

NRI: Decentralized Feedback Control Design for Cooperative Robotic Walking with Application to Powered Prosthetic Legs

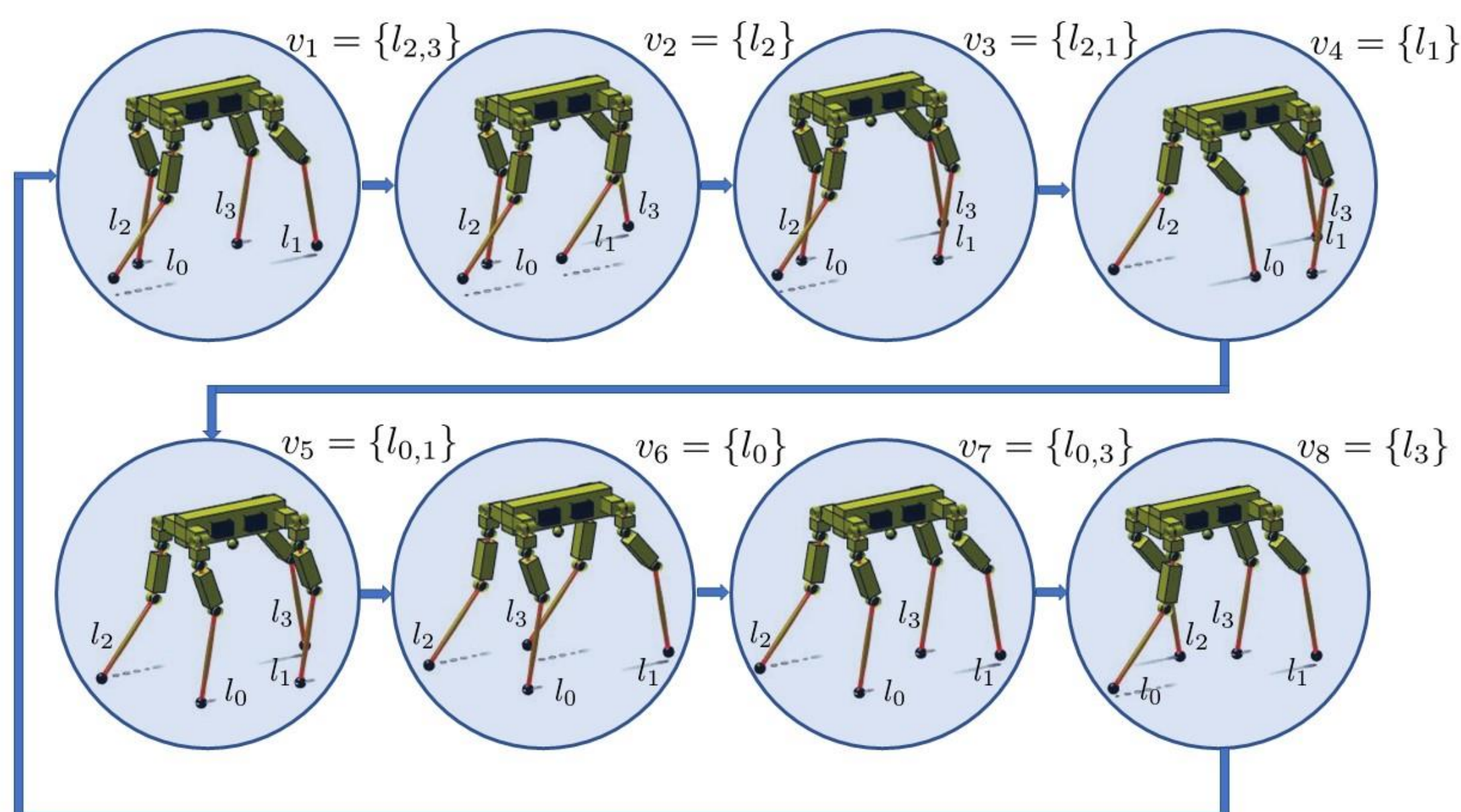
Kaveh Akbari Hamed (PI)¹ and Robert D. Gregg (Co-PI)²
¹Virginia Tech and ²University of Texas at Dallas



