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UnCoVerCPS Toolchain

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UnCoVerCPS Review Meeting – February 7, 2019



Tool Overview

- Specification
 - **formalSpec**: formalizing natural language
- Modeling and Simulation
 - **SCADE-hybrid**
 - **SpaceEx**
- Controller Synthesis
 - **DMPC-HS**: MPC for hybrid systems
 - **ScenarioMPC**: MPC for stochastic systems
- Code Generation
 - **SCADE** code generator
- Verification
 - **CORA/SPOT**: nonlinear systems
 - **SpaceEx**: piecewise linear systems
- Conformance Testing
 - **ConfTest**

Objectives

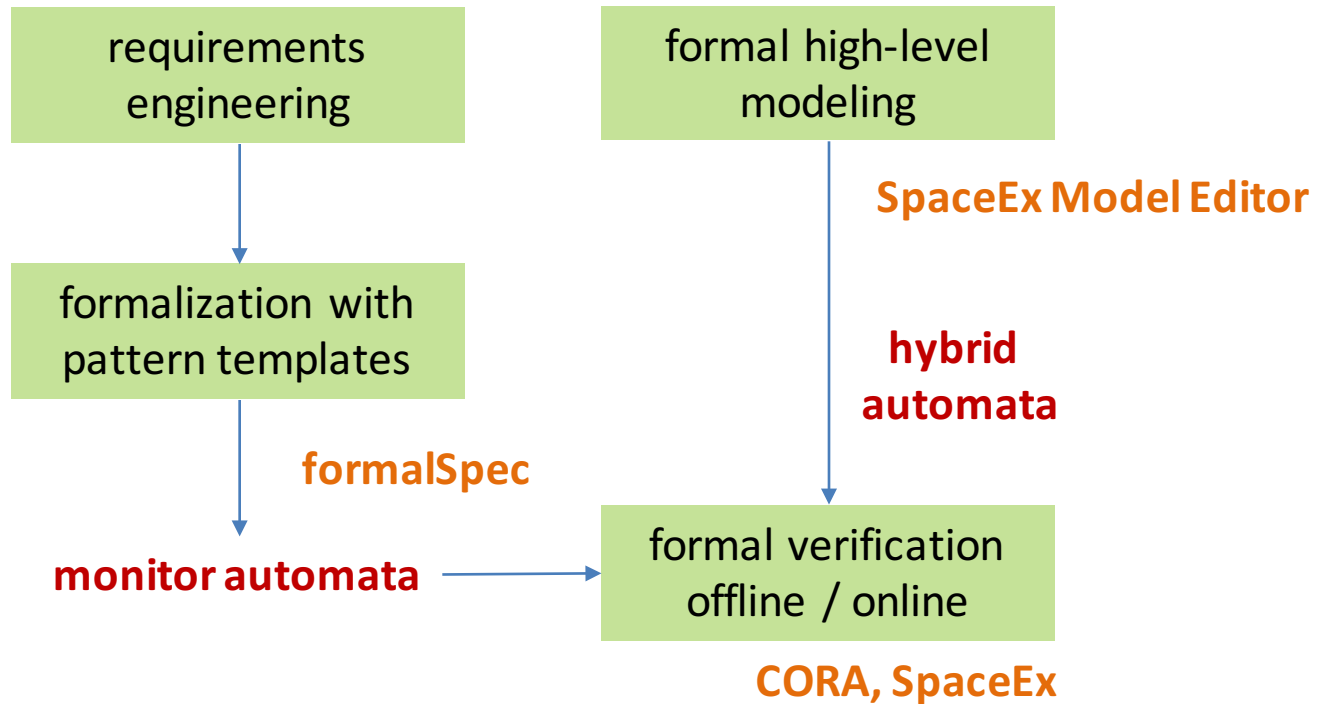
- Goal: **Safe planning & control**
- Approach: Integrate **formal methods** in **design & operation**
- Formal specification
- Formal model & conformance
 - ensure conformance with reality
- Formal verification
 - offline: elementary plans & motion primitives
 - online: short & long-term plans

Use Case: Autonomous Driving

- formal specification
 - traffic rules
 - collision avoidance
- long-term planning
 - route planning, high-level maneuvers
 - performance optimization using stochastic models
- short-term planning
 - low-level maneuvers: lane changes, merging, obstacle avoidance
 - performance optimization
- fail-safe planning
 - to indefinitely safe state (standstill, safely follow)
- tracking control
 - realize current plan on vehicle

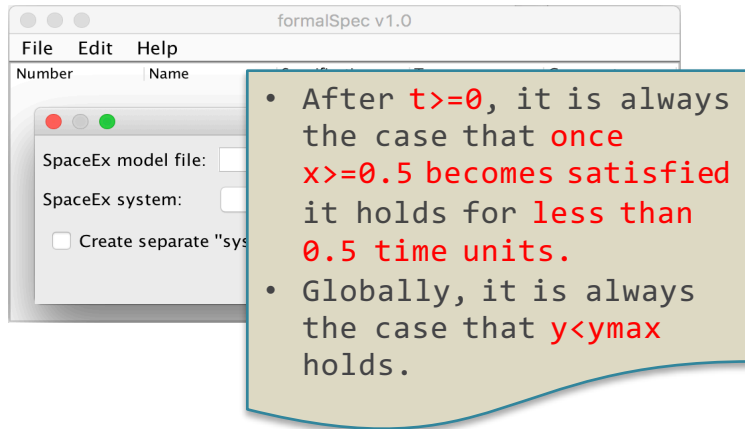


Formal Specification and Verification

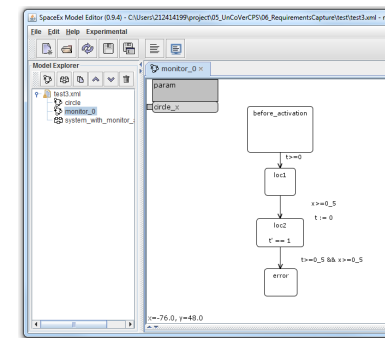


Formal Specification: formalSpec

- formalize specifications for a given model
- input: natural language edits to template, SX model
- output: monitor automaton
- developed by GE, contributions from UGA

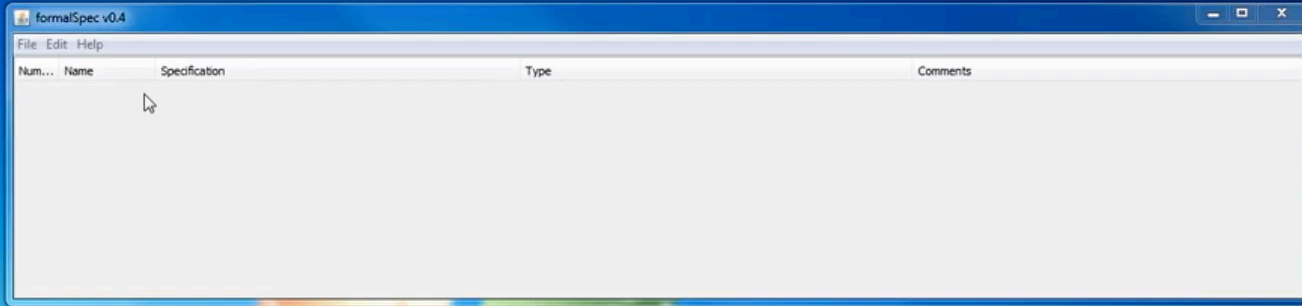


pattern template



monitor automaton

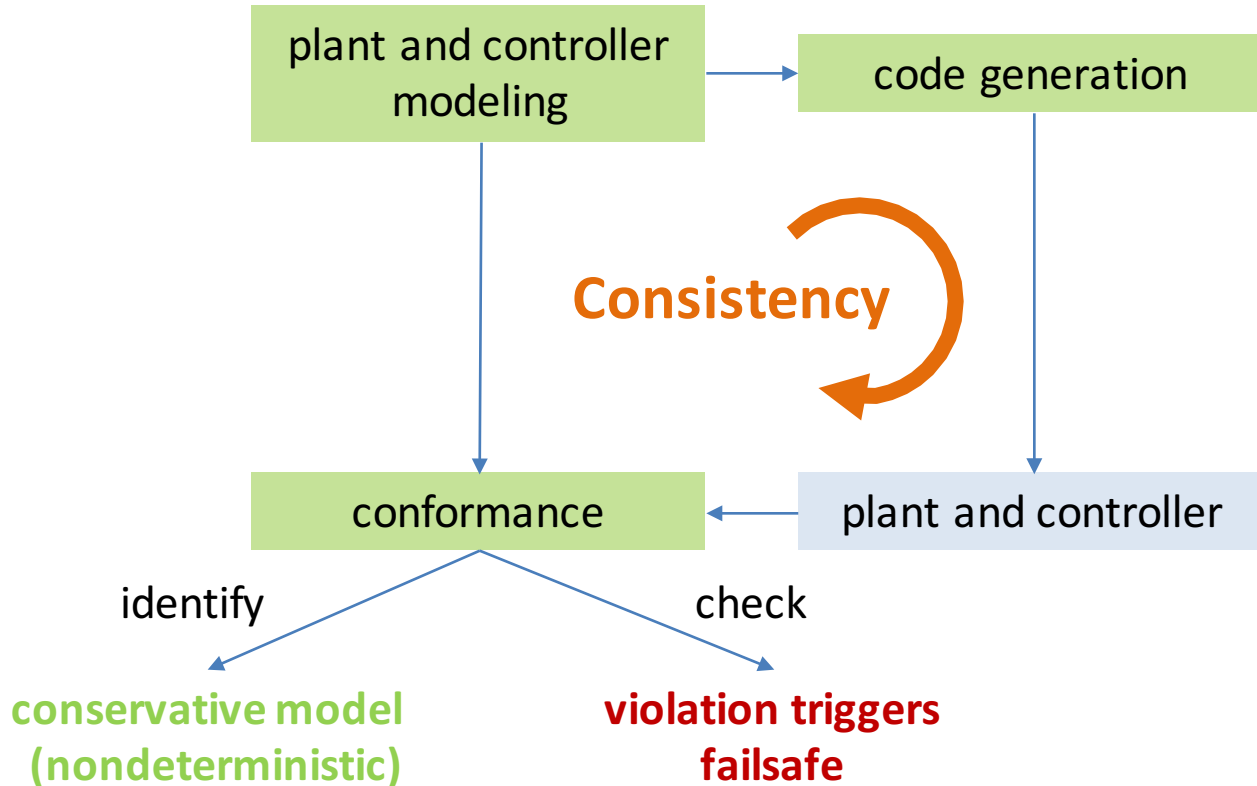
Formal Specification: Use Case



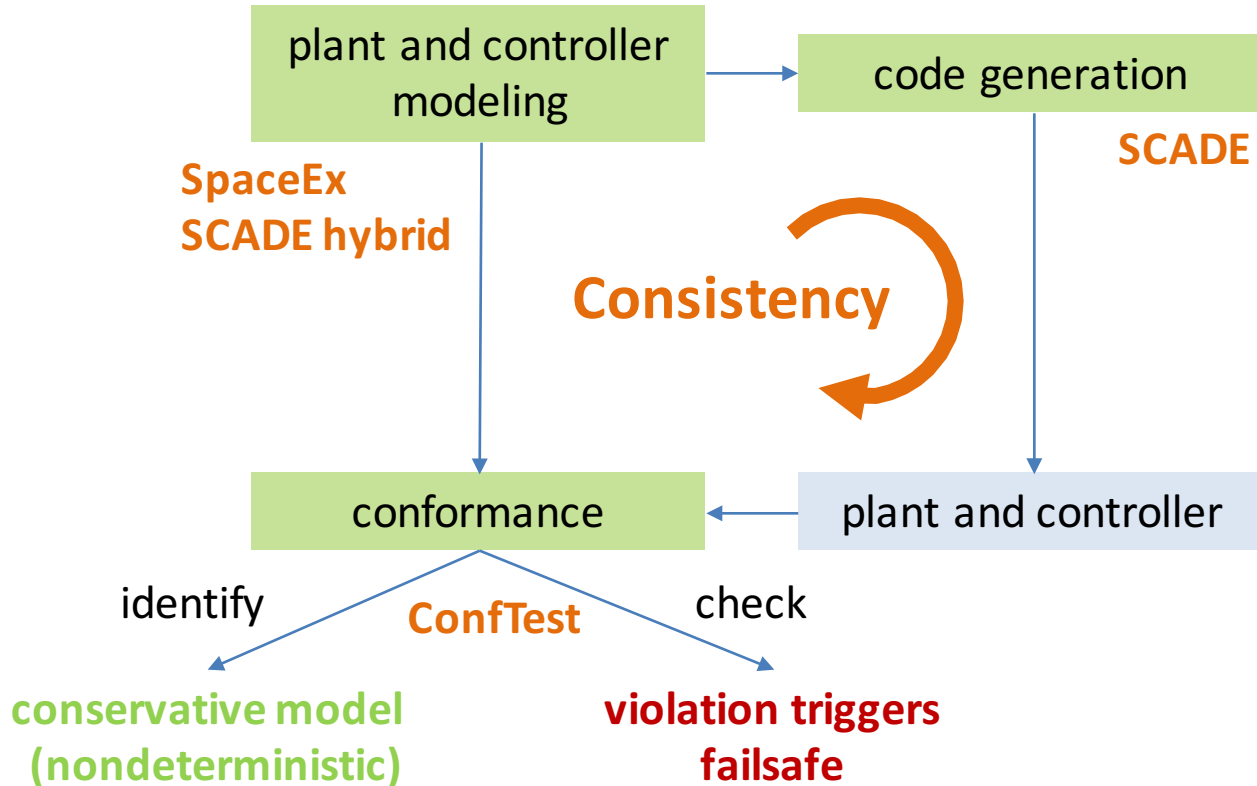
The screenshot shows a window titled "formalSpec v0.4" with a menu bar containing "File", "Edit", and "Help". Below the menu bar is a table with the following columns: "Num...", "Name", "Specification", "Type", and "Comments". The table is currently empty, and a mouse cursor is visible over the "Specification" column header.

Num...	Name	Specification	Type	Comments
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Conformance and Code Generation



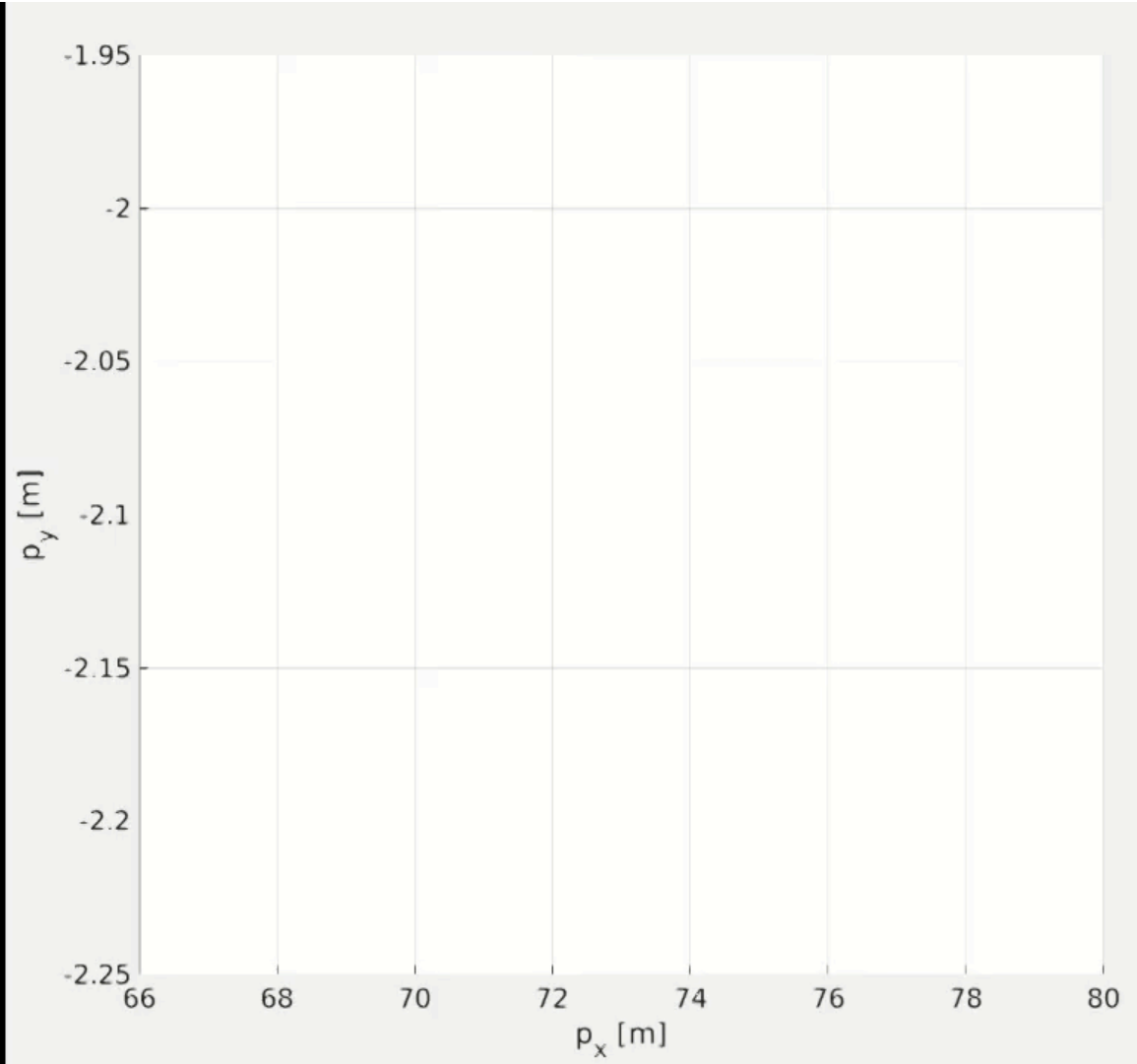
Conformance and Code Generation



Conformance: ConfTest

- Identification
 - identify abstract model that is trace and/or reachset conformant
 - input: deterministic model, reference data (e.g., measured traces)
 - output: conformant non-deterministic model
- Checking
 - check if non-deterministic abstract model is conformant
 - input: non-deterministic model, reference data (e.g., measured traces)
 - output: conformant: yes/no
- Test case generation
 - produce test cases for conformance testing
 - input: parametric input set, abstract model, reference system
 - output: test cases
- developed by Bosch, contributions from DLR & TUM

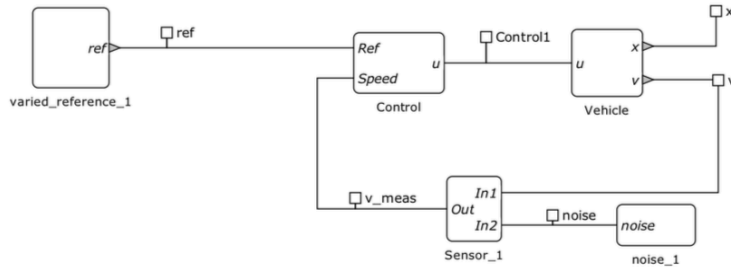
Conformance: ConfTest



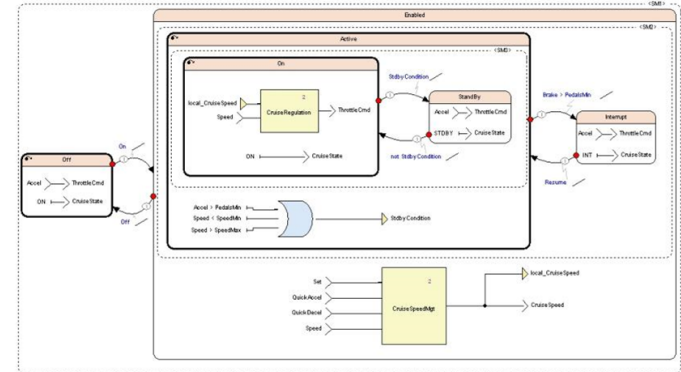
Simulation: SCADE Hybrid

- Extension of SCADE to ODEs with well-defined semantics
 - industrial environment dedicated to high-integrity applications development
 - control-oriented input formalism
 - used in various domains: A&D, automotive, rail transport, industry, ...
- input: deterministic model (SpaceEx, Simulink – Stafeflow)
- output: closed-loop simulation
- developed by Esterel

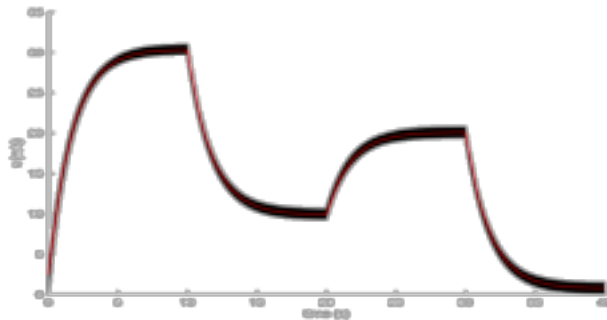
Simulation: Use Case



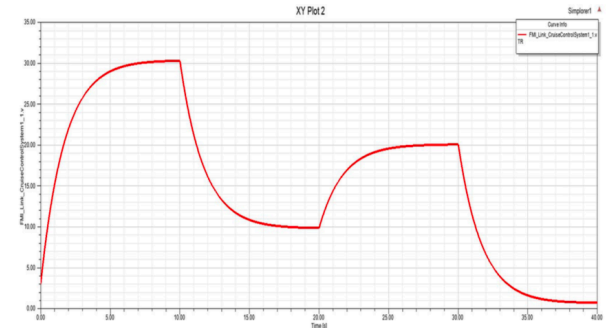
SpaceEx model



SCADE hybrid model



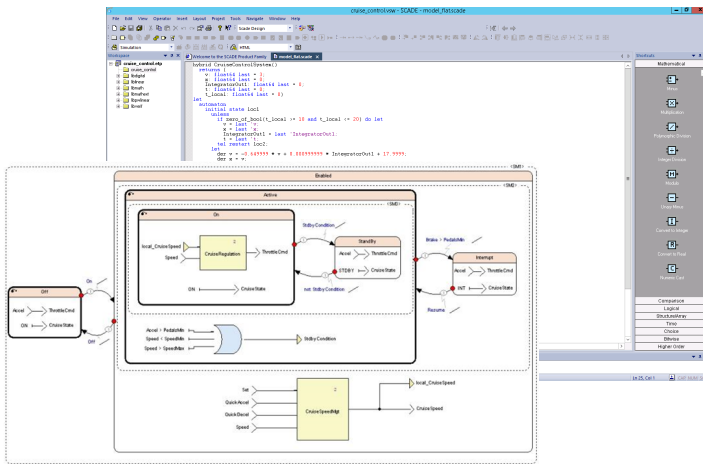
SpaceEx Verification



SCADE Hybrid Simulation

Code Generation: SCADE

- Code generation, certified ISO 26262, DO-178C, EN 50128, ...
- input: controller model in SCADE hybrid
- output: certified C code
- developed by Esterel



SCADE hybrid model



```

/* information used for corresponding FMI attribute */
#define KCG_GUID "8daf05a3-247a-11e5-aa15-2beff3ac55df"
#define MODEL_IDENTIFIER simple_ball

/* root operator functions */
#define STEP_FUN simple_ball
#define RESET_FUN simple_ball_reset
#define INIT_FUN simple_ball_init
#define CONT_FUN simple_ball_cont
#define HORIZON_FUN simple_ball_horizon

/* context and output structure */
#define SCADE_OUT_CTX outC_simple_ball
#define SCADE_IN_CTX inc_simple_ball

/* number of continuous states */
#define NB_CSTATE 2
/* number of zero-crossings */
#define NB_ZC 1

typedef struct {
    size_t offset;
} var_info;

extern const var_info var_infos[];

/* Information about a continuous state */
typedef struct {
    size_t offset;
} cstate_info;

#if NB_CSTATE > 0
extern const cstate_info cstate_infos[NB_CSTATE];
#endif

/* Information about a zero-crossing */
typedef enum { UP, DOWN, CROSS } zero_dir;

typedef struct {
    size_t offset;
    zero_dir dir;
} zero_info;

#if NB_ZC > 0
extern const zero_info zero_infos[NB_ZC];
#endif

```

certified C code

Use Case: Cruise Controller



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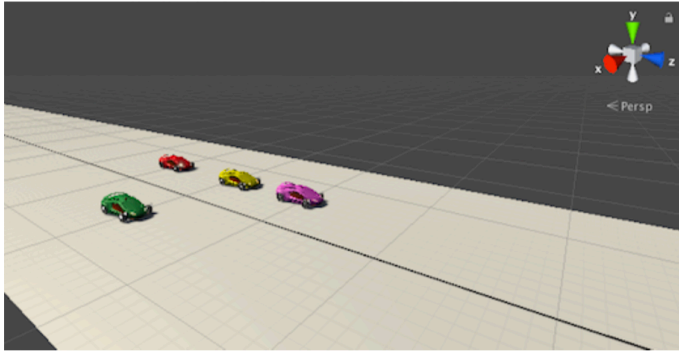
TOOLS INTEGRATION

UnCoVerCPS toolchain

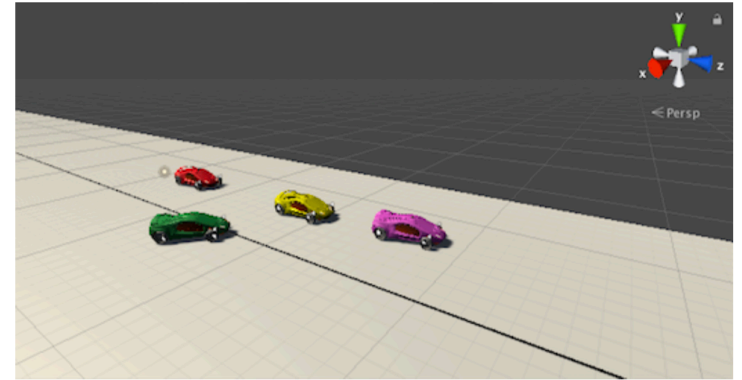
Offline Verification: SpaceEx

- modeling and verification of hybrid systems
- input: network of hybrid automata
 monitor automata (formalSpec)
- output: approximation of reachable states
 property satisfied/unknown
- developed by UGA, TUM (zonotopes)

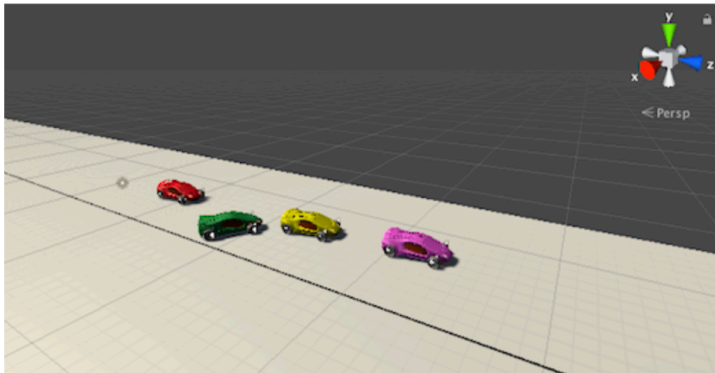
Use Case: Merging Maneuver



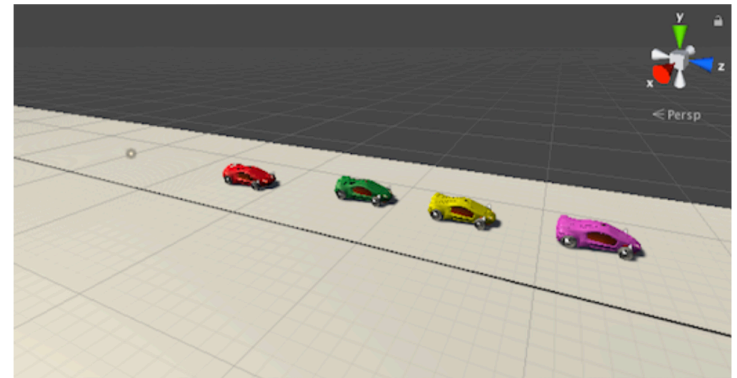
(a) Initial Phase (before maneuver)



(b) Maneuver has begun



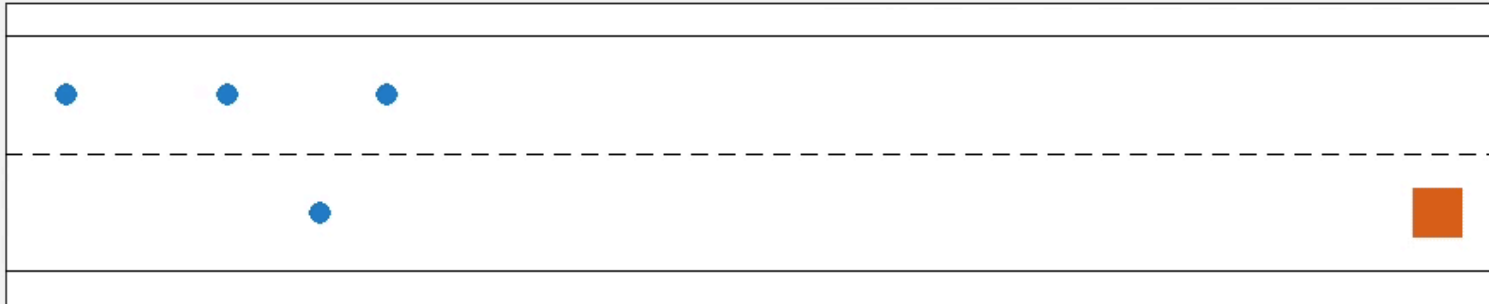
(c) Maneuver - in progress



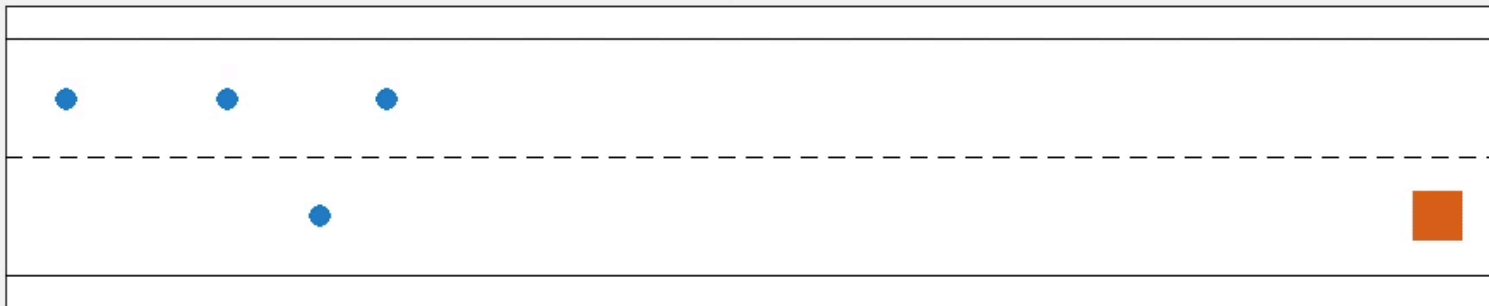
(d) Maneuver finished

Use Case: Optimal Merging (Polimi)

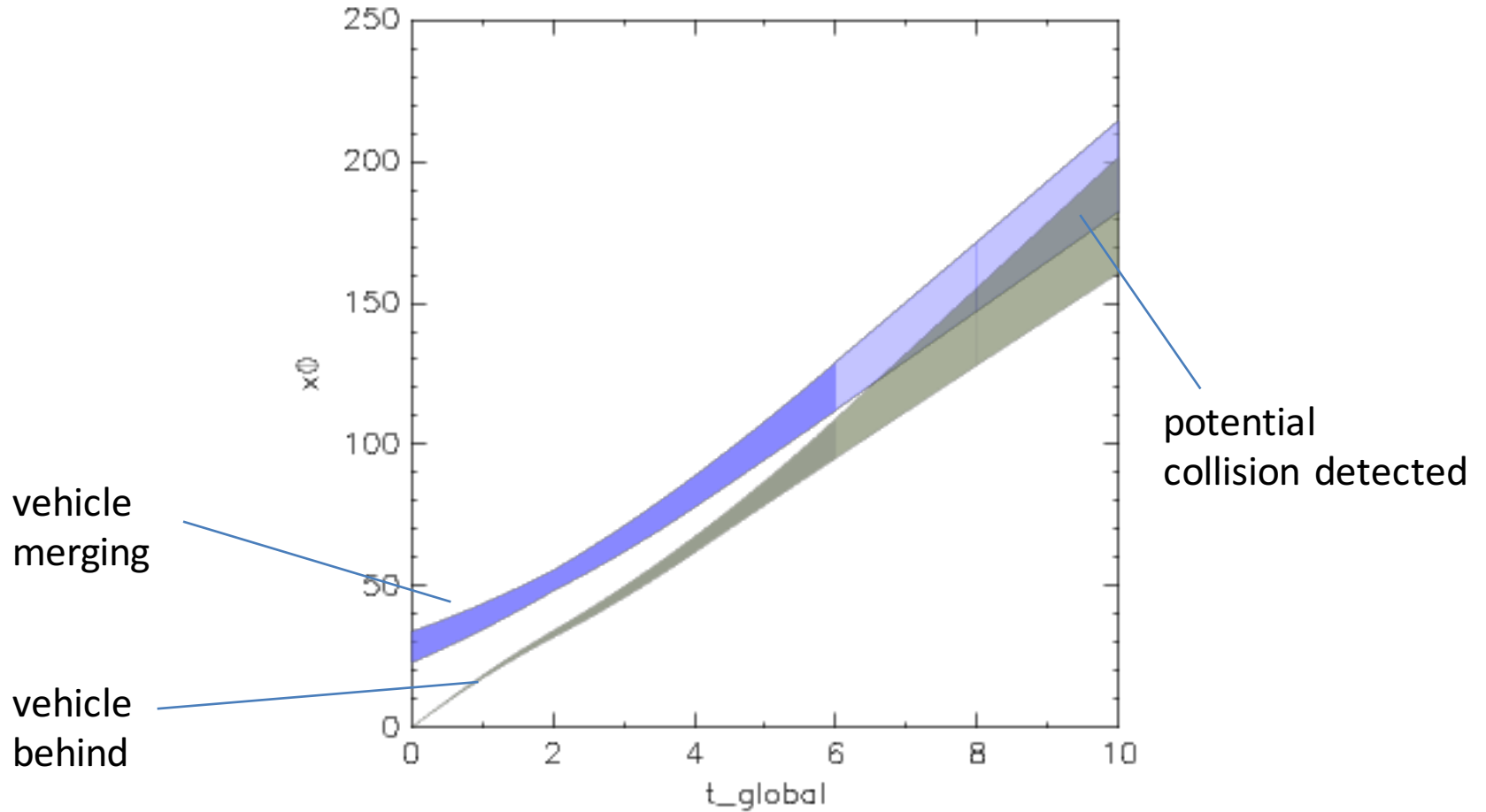
Scenario 1: $v_0(0) = v_{des}/2$



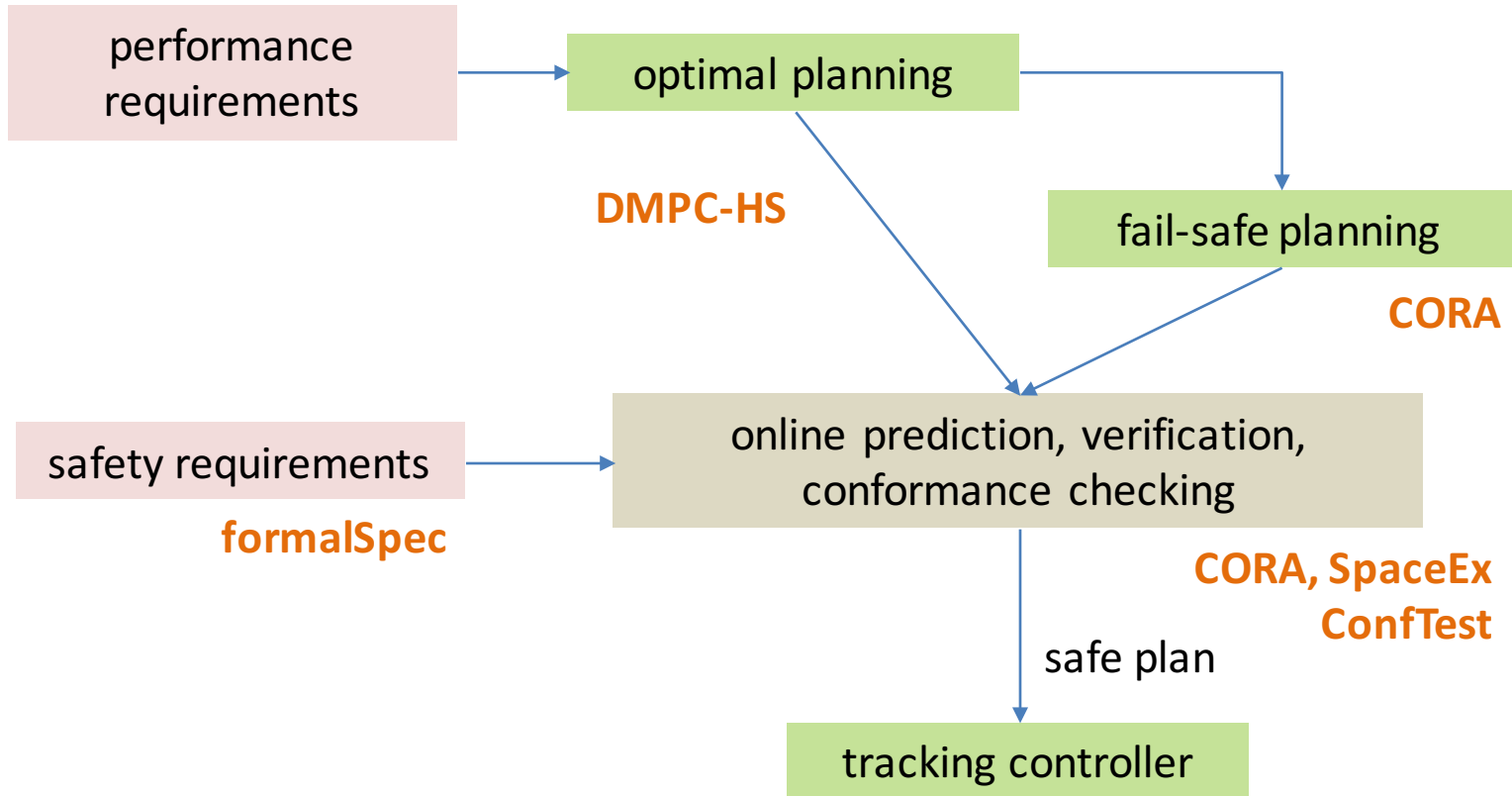
Scenario 2: $v_0(0) = 1.1 \cdot v_{des}/2$



Offline Verification: Use Case

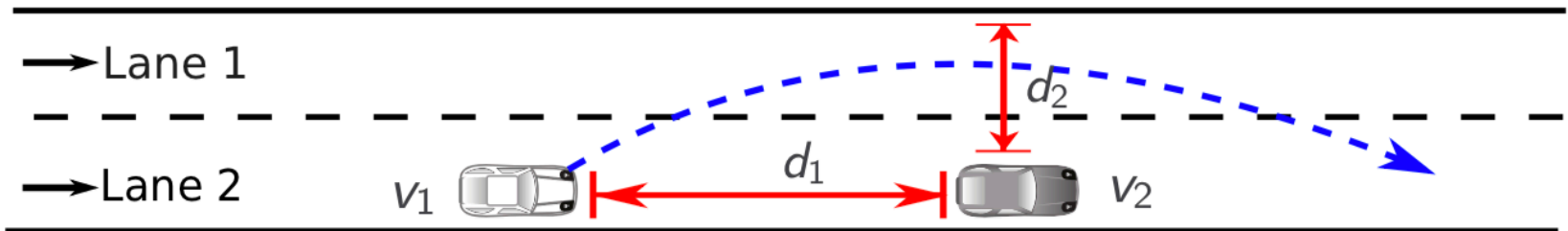


Safe Planning Architecture

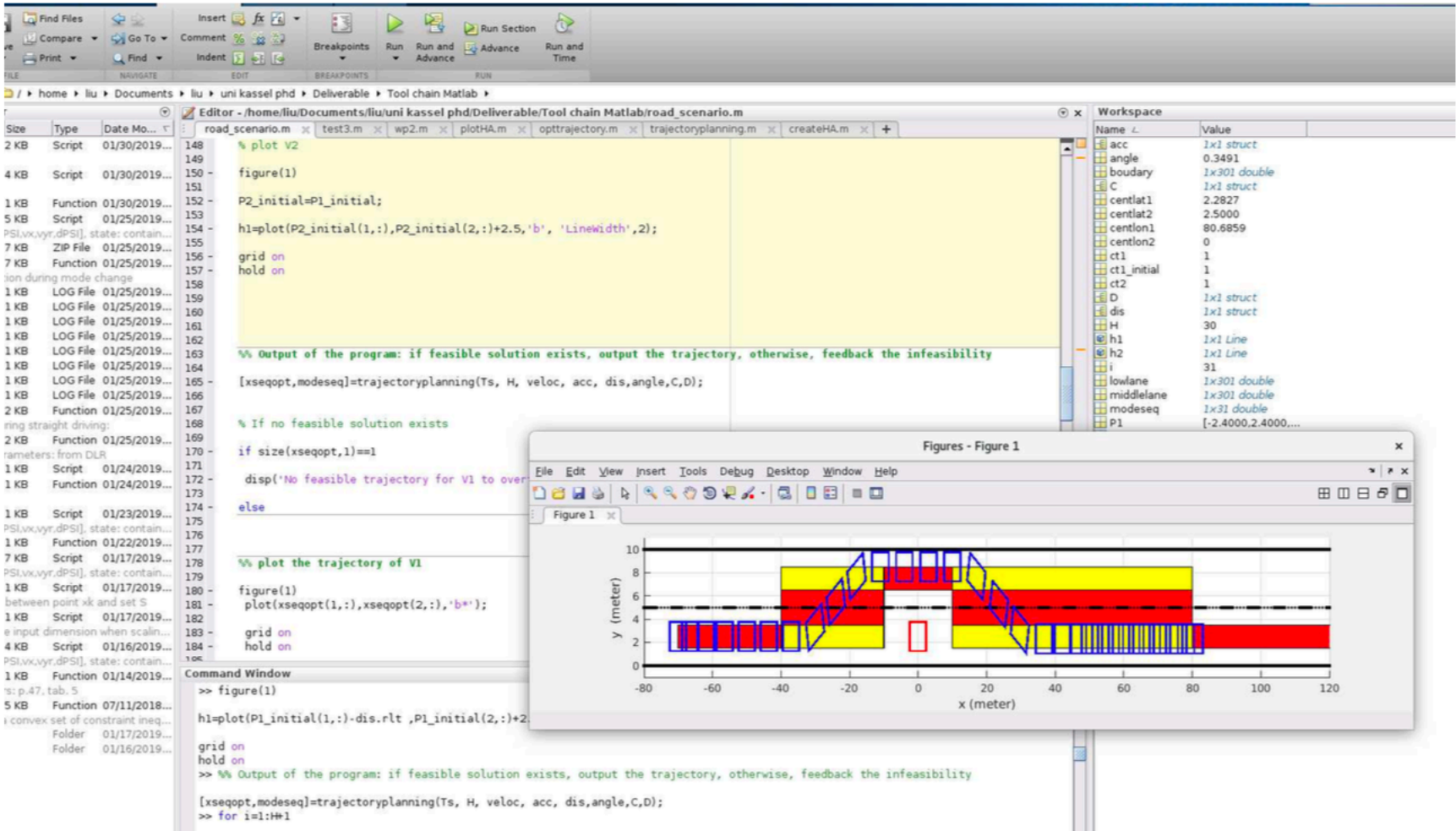


Long/Short-Term Planning: DMPC-HS

- synthesize optimal trajectory over finite time horizon
- input: nondet. model (ConfTest)
initial and target states
- output: optimal input/state sequences
- developed by U. Kassel



Long/Short-Term Planning: Use Case



The screenshot displays the MATLAB environment with the following components:

- Editor:** Shows the MATLAB script `road_scenario.m`. Key code snippets include:


```

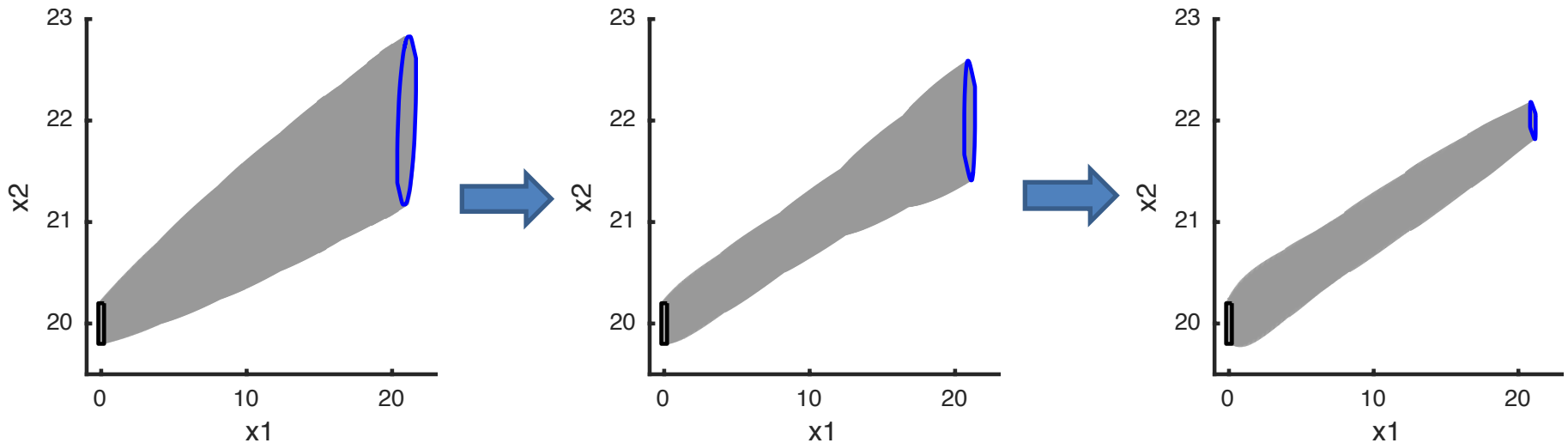
      % plot v2
      figure(1)
      P2_initial=P1_initial;
      h1=plot(P2_initial(1,:),P2_initial(2,:)+2.5,'b', 'Linewidth',2);
      grid on
      hold on

      % Output of the program: if feasible solution exists, output the trajectory, otherwise, feedback the infeasibility
      [xseqopt,modeseq]=trajectoryplanning(Ts, H, veloc, acc, dis,angle,C,D);

      % If no feasible solution exists
      if size(xseqopt,1)==1
      disp('No feasible trajectory for V1 to over...')
      else
      % plot the trajectory of V1
      figure(1)
      plot(xseqopt(1,:),xseqopt(2,:),'b*');
      grid on
      hold on
      
```
- Workspace:** Lists variables such as `acc` (1x1 struct), `angle` (0.3491), `boundary` (1x301 double), `C` (1x1 struct), `centlat1` (2.2827), `centlat2` (2.5000), `centlon1` (80.6859), `centlon2` (0), `ct1` (1), `ct1_initial` (1), `ct2` (1), `D` (1x1 struct), `dis` (1x1 struct), `H` (30), `h1` (1x1 Line), `h2` (1x1 Line), `i` (31), `lowlane` (1x301 double), `middlelane` (1x301 double), `modeseq` (1x31 double), and `P1` ([-2.4000,2.4000,...]).
- Figure 1:** A 2D plot showing the trajectory of vehicle V1. The x-axis is labeled 'x (meter)' and ranges from -80 to 120. The y-axis is labeled 'y (meter)' and ranges from 0 to 10. The plot shows a blue trajectory with asterisk markers, navigating through a road environment with yellow and red lanes. A red dashed line indicates the initial position of P1.
- Command Window:** Shows the execution of the code, including the command `figure(1)` and the output of the `trajectoryplanning` function.

Offline Synthesis & Verification: CORA

- Pre-computation of motion primitives by optimizing over reachable sets
- input: non-deterministic model (ConfTest), parameter range
- output: maneuver automaton
- developed by TUM



Offline Verification: CORA

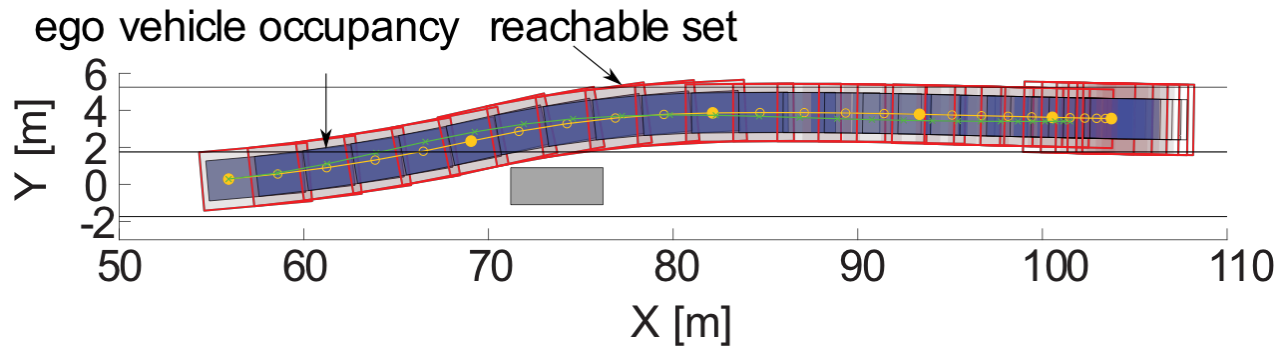
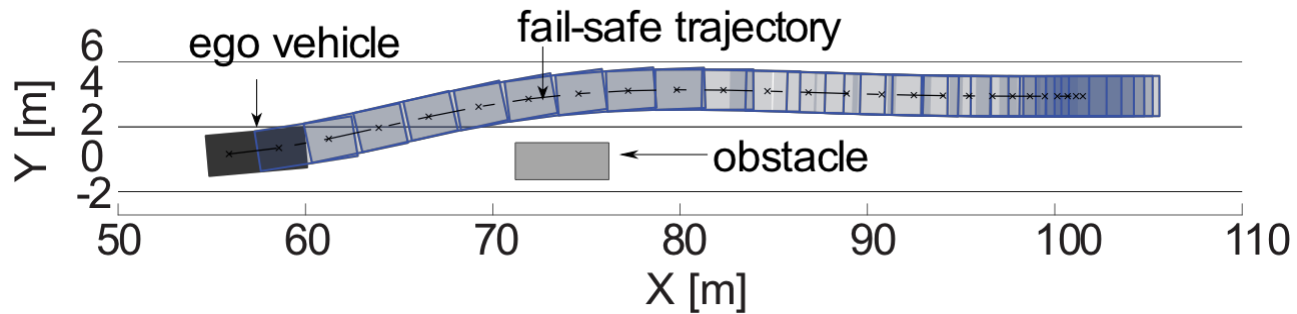
```
fx >> compute_motion_primitive(car_model, primitive_parameter);
```


Online Verification: CORA

- Verify whether a planned trajectory can be safely executed
- input: maneuver automaton (CORA offline),
reference trajectory (DMPC-HS)
- output: safe yes/no
- developed by TUM

Online Verification: Use Case

- Online: Matching of reference trajectories to ensure drivability and safety



ScenarioMPC

- Account for stochastic uncertainty in optimal constrained control design
- input: model of the system (linear, PWA, feedback linearizable)
 constraints and control performance index
 uncertainty realizations from data or extractions
- output: controller
 probabilistic guarantees on performance
- developed by PoliMi, extended to a smart grid distributed set-up

Optimal energy management of a district

Building cooling district set-up:

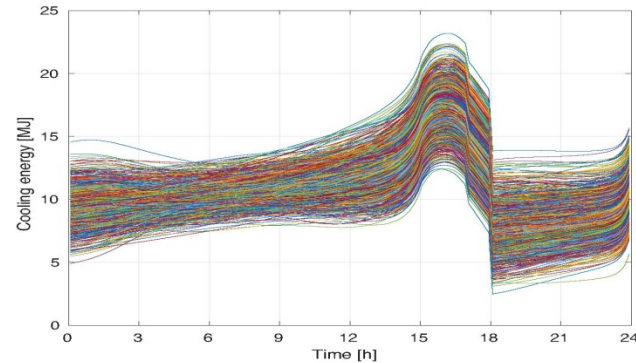
- 10 buildings, 24 hours time horizon
- a chiller per building: 5 large, 2 middle, 3 small
- a shared cooling network

Goal:

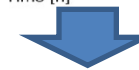
each building sets the exchange with the cooling net so as to

- satisfy its cooling load
- minimize the electrical energy consumption of its chiller over all realizations except a set of probability ≤ 0.025

