



Personalized Heat Exposure Monitoring Using Sensor Cloud Based Framework



UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA

Deepak R. Mishra , Lakshmi Ramaswamy, Andrew Grundstein, Navid Hashemi, Yanzhe Yin, Sujeet Kulkarni, Himanshu Pendyala
Department of Geography and Department of Computer Science
University of Georgia, Athens
{dmishra , laksmr, andrewg, navidht, yy06917, sujeet.kulkarni25, himanshuv.pendyala25}@uga.edu

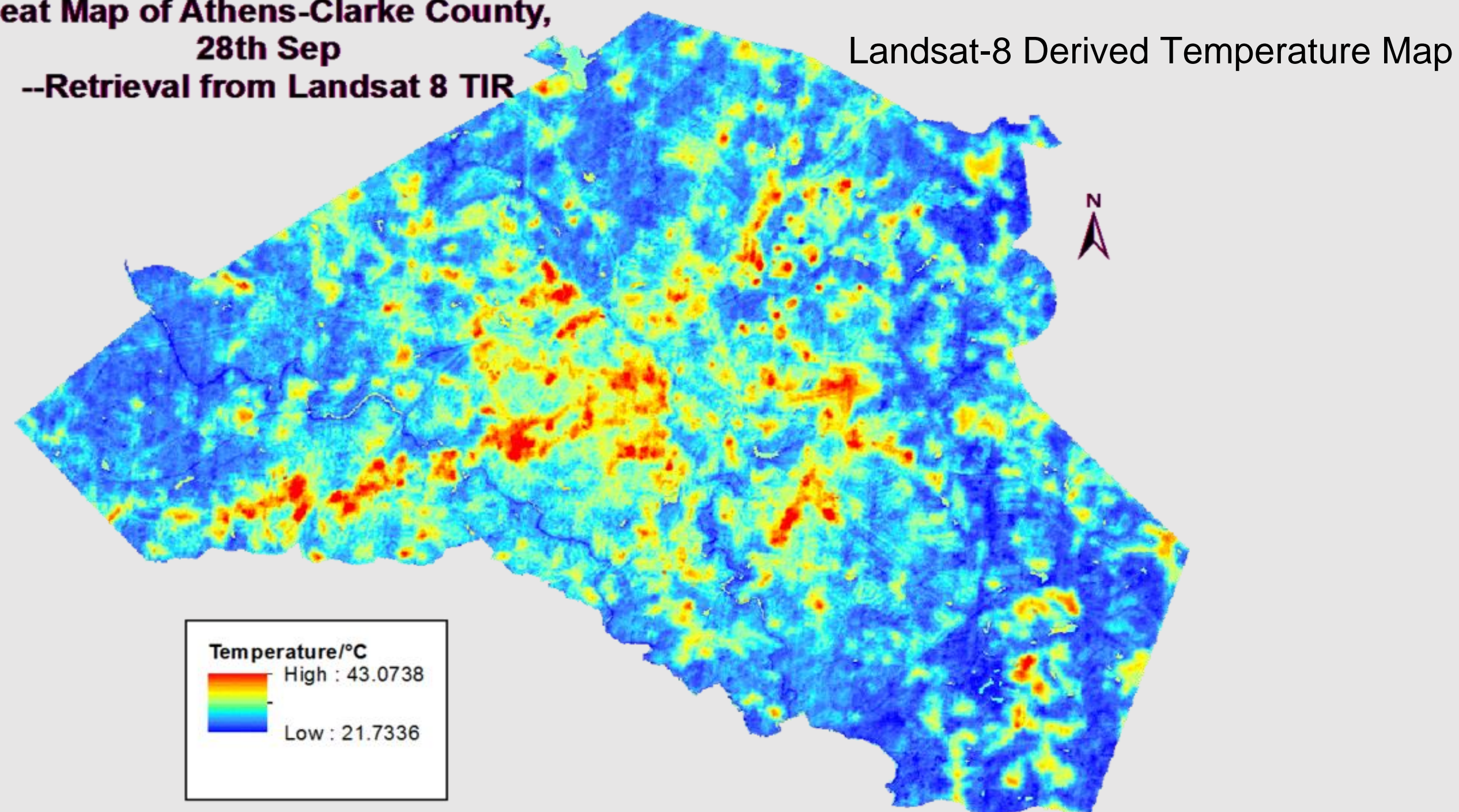
Introduction

An urban heat island (UHI) is an area within an urban setting that is significantly warmer than its surrounding areas. Driven by climate change, extreme heat events are increasingly posing a major health hazard to many urban communities in U.S. and around the world. Most of the existing UHI studies have inherent limitations on two fronts: the spatiotemporal granularities are mostly satellite driven and too coarse; the ability to track the actual heat exposure of individuals is lacking. This project will analyze how smart and pervasive devices including human and vehicle-borne sensors can be harnessed to effectively map and identify urban heat islands (UHIs), and mitigate UHI associated risks on various communities.

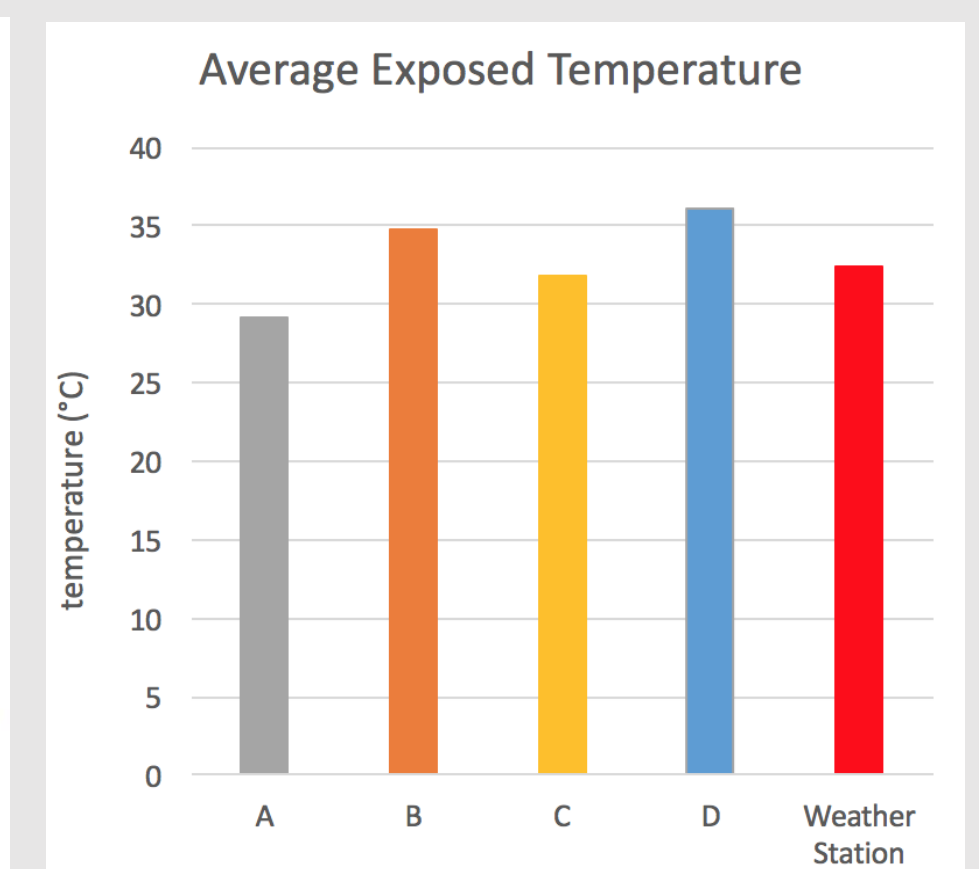
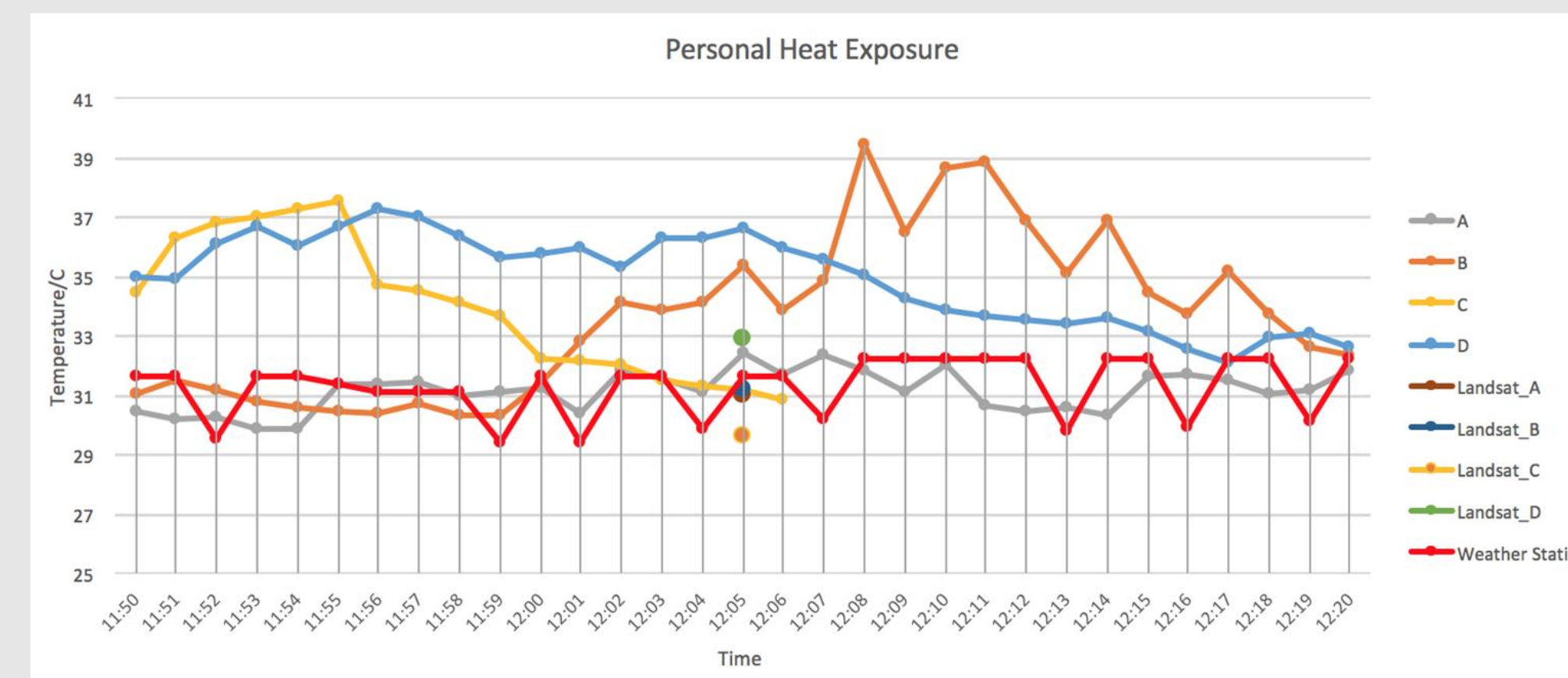
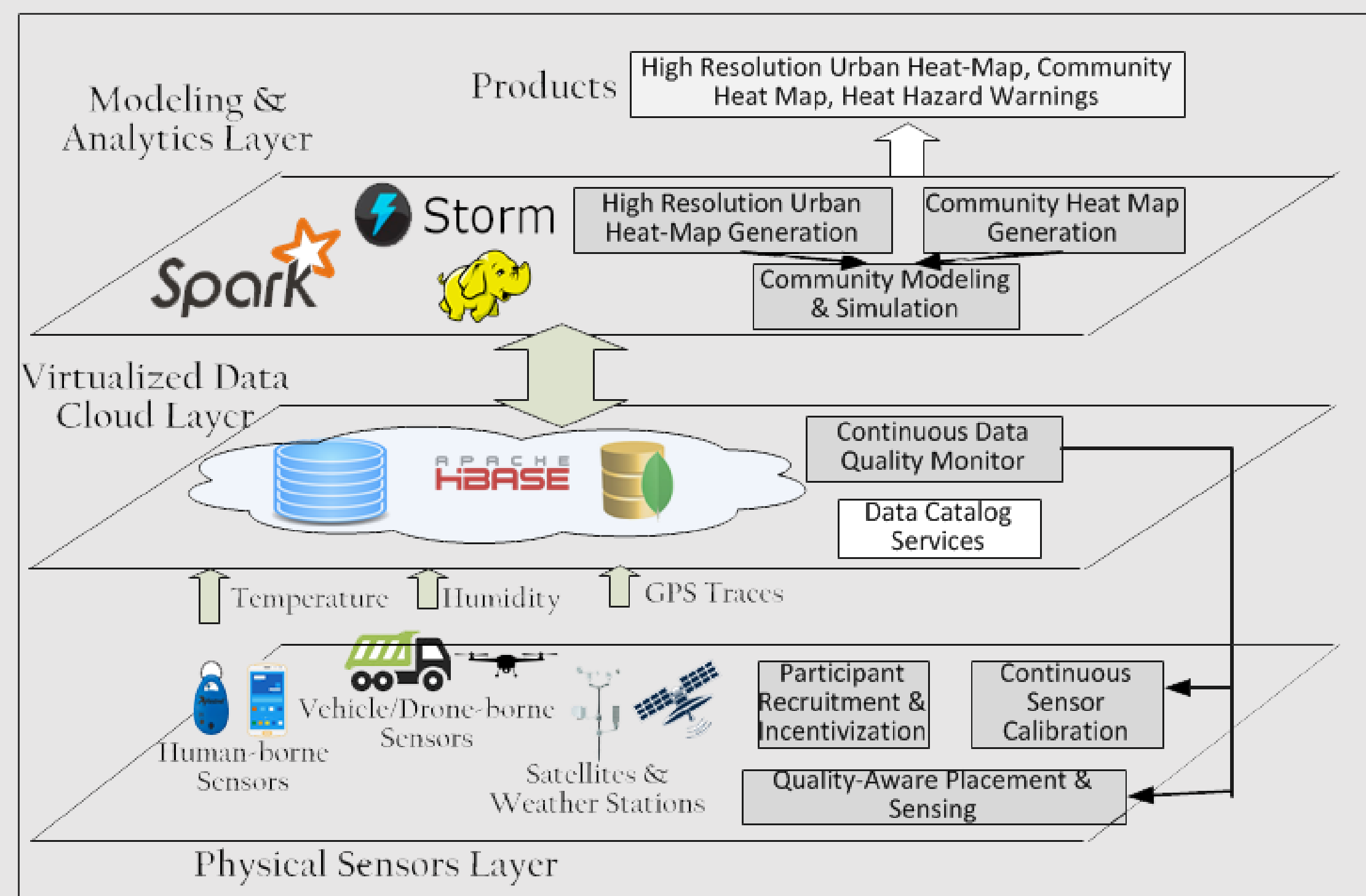
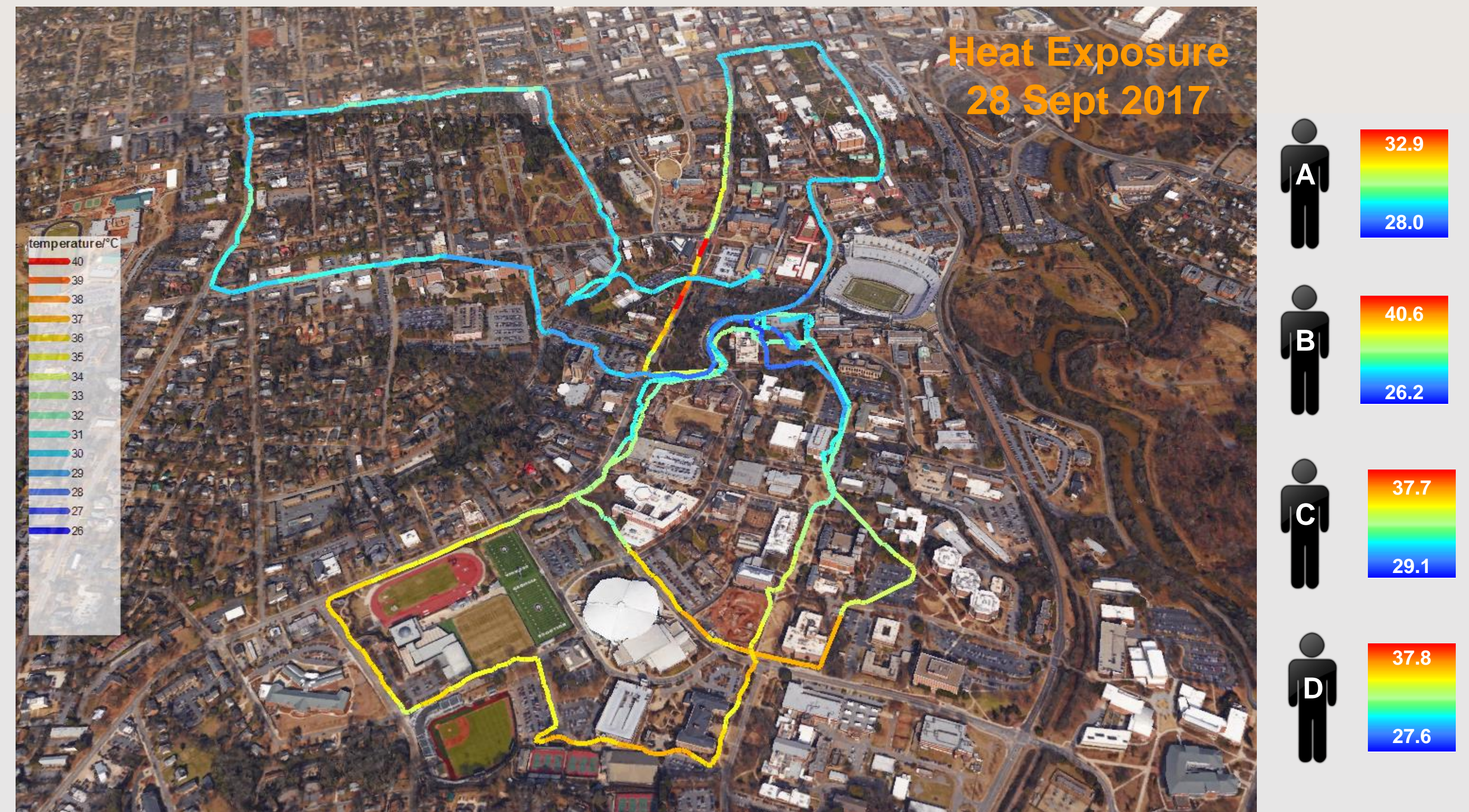
Our New Approach:

- Use Kestrel sensors integrated with mobile application to measure the actual heat exposure
- Accurate GPS measurements
- Real-time data analysis on server to study the spatio-temporal dynamics within known UHIs

Heat Map of Athens-Clarke County, 28th Sep --Retrieval from Landsat 8 TIR



Heat Exposure Data from Human-borne Sensors



Acknowledgements

This research was funded by the National Science Foundation's (NSF)S&CC: Smart & Connected Communities program (Grant # 1637277)