Goals and Objectives

- To investigate a **potentially transformative** decentralized feedback control framework to robustly stabilize walking trajectories of legged robots
- To derive optimization algorithms that provably generate robust decentralized controllers for hybrid systems
- To investigate decentralized feedback control architectures for robotic quadruped locomotion
- To investigate decentralized feedback control architectures for robotic prosthetic legs by human amputees subjects

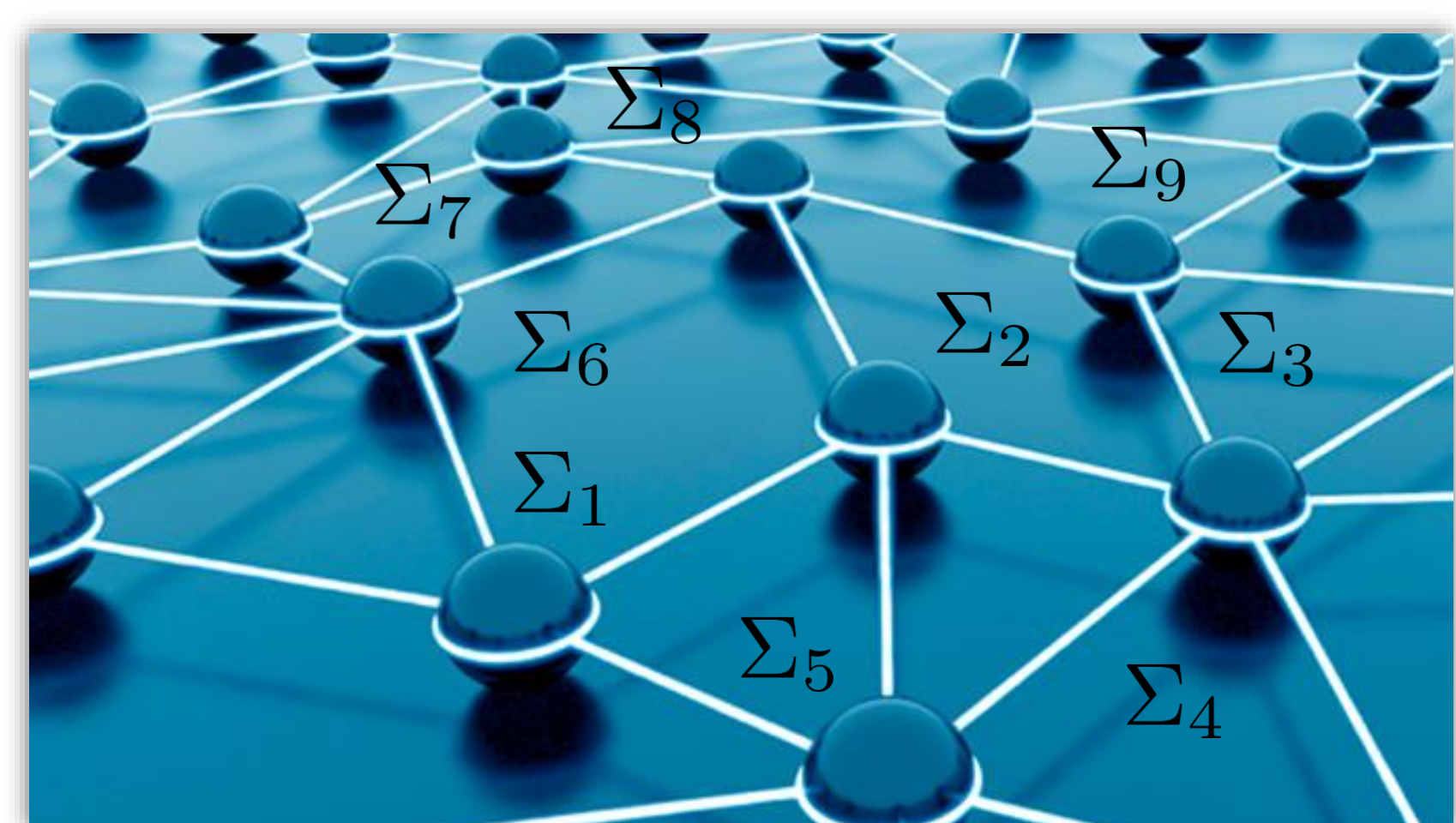
Multi-Domain Hybrid Models of Locomotion



