# Connecting Communities Through Data, Visualizations & Decisions Visualization for Terrestrial and Aquatic Systems (VISTAS)

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### Visualization of Terrestrial and Aquatic Systems VISTAS the Team and Software

- NSF-funded collaboration between environmental-, computer-, and social-scientists, has integrated new technologies and computer science research into visualization software
- We overlay 2D data onto 3D elevation maps to better understand how complex terrain affects ecological processes
- Visualizing phenomena with VISTAS helps environmental scientists build better models and formulate new hypotheses and insights

## This Project – Scientists & Decision Makers Knowledge Co-Production

- Our collaborators use VISTAS to improve their own understanding of models and data, explain results to decision makers, and work with stakeholders to jointly produce knowledge
- We use social science methods to study how software developers, environmental scientists, and decision-makers work together to co-produce technology and visualizations
- We partnered with 3 projects: 1) climate change impacts at the local level, 2) salmon recovery on Native Lands, and 3) vegetation changes in the Great Basin

#### Challenge

We aim to address our collaborators' needs for easy-toproduce and effective visualizations of complex data sets:

- Climate change is a critical problem facing Earth; what tools can best understand and communicate impacts?
- How do negotiations between user needs and technological capacity shape tool development and implementation?
- How do tools impact scientific results and community responses to critical ecological challenges?







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Above: Decision makers & scientists meet to select climate impact models, a common example of stakeholder engagement among our collaborators

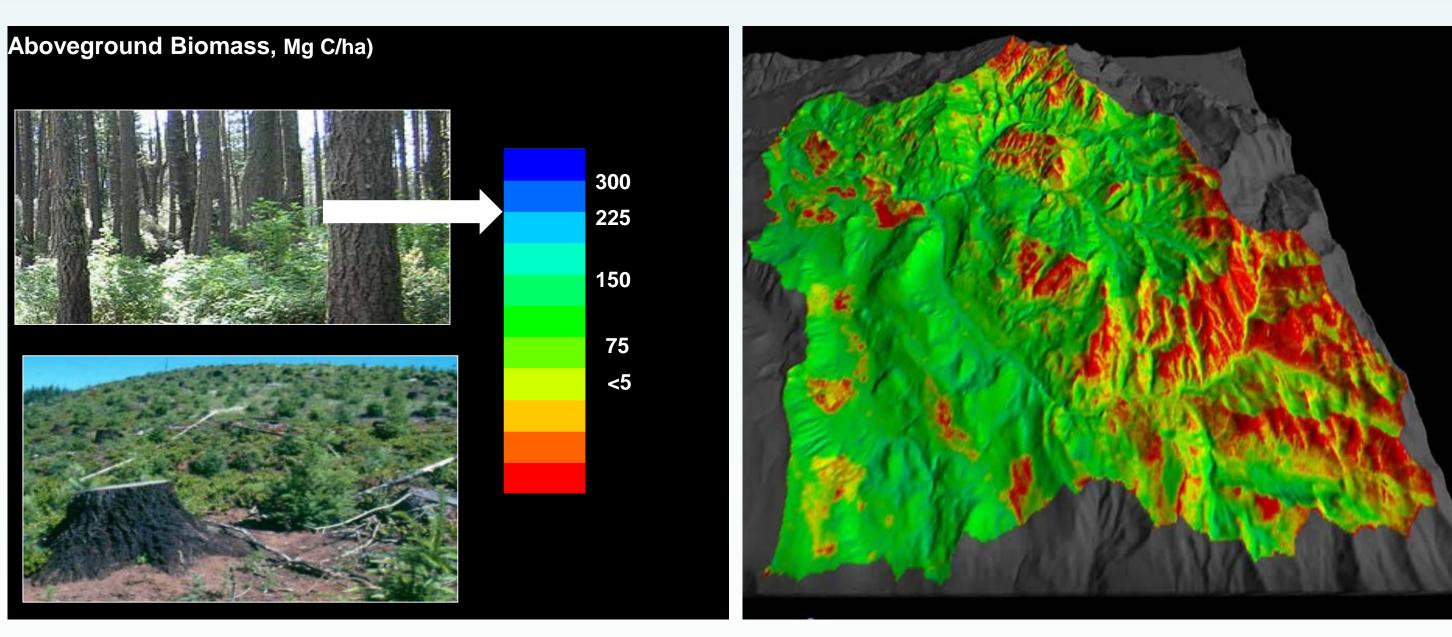
#### Approach

#### Social science approach:

- Case studies structured through comparative pre/post-test design: baseline, development, and post-assessment phases
- We ask: Does the technology impact scientific understanding and the ability to communicate science?

#### Computer scientists approach:

- Visualization research to develop software that enables effective presentation and knowledge co-production
- Technical support for environmental- and social-science collaborators as they design and create visualizations



Left: forest biomass examples; Right: biomass visualized in VISTAS

Major watershed flows, visualized in VISTAS using scaled vectors

#### Findings and impacts

Through social science inquiry, three main findings have emerged:

- Visualizations critical for communicating and understanding information for scientists and stakeholders
- Co-development between environmental scientists and software developers is a viable (and recommended) way to produce visualizations, and visualization software
- Participants have increased confidence in complex information after it was visualized

#### Impacts:

 VISTAS prototype software has allowed ecologists to display, examine, and explore data in new ways