The shared net capacity couples decisions

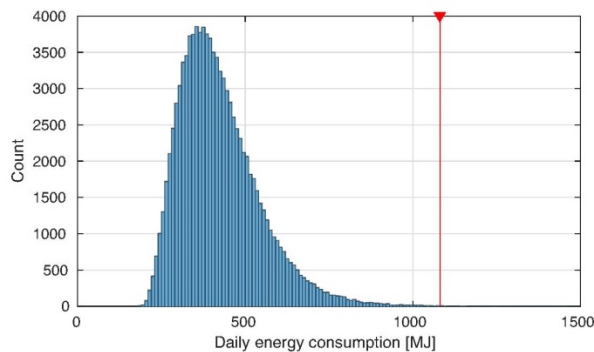
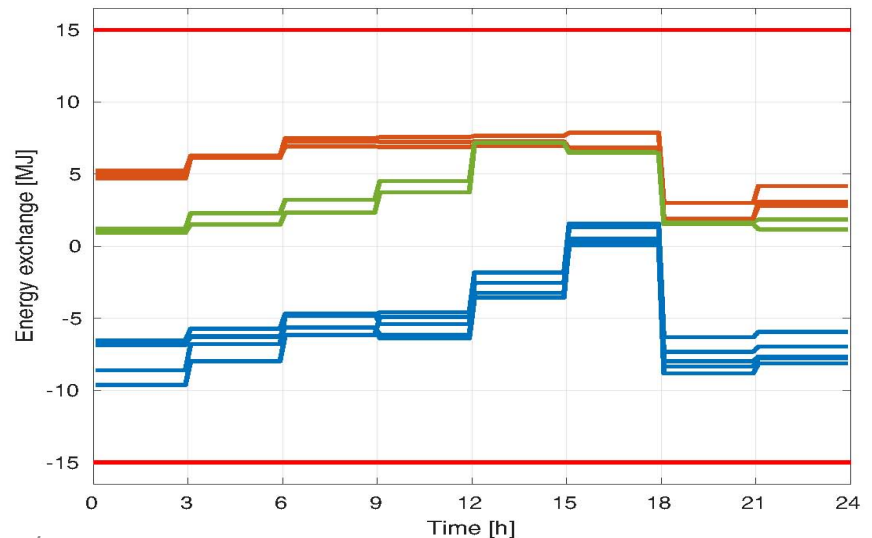


realizations of the cooling load in a building

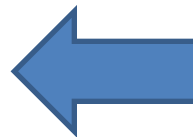


Optimal exchange with the cooling net of all 10 buildings

- buildings with large chillers charge the net
- buildings with small chillers draw energy from the net



probabilistic performance guarantees

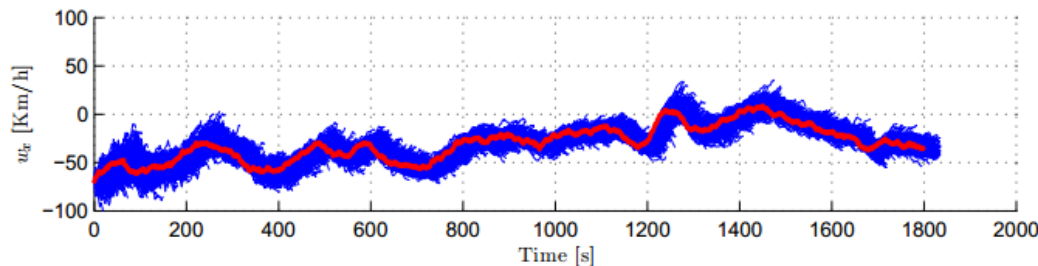
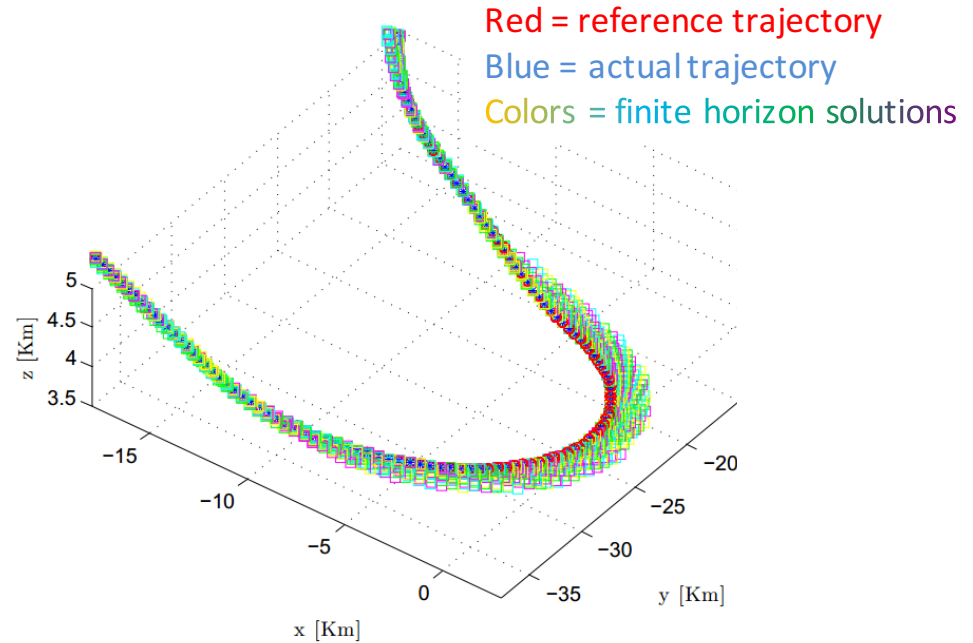
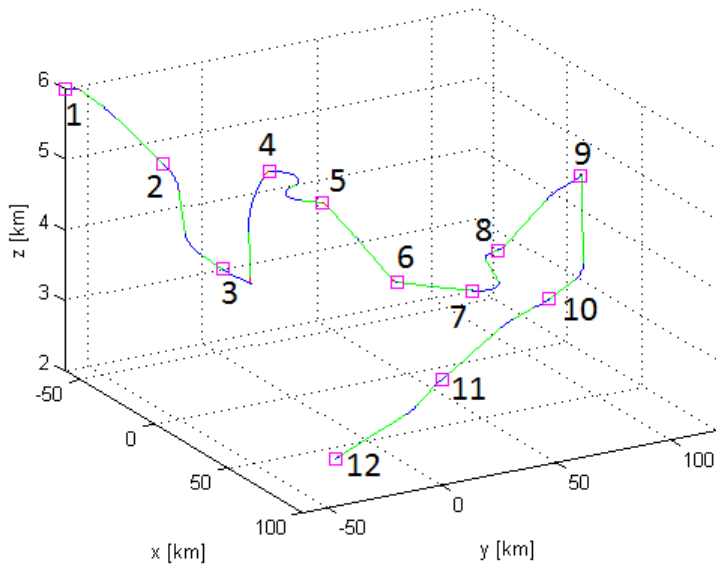


energy consumption histogram is below the red solution except for a fraction 0.9%

Aircraft motion control

Tracking a reference trajectory via ScenarioMPC with wind compensation

Planned trajectory with target windows



Wind speed component x:

Red = actual wind

Blue = wind realizations from recursively identified AR processes

Conclusions

- Comprehensive toolchain for safe model-based design and **operation**
 - Specification
 - Modeling and Simulation
 - Controller Synthesis
 - Code Generation
 - Verification
 - Conformance Testing
- offline application
 - traditional MBD
- on-the-fly application
 - novel contribution of this project
- success in concrete case studies
 - automatic driving
 - human-robot-collaboration

formalSpec
SCADE-hybrid
SpaceEx
DMPC-HS
ScenarioMPC
CORA
COnfTest