STARSS: Small: Design of Light-weight RRAM based Hardware Security Primitives for IoT Devices

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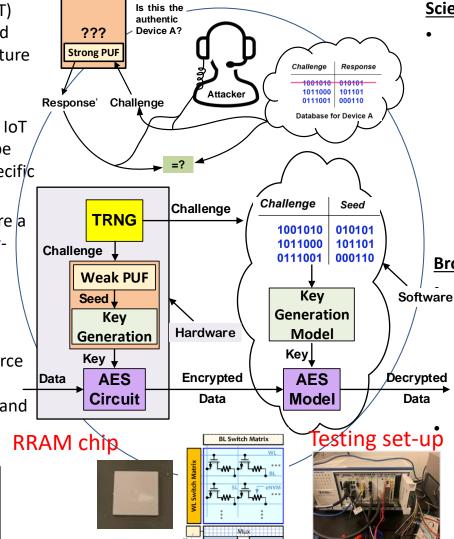
Challenge:

- Each Internet of Things (IoT) devices should be equipped with a unique device signature that can be used for authentication by cloud
- The data transfer between IoT devices and cloud should be encrypted using device-specific cryptographic key
- These new demands require a design of compact and lowpower security primitives

Solution:

 Resistive random access memory (RRAM) provides variability and entropy source for implementing physical __ unclonable function (PUF) and true random number generation (TRNG)

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Scientific Impact:

Experimentally tape-out
the RRAM based PUF and
TRNG through PI's custom
fabrication channel. The
realistic data measured
from the test chips will be
valuable for system
designers to develop more
practical protocols using
RRAM security primitives.

Broader Impact:

If successful, billions of IoT devices could be protected by integration of RRAM based security primitives with conventional silicon circuits.

Will train graduate, undergraduate and K-12 students with knowledge and skills in emerging device technologies and hardware security