

CPS: Synergy: Collaborative Research: Enabling Smart Underground Mining with an Integrated Context-Aware Wireless Cyber-Physical Framework

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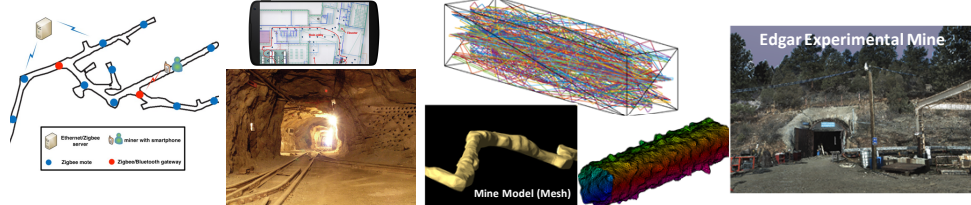
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Mission: The aim of this project is to design, prototype, and test a novel wireless cyber-physical framework of low cost, energy-efficient, and reliable sensor nodes and commodity smartphones for monitoring, tracking, and communication, to improve miner safety in underground mines

Three cross-disciplinary thrusts:

- develop energy-efficient and error-tolerant **indoor (underground) localization** to locate individual miners and groups of miners
- enable co-existence of high quality **voice streams with environmental sensor data streams** in low-power wireless mesh networks
- characterize wireless signal behavior** with EM modeling, based on real measurements, to guide placement of wireless nodes in tunnels



Robust and Energy-Efficient Indoor Localization

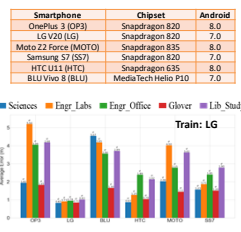
Deep Learning for Indoor Navigation and Localization

- Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) for fingerprinting-based indoor localization
 - Images generated from WiFi AP data
- CNN trained with WiFi AP data across multiple indoor paths
- Deployed on smartphones; hierarchical decision trees for further accuracy
- Average localization error < 2 meters
- Ongoing: adapt to ultra wide band (UWB)

A. Mittal, S. Tiku, S. Pasricha, "Adapting Convolutional Neural Networks for Indoor Localization with Smart Mobile Devices", ACM Great Lakes Symp. on VLSI (GLSVLSI), May 2018. (Best Paper Award)

Enabling Portability in Indoor Navigation and Localization

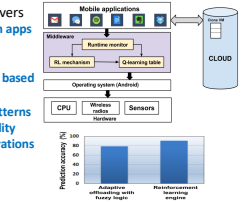
- Indoor localization frameworks can be unreliable and unpredictable across mobile devices!
- Wireless chipsets are very diverse
- PortLoc framework for device heterogeneity-resilience
- Uses Spearman's Correlation Coefficient (SCC), Zero Normalized Cross-Correlation (ZNCC)
- Allows noisy and error-prone WiFi fingerprint readings to be correlated to data in fingerprint database
- Significant improvement in accuracy across localization frameworks



S. Tiku, S. Pasricha, "PortLoc: A Portable Data-driven Indoor Localization Framework for Smartphones", to appear, IEEE Design and Test, 2019.

Offloading for Energy-Efficiency in Mobile Devices

- Offloading from mobile devices to servers
 - Improves performance of localization apps
 - Saves energy and extend battery life
- Middleware framework for offloading
 - Reinforcement (Q) learning – reward based
- Factors considered at runtime
 - App- and user-specific data usage patterns
 - Network signal strength and availability
 - Wireless network consistency observations
 - Potential for energy or QoS benefits
- Can achieve significant improvements
 - 30% battery life, 25% response time

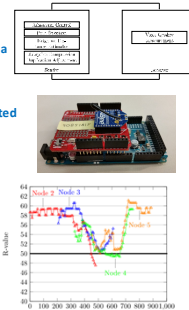


A. Khune, S. Pasricha, "Mobile Network-Aware Middleware Framework for Energy Efficient Cloud Offloading of Smartphone Applications", IEEE Consumer Electronics, Vol. 8, Iss. 1, Jan 2019.

Voice/Data Streaming in Low Power Wireless Networks

Voice Convergecast in Mobile Low Power Wireless Networks

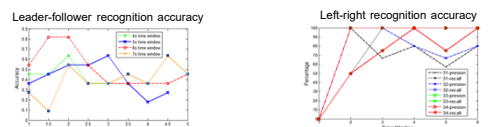
- Integrated routing and admission control
 - Maximize number of admitted streams
 - Key concept: quality of path (minimum number of contention domains affected on a path between a node and a sink)
 - Multi-layer approach
 - Deployed on Arduino Due and Xbee S1
 - 3 concurrent mobile streams can be supported
 - Ongoing: voice multicast



M. Adkins, Q. Han, S. Pasricha, "Quality-aware Voice Convergecast in Mobile Low Power Wireless Networks", IEEE International Conference on Mobile Computing, Applications and Services (MOBIASE), Hangzhou, China, June 14-15, 2019.

Recognition of Group Structure and Mobility Level using Mobile Devices

- Group characterization is important for public safety
 - Not use accurate locations
 - Use data from accelerometer, magnetic field, and Wi-Fi
 - Fine-grained mobility classification: stationary, strolling, walking, running
 - Structure recognition based on relative relations: leader-follower, left-right
 - Implemented & evaluated on Android phones
 - KNN outperforms SVM, NB, DT in mobility classification

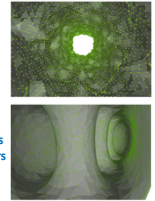


H. Du, Z. Yu, F. Yi, Z. Wang, Q. Han, B. Guo, "Recognition of Group Mobility Level and Group Structure with Mobile Devices", IEEE Trans. Mobile Computing (TMC), Vol. 17, No. 4, April 2018.

EM Modeling/Characterization in Underground Mines

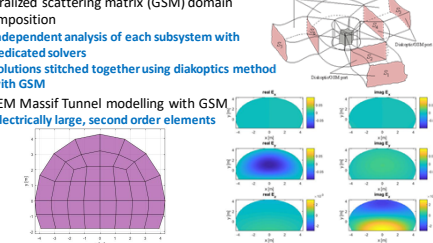
Modeling of EM Propagation in Underground Mines

- Data acquisition and surface reconstruction
 - Scan mine into point cloud data
 - Topologically correct surface reconstruction guarantees
 - Algorithm to convert from triangular mesh to quads
- Efficient approach to rendering real-world structures and objects for analysis by computational EM solvers
 - Ongoing: localization
- Hybridization of several methods and solvers
 - Diakoptic/GSM domain decomposition
 - Subsystems solved using Finite Element Method (FEM), Method of Moments (MoM), Ