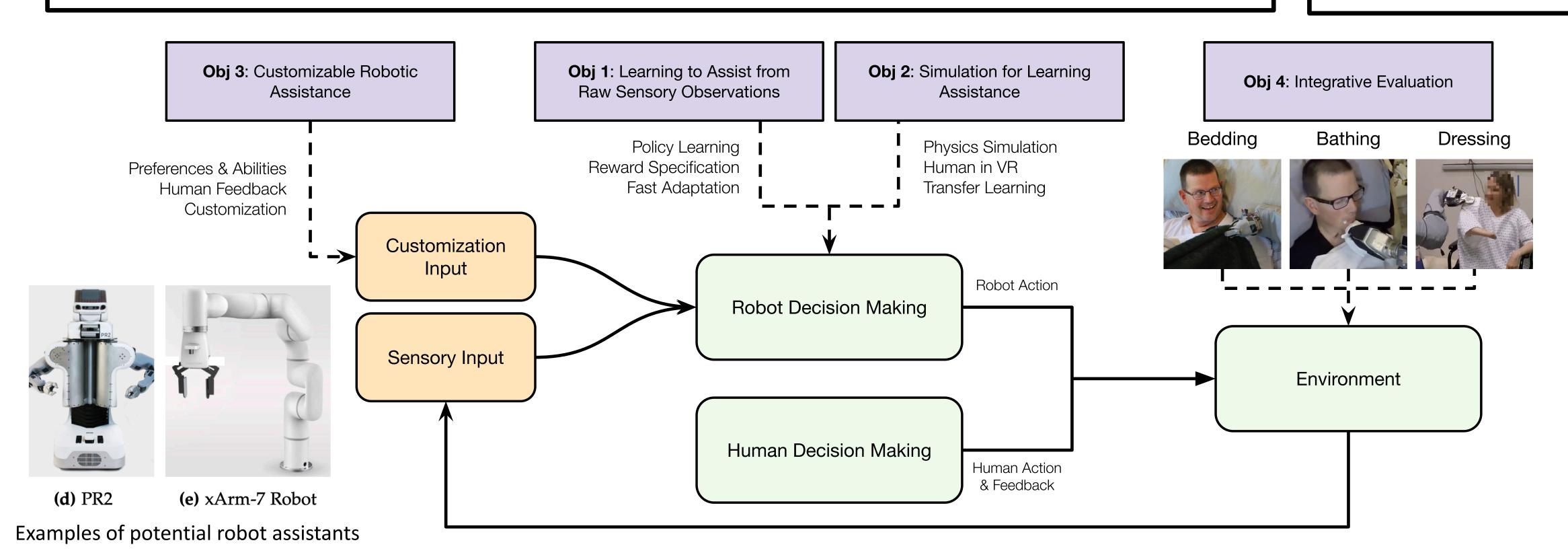
Collaborative Research: NRI: INT: Scalable, Customizable, Robot Learning with Humans

PI: Pieter Abbeel, UC Berkeley

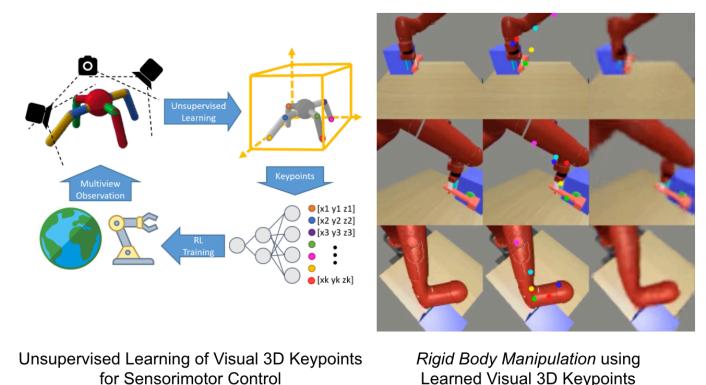
Co-Pls: Anca Dragan (UC Berkeley), Charles C. Kemp (Georgia Institute of Technology), Deepak Pathak (Carnegie Mellon University)

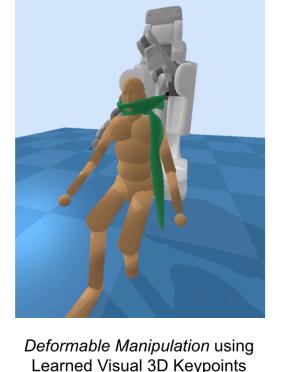
Overview: Robotic assistance with activities of daily living could increase the independence of people with disabilities and improve quality of life. While progress has been made towards such robotic-assistance, current systems rely on simplifying assumptions limiting their applicability. This project seeks to make foundational progress on developing assistive robots.

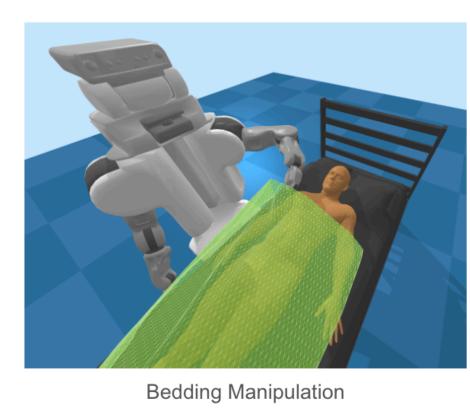
- Key challenges
- Many activities of daily living require robots to manipulate fabric in coordination with people
- Scientific impact
- The results from this project will be open-sourced and help toward making robots for human a reality



- Progress on Obj 1
- Unsupervised learning approach of 3-D keypoints







Progress on Obj 2

- Assistive Gym - physics simulation framework

- Impact on society
- Assistive robots (e.g. dressing and body bathing) for people with disabilities, which has the potential to help millions of people achieve greater independence and a higher quality of life
- Impact on education
- Assistive Gym will be incorporated into the PI's courses on Robotics and Reinforcement learning
- Students will interactively learn how robots can provide physical assistance to people with disabilities

Potential impact

 Versatile assistive robots could reduce financial challenges associated with professional caregivers, relieve the burden on informal caregivers, and empower older adults and people with disabilities to live more independently