# Data-Independent Memory Hard Functions: New Attacks and Stronger Constructions



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https://eprint.iacr.org/2018/944 (CRYPTO 2019)

https://github.com/antiparallel-drsbrg-argon/Antiparallel-DRS-BRG

**Goal:** Protect low entropy secrets against brute force attacks

Memory Hard Functions: Password Hashing

- Evaluating requires lots of memory for duration of computation
- Brute-Force Attacks: Expensive on ASICs

Data-Independent Memory Hard Functions (iMHFs): side-channel resistant





Design a provably memory-hard iMHF?

**PHC Winner Argon2i:** vulnerable to depthreducing attacks [AB16,AB17,BZ17]

**DRSample [ABH17]:** Asymptotically optimal CMC (Constants? Sustained Space?)



- New Pebbling Reduction: Memory Hardness of Practical iMHFs captured by graph pebbling.
- State of the art construction of hard to pebble graph (DRSample+BRG)
  - First practical construction with high sustained space complexity
- New Techniques for Constructing Small Depth-Reducing Sets
  - Cryptanalysis of iMHFs/Proofs of Space
- Inherently Sequential Round Function

### Sequential attack on DRSample





New Construction: DRSample + Bit Reversal Graph



(First layer of BRG replaced with depth-robust DAG)

**Theorem:** Any sequential pebbling of DRS+BRG either has Cumulative Cost  $\Omega(N^2)$ 

## **Theorem:** Any parallel pebbling of DRS+BRG either has

- 1. Cumulative Cost  $\omega(N^2)$ , or
- 2. At least  $s = \Omega(N/\log N)$  pebbles for  $t = \Omega(N)$  rounds

**Theorem:** Under plausible conjectures (see paper) any parallel pebbling of DRS+BRG has cumulative cost  $\Omega(N^2 \log \log N / \log N)$ 

#### **PhD Students**

- Ben Harsha
- Seunghoon Lee

#### **Undergraduate Involvement:**

- Michael Cinkoske
- Siteng Kang

**Course Integration:** Passwords and Human Authentication

#### **Broader Impacts**

- Stronger tools to protect low-entropy secrets
- Informs future Password Hashing Standards
- Tools to analyze Proofs of Space and Replication (Ecofriendly Replacement for POW)

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