Small: Multi-Human Assisted Learning for Multi-Agent Systems using Intrinsically Generated Event-Related EEG Potentials Dr. Raghupathy Sivakumar (PI), Dr. Faramarz Fekri (Co-PI) Georgia Institute of Technology http://gnan.ece.gatech.edu/brain

- Human-assisted Machine Learning: Provide rich reward functions to machine learning algorithms in a CPS that are generated by a human-in-theloop while minimizing the burden on the human
- Intrinsic human feedback is captured using EEG based brain waves, inspired by a high-level error-processing system in humans that generates error-related potential/negativity (ErrP)
- Superiority of EEG-based intrinsic human feedback to manual feedback in terms of labeling accuracy and user comfort is demonstrated
- Transfer learning of error potentials (ErrP) is explored across RL agent movements, environments, and users

Key Challenges:

Scientific Impact:

Sample Efficiency (%)

1.0

0.8

9.0 Bate

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0.2

0.0

100

200

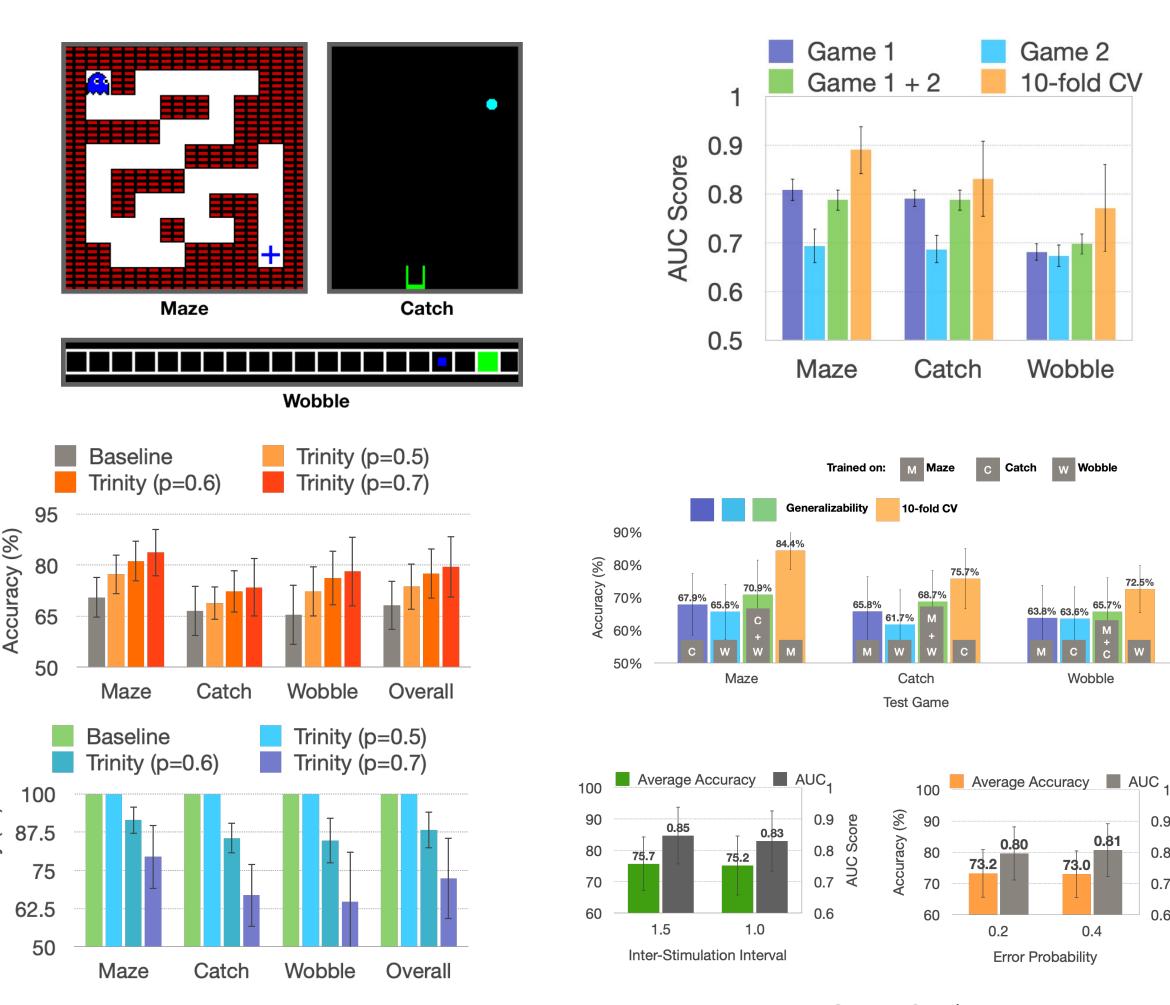
Episode

- Using a game as a proxy for CPS \bullet
- Capturing/Decoding intrinsic EEG feedback
- Generalizing ErrP over unseen environments
- Data-efficient RL assisted by ErrP \bullet
- Reducing stochasticity of decoded ErrP \bullet
- Diminishing the effect of wrongly decoded ErrP labels on the RL \bullet algorithm
- Reducing the number of queries to human feedback to reduce burden \bullet on a human observer

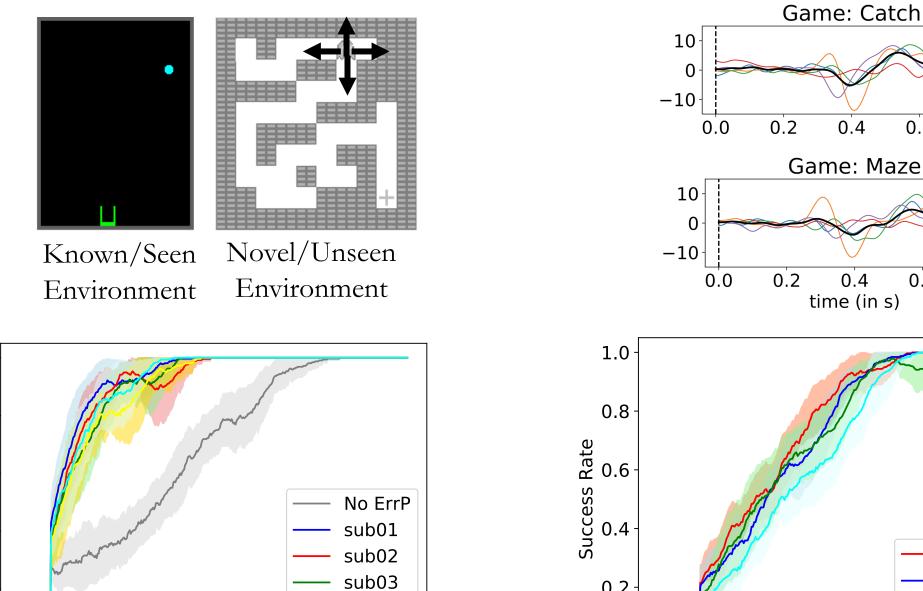
Technical Approach, key innovations and new contributions

- 1. Generalizability of ErrP over environments, agent movements, and human users
- 2. Combine recent advances in DRL into ErrP based feedback system in a practical, sample-efficient manner
 - First framework: Human-feedback while training in the loop \bullet
 - Second framework: Learning from imperfect demonstrations \bullet criticized by human ErrP
 - Scaling to reasonably complex environments \bullet
- Leveraging the spatial, temporal, and frequency characteristics of 3. ErrP signals to create a robust ErrP decoder

- The use of game proxy will considerably speed up the pace of CPS research
- Accelerating the training of RL algorithms deployed in CPS



- Reduction in stochasticity of ErrP decoding by utilizing prediction 4. confidence intervals
- Using a feedback attenuation coefficient to mitigate the impact of 5. wrongly decoded ErrP labels
- Illustrating the advantage ErrP feedback offers over manual input in 6. terms of user comfort and labeling accuracy
- Exploring the gradation of ErrP accuracy with respect to inter-7. stimulation interval and agent error probability
- Assessing RL acceleration using different techniques like action 8. biasing, reward shaping, and inverse RL
- Reduction in auxiliary reward queries using inverse RL with initial 9. imperfect trajectories

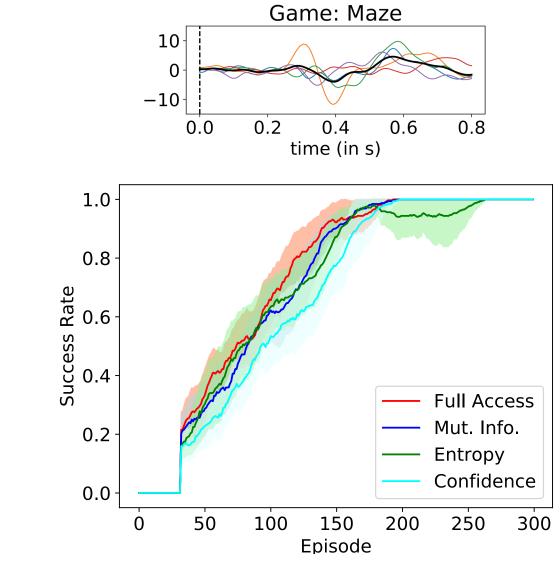


sub04

sub05

400

300



0.6

0.8

0.4

Radically change learning research for CPS

- Using proxy games to study learning problems for CPS
- Speed up the deployment of complex CPS driven by sophisticated learning algorithms

Science and Education

- Train graduate students, underrepresented students and involve UGs in research
- Integrate material in courses: Probabilistic Graphical Models, Information Theory and Wireless Networks

Broader Impact (Quantify Potential Impact)

- Human-assisted CPS
- Improve machine intelligence through intrinsically generated human-feedback
- Commercialization through CREATE-X

2021 NSF Cyber-Physical Systems Principal Investigators' Meeting