Cooperative Hybrid Subsystems

$$\Sigma_i : \begin{cases} \dot{x}_i = f_i(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N) + \sum_{j=1}^N g_{ij}(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N) u_j, & x^- \notin \mathcal{S} \\ x_i^+ = \Delta_i(x_1^-, x_2^-, \dots, x_N^-) + d_i, & x^- \in \mathcal{S} \end{cases}$$

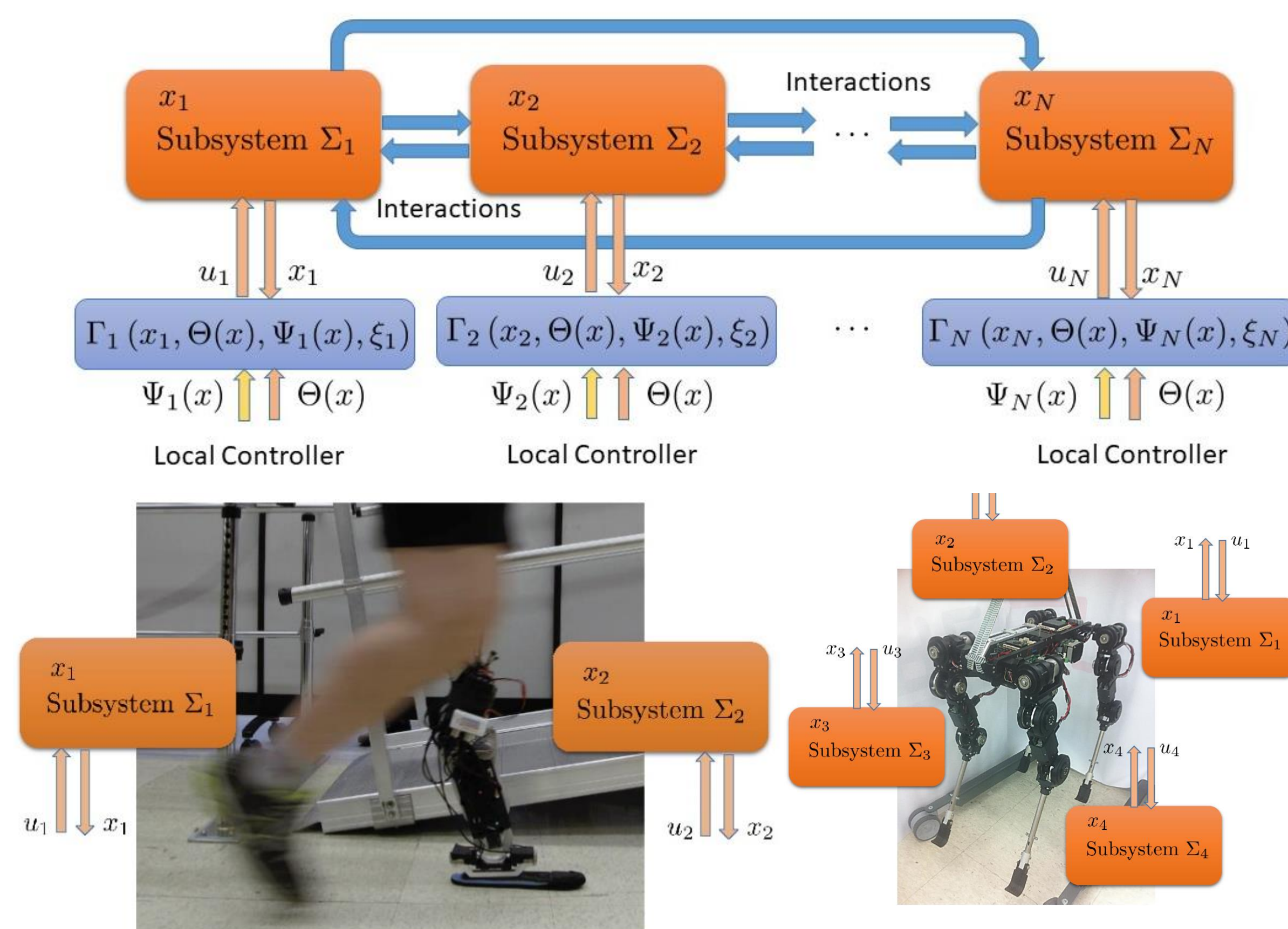
$x_i \in \mathcal{X}_i \subset R^{n_i}$: Local State Variables
 $u_i \in \mathcal{U}_i \subset R^{m_i}$: Local Control Inputs
 $d_i \in \mathcal{D}_i \subset R^{n_i}$: Local Uncertainty



