Provably-safe interventions for Human-Cyber-Physical Systems (HCPS)





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Human-Cyber-Physical System: robotic teleoperation

sensory feedback

motor control inputs

Chiawakum Creek Fire near Lake Wenatchee, WA © Michael Stanford 2015 http://yourshot.nationalgeographic.com/photos/4181903/

roles for humans and automation



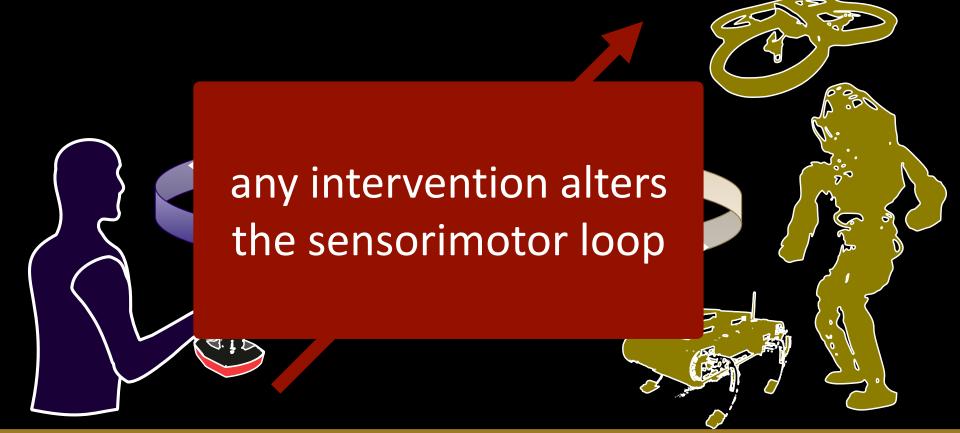
legal, **ethical**, and **political** concerns ensure humans will remain in-the-loop





Nothwang, Robinson, Burden, McCourt, Curtis IEEE Resilience Week 2016 The Human Should be Part of the Control Loop?

intervening in Human-Cyber-Physical Systems



safe intervention requires validated predictive models for sensorimotor loops

predictable behavior from internal models

theoretical and empirical evidence for pairing of forward + inverse models

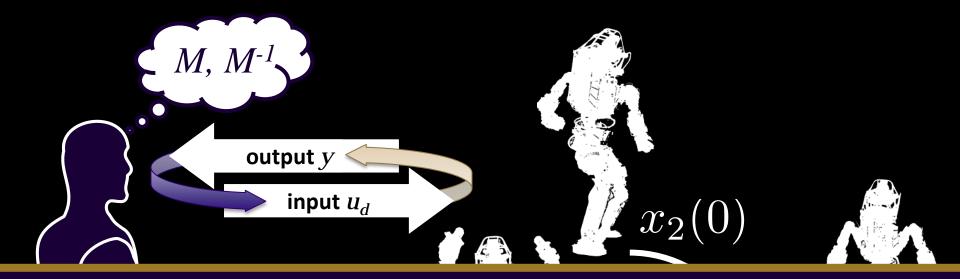
Bhushan, Shadmehr Bio. Cybern. 1999; Sanner, Kosha Bio. Cybern. 1999

forward model
$$+$$
 inverse model
 $u - M \rightarrow y$ $u \leftarrow M^{-1} \rightarrow y$
 $y = M(u)$ $u = M^{-1}(y)$

 parallels in control theory, robotics, artificial intelligence: adaptive control, internal model principle, learning

Francis, Wonham *Automatica* 1976; Sastry, Bodson *Prentice Hall* 1989 Sutton, Barto, Williams *IEEE CSM* 1992; Atkeson, Schaal *ICML* 1997 Papavassiliou, Russell *IJCAI* 1999

theory for forward + inverse models



do humans learn forward + inverse models?

 $\widehat{x}(t)$

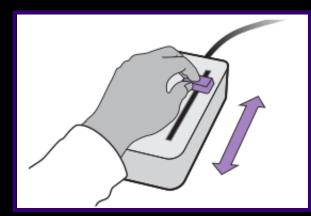
Theory results:

- for stable model pair, trajectories x_{l} and x_{2} converge to \widehat{x}
- feedforward input "asymptotically inverts" dynamics



Robinson, Scobee, Burden, Sastry SPIE-DSS 2016 Dynamic inverse models in human-cyber-physical systems

experiments with forward + inverse models



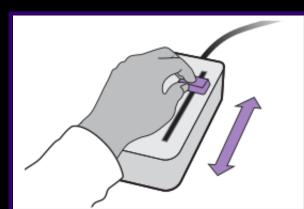
 subjects use 1-dimensional input device to control cursor motion to track specified reference



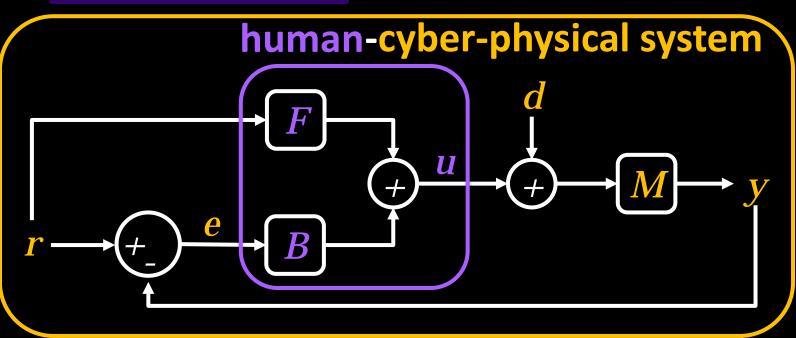


Roth, Howell, Beckwith, Burden *SPIE 2017 Toward experimental validation of a model for human sensorimotor learning and control in teleoperation*

experiments with forward + inverse models



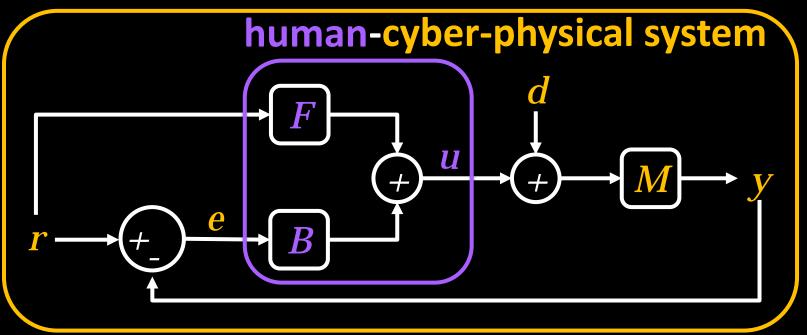
 subjects use 1-dimensional input device to control cursor motion to track specified reference





Roth, Howell, Beckwith, Burden SPIE 2017 Toward experimental validation of a model for human sensorimotor learning and control in teleoperation

empirically estimating learned model



- by varying reference (*r*) and disturbance (*d*), can estimate human feedforward (*F*), feedback (*B*)
- human learns to invert specified model (M): feedforward approximates the inverse ($F \approx M^{-1}$)



Roth, Howell, Beckwith, Burden *SPIE 2017 Toward experimental validation of a model for human sensorimotor learning and control in teleoperation*