NRI: FND: Controllable Compliance: A New Robotic Arm for Contact-Rich Manipulation

Peter Whitney and Robert Platt, Northeastern University

PI meeting video presentation: https://youtu.be/aJbnspOcWgs BGN: https://sites.google.com/view/bgn-pomdp/home

Challenges:

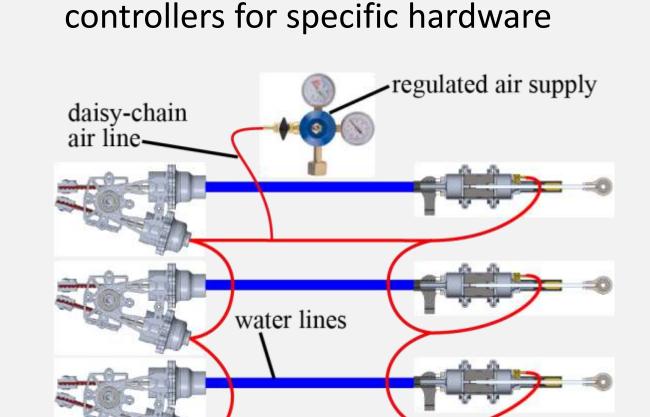
- Building a lightweight arm capable of active high-bandwidth impedance control is hard
- Controlling contact-rich interactions in uncertain environments is hard

<u>Aims</u>

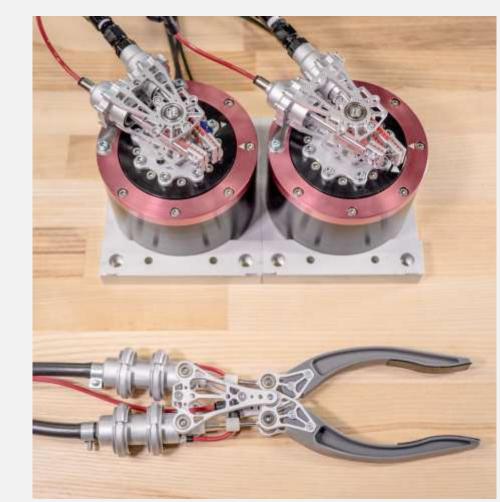
- Developing a lightweight, low-impedence 7-DOF robot manipulator for research and mass production
- Employ *remote direct drive* (RDD) actuation concept
- Developing process for learning optimal controllers rather than tuning

floating-piston linear

hydrostatic actuators



Low-friction hydrostatic transmission



2-DOF gripper, driven by remote directdrive brushless motors

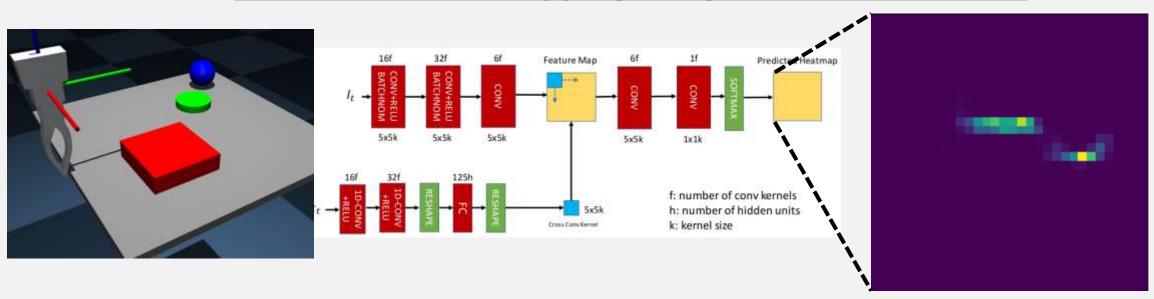


Under devel. 7-DOF arm, fully remotely actuated



Brushless motor direct-drive and 3:1 coupling to hydraulic transmission rotary actuators

Localization and mapping using tactile information:

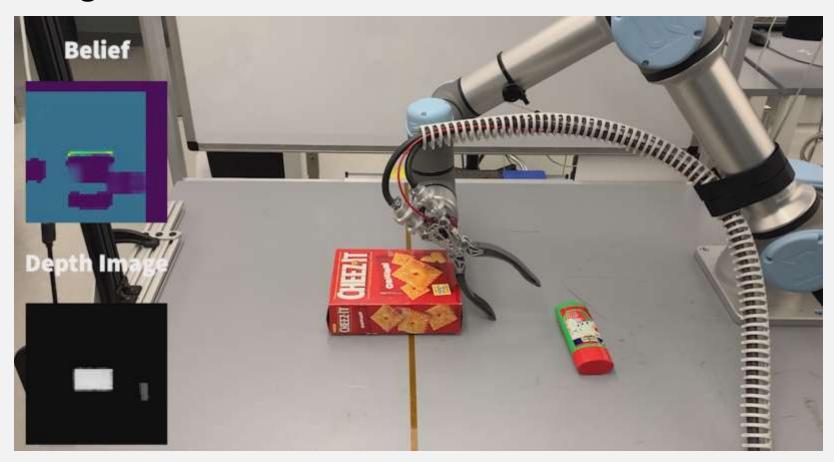


Problem:

occupancy probability map

Map objects in a scene and localize robot finger using:

- Initial single coarse depth image
- Continuous finger force measurement

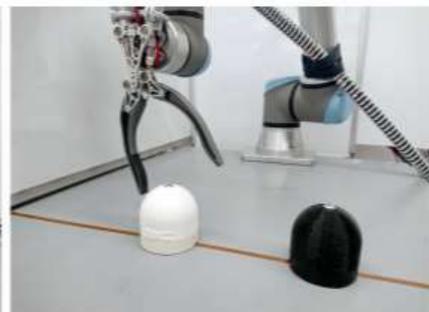


Testing on UR5e + 2-DOF RDD tactile gripper

Force-aware manipulation using Belief Grounded Networks (BGNs)



motor-coupled rotary hydrostatic actuators

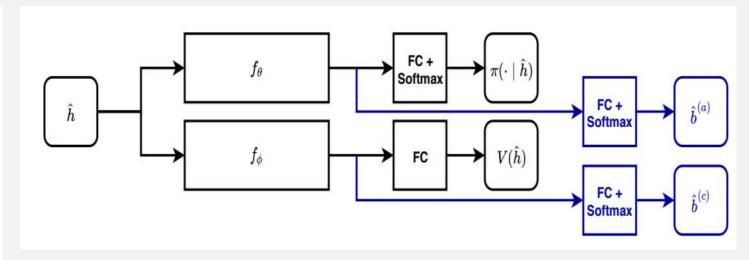




Bumps-2D

TopPlate Bumps-1D

Manipulation tasks trained on force-feedback from low-impedance fingers



BGN combined with A2C. The belief state is reconstructed from partial observations during training. The resulting policy is history, not belief based, so we forego calculating belief state during runtime.

Ongoing Work:

- Online training via teleop demonstrations, leveraging SO(2) Equivariant SAC
- Extend to use the operator-controlled contact impedance in online training