Proposed Decentralized Control

- The local feedback controllers are *parameterized* and *general nonlinear feedback laws* which have access to their own local measurements (i.e., local states) x_i as well as a subset of external measurable global variables $\Psi_i(x)$
- In order to *coordinate* the action of local controllers, we make use of a *common* phasing variable $\Theta(x)$ that is measurable for all subsystems Σ_i for $i \in \{1, 2, \dots, N\}$

$$u_i = \Gamma_i(x_i, \Theta(x), \Psi_i(x), \xi_i), \quad i \in \{1, 2, \dots, N\}$$



Robust Stabilization

- \mathcal{H}_2 - and \mathcal{H}_∞ -optimal control problems on the Poincaré section

$$\mathcal{P} : \begin{cases} x[k+1] = P(x[k], \xi, d[k]) \\ c[k] = c(x[k]) \end{cases}$$

$d[k] \in \mathcal{D}$: discrete-time uncertainty (exogenous inputs)
 $c[k] \in \mathcal{C}$: discrete-time outputs to be controlled

Iterative BMI Algorithm for Tuning Decentralized Controllers

We develop an *effective numerical algorithm* based on a sequence of iterative and offline optimization problems involving Bilinear Matrix Inequalities (BMIs) to overcome specific difficulties arising from the lack of closed-form expression for the Poincaré map, high dimensionality, and underactuation in tuning the parameters of decentralized feedback controllers.

Steps of the BMI Algorithm

Sensitivity Analysis

$$\partial \mathcal{P} : \begin{cases} \delta x[k+1] = \hat{A}(\xi^j, \Delta \xi) \delta x[k] + \hat{B}(\xi^j, \Delta \xi) d[k] \\ \delta c[k] = \frac{\partial c}{\partial x}(x^*) \delta x[k] \end{cases}$$

BMI Optimization

$$\begin{aligned} & \min_{W, Z, \Delta \xi, \mu, \eta} w \mu + \eta \\ & \text{s.t.} \quad \begin{bmatrix} W & \hat{A}(\xi^j, \Delta \xi) W & \hat{B}(\xi^j, \Delta \xi) \\ * & W & 0 \\ * & * & I \end{bmatrix} > 0 \\ & \quad \begin{bmatrix} W & C Z \\ * & Z \end{bmatrix} > 0 \\ & \quad \begin{bmatrix} I & \Delta \xi \\ * & \eta \end{bmatrix} > 0 \\ & \quad \text{trace}(W) < \mu \end{aligned}$$

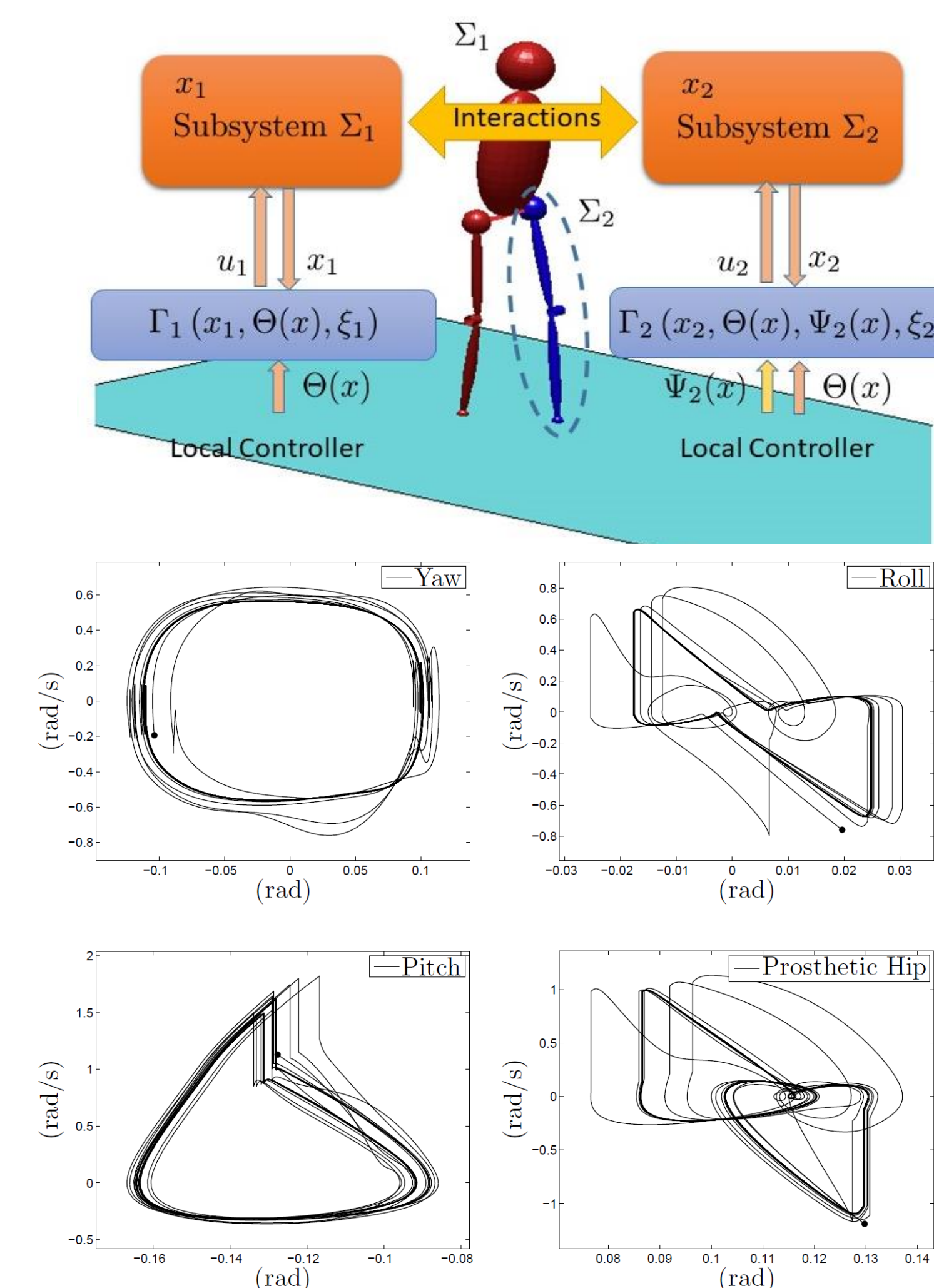
Iteration

$$\xi^{j+1} = \xi^j + \Delta \xi$$

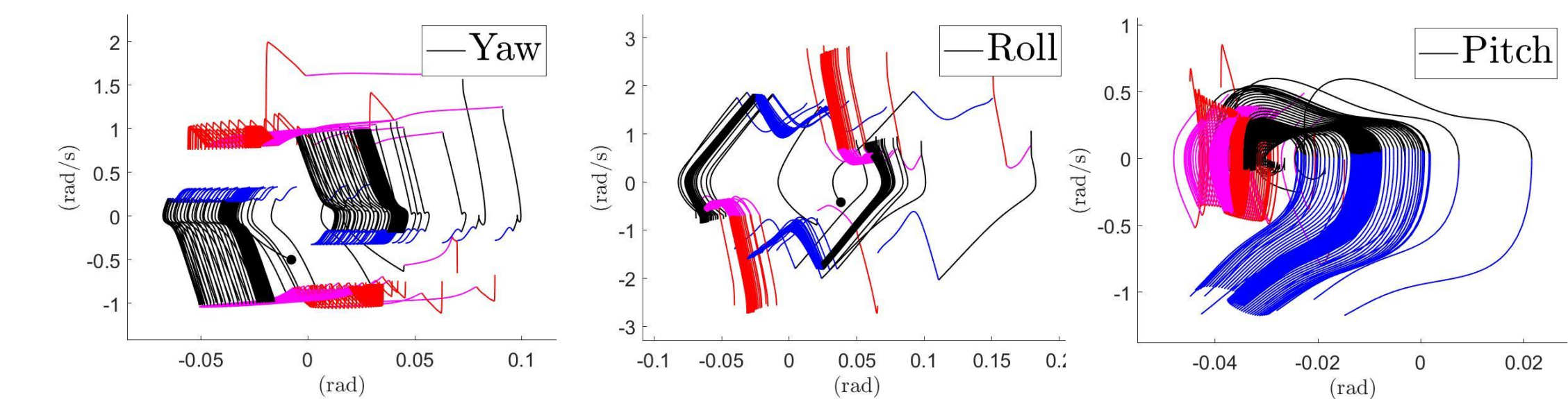
Results

- Designing decentralized virtual constraints and local I-O feedback linearizing controllers for stable walking of amputee locomotion with a transpelvic prosthetic leg
- No expensive force sensor and no high-gain controller for dealing with nonlinear interactions
- 45% improvement in the \mathcal{H}_2 and \mathcal{H}_∞ norms

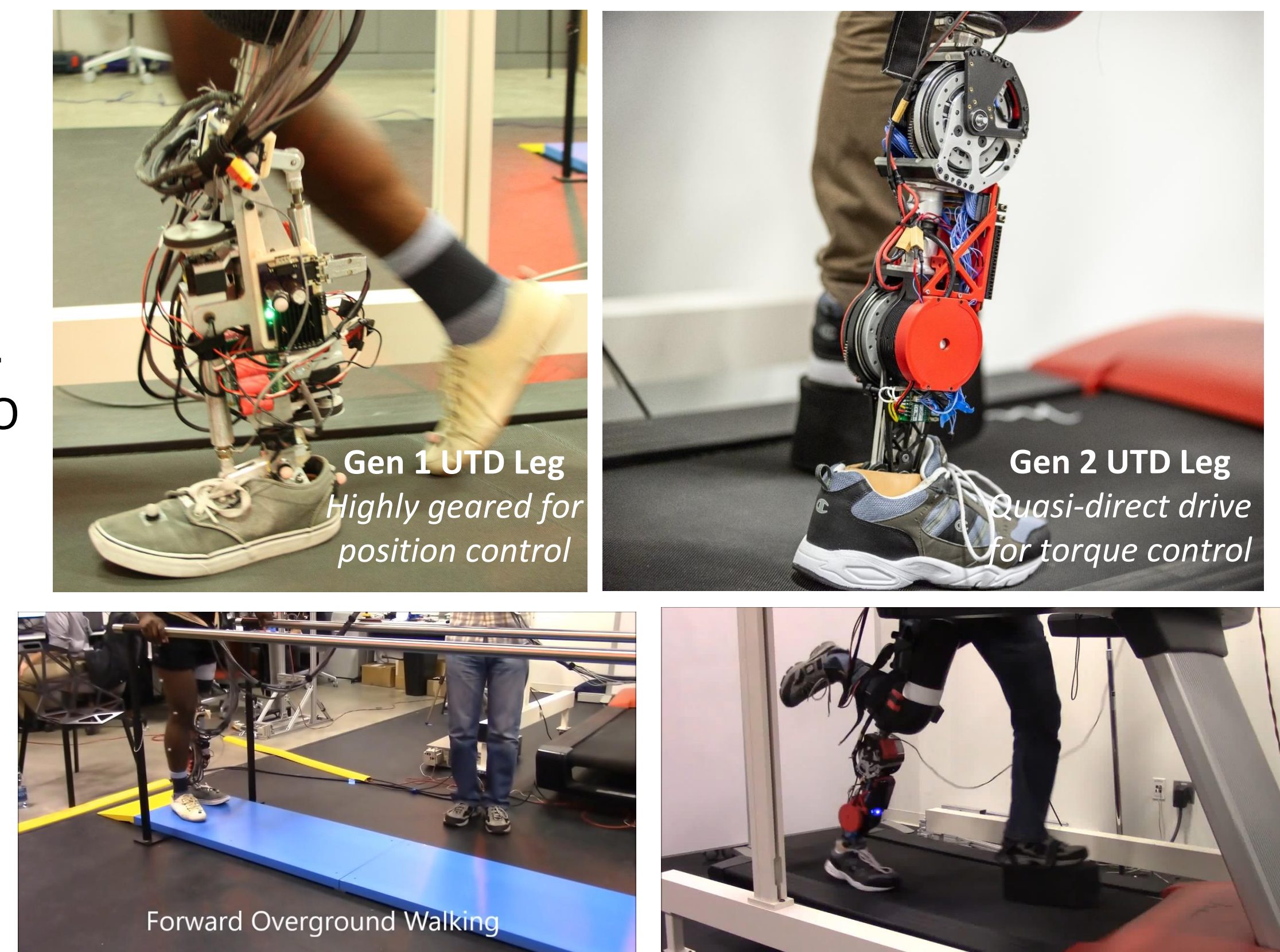
$$y_i = h_i(q_i, \Theta, \Psi_i, \xi_i), \quad i = 1, 2$$



- Designing virtual constraint controllers for stable 3D quadruped locomotion (amble gait) of a simulation model of Vision 60



- Two prosthesis testbeds for decentralized control



Publications

- K. Akbari Hamed and R. D. Gregg, "Decentralized event-based controllers for robust stabilization of hybrid periodic orbits," *IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control*, In Press, August 2018
- K. Akbari Hamed and R. D. Gregg, "Decentralized feedback controllers for robust stabilization of periodic orbits of hybrid systems: Application to bipedal walking," *IEEE Transactions on Control Systems Technology*, 2017
- D. Quintero, D. J. Villarreal, D. J. Lambert, S. Kapp and R. D. Gregg, "Continuous-phase control of a powered knee-ankle prosthesis: Amputee experiments across speeds and inclines," *IEEE Transactions on Robotics*, 2018
- K. Akbari Hamed, R. D. Gregg, A. D. Ames, "Exponentially stabilizing controllers for multi-contact 3D bipedal locomotion," *American Control Conference*, 2018
- K. Akbari Hamed, A. D. Ames, and R. D. Gregg, "Observer-based feedback controllers for exponential stabilization of hybrid periodic orbits: Application to underactuated bipedal walking," *American Control Conference*, 2018
- K. Akbari Hamed, W. Ma, A. D. Ames, "Dynamically stable 3D quadruped walking with multi-domain hybrid system models and virtual constraint controllers," *American Control Conference*, Under Review, 2018
- K. Akbari Hamed and A. D. Ames, "Nonholonomic hybrid zero dynamics for the stabilization of periodic orbits: Application to underactuated robotics walking," *IEEE Transactions on Control Systems Technology*, Under Review, 2018

Acknowledgements

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