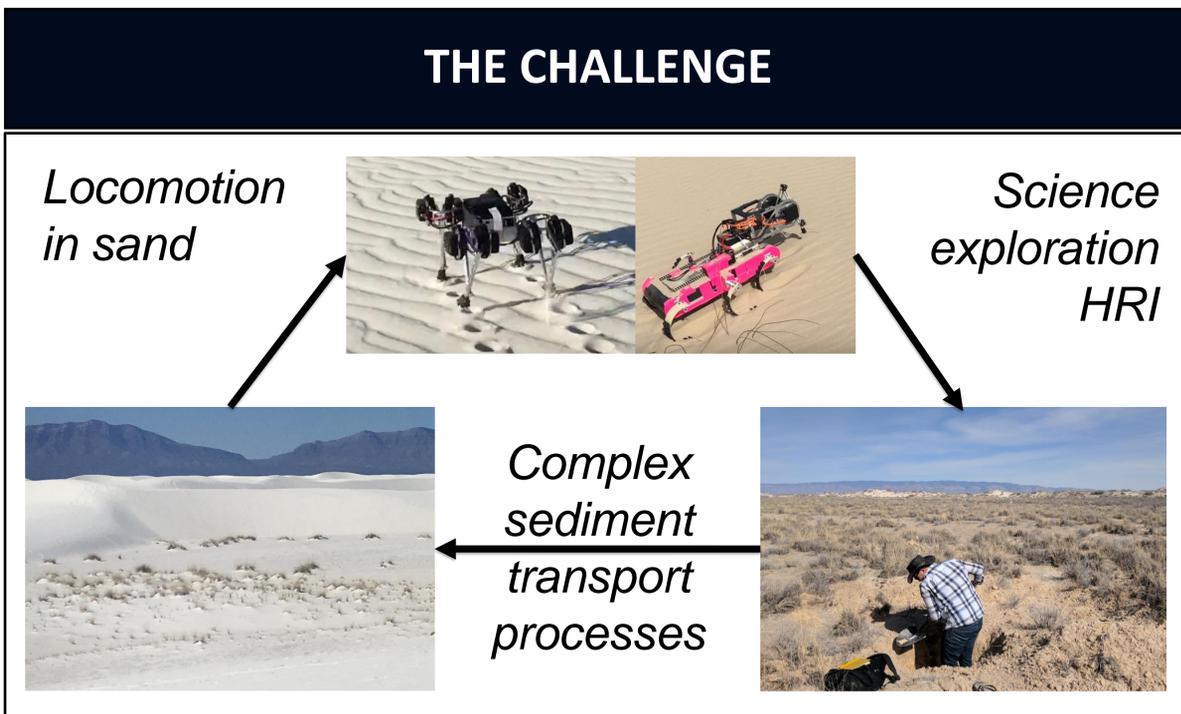


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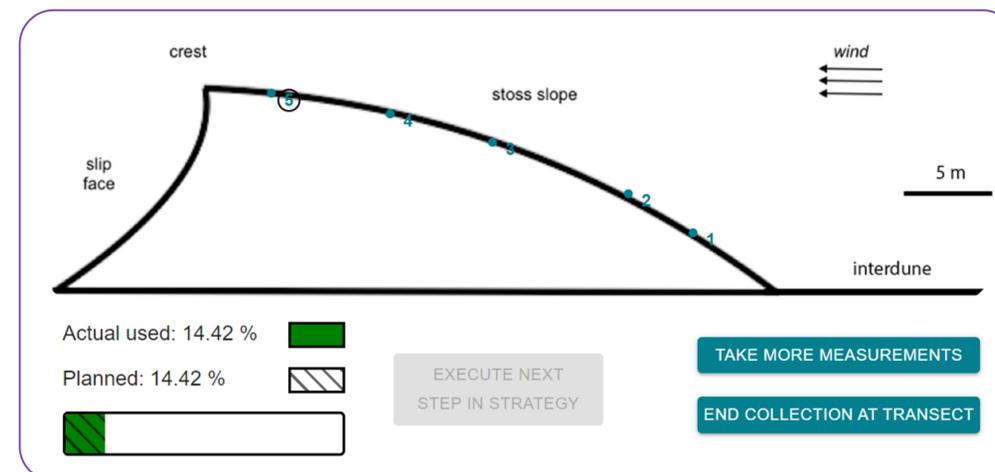
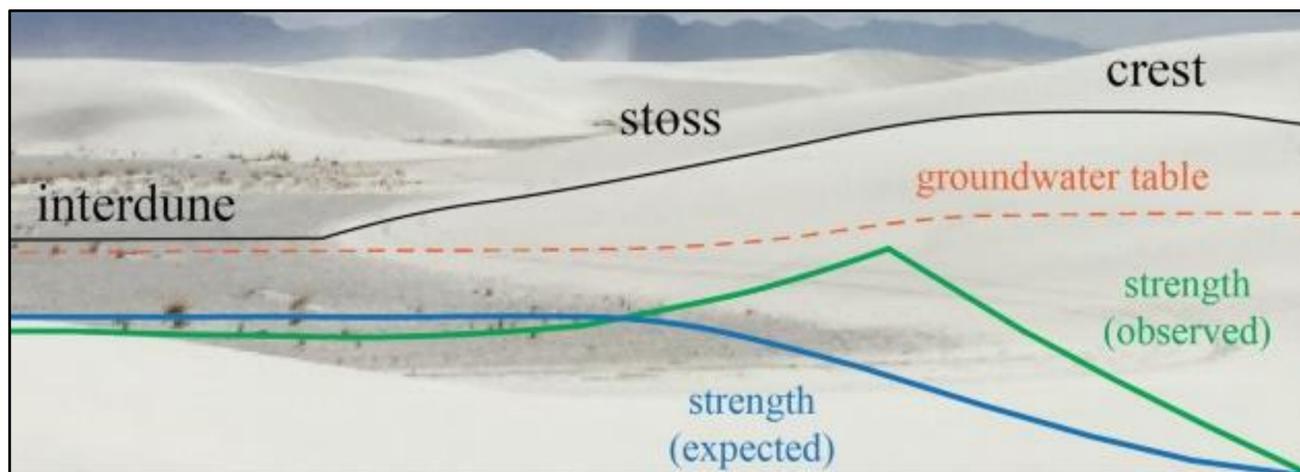
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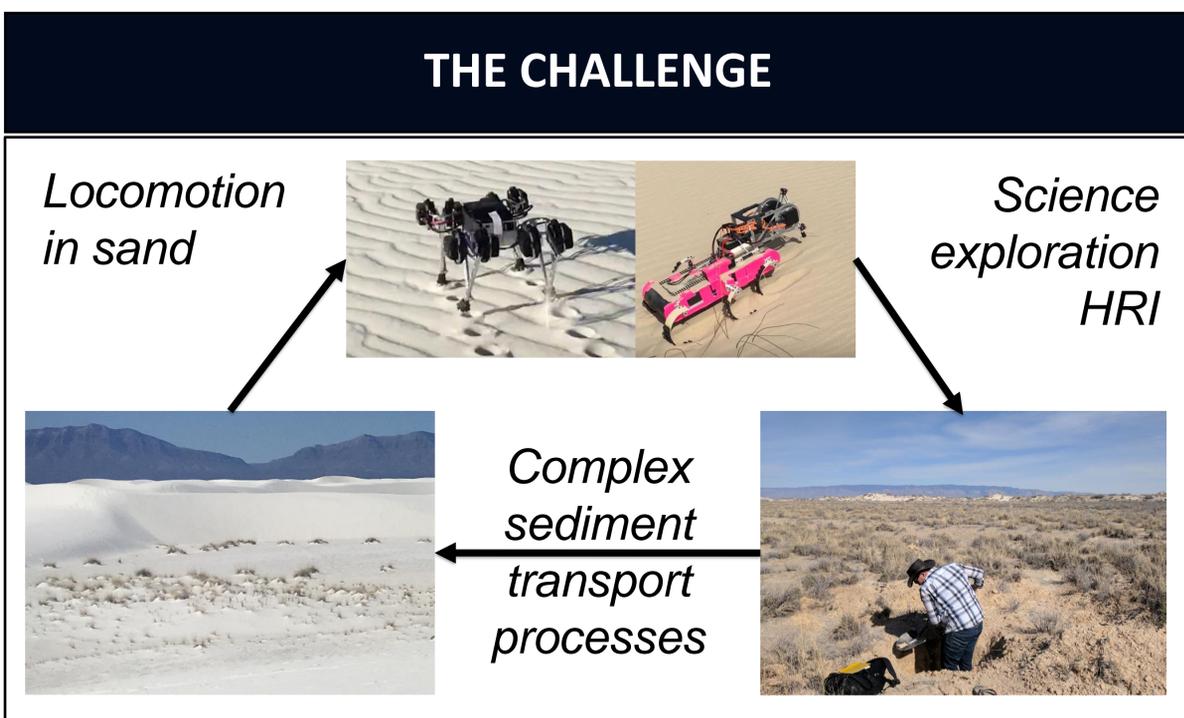


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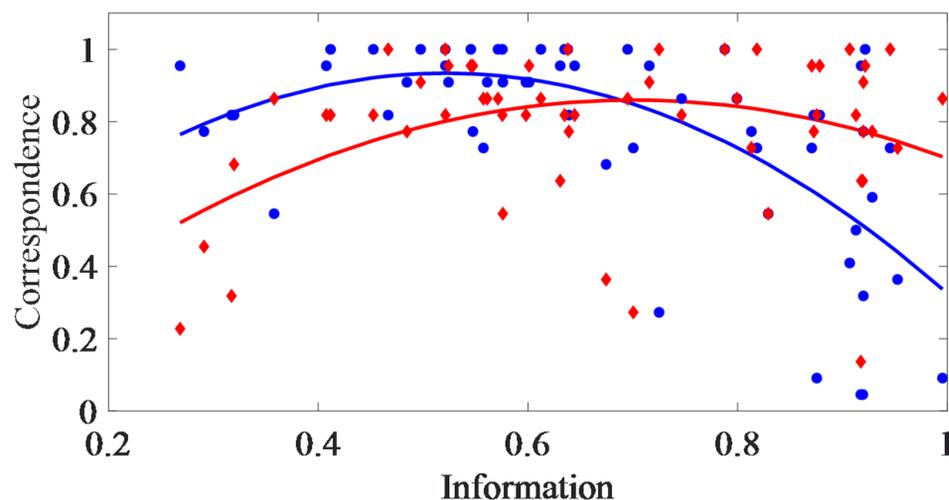
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Correspondence of computational models at predicting expert data collection decisions in simulated field scenario



■ Maximize Spatial Information Reward

■ Maximize Discrepancy to Invalidate

$$I_s(l_t) = \sum_{l \in l_s} e^{\frac{-(l-l_t)^2}{2\beta_1^2}} \times e^{\frac{-1}{2\sqrt{n}}}$$

Targeted Location All Sampled Location Indirect Information Inference Diminished Information Gain

$$R_d(l) = \int_{m=m_{min}}^{m_{max}} P_m(l) \int_{s=s_{min}}^{s_{max}} P_s(m) * D(m_c)$$

Targeted Location Moisture Distribution Given Location Shear Strength Distribution Given Moisture Measured Discrepancy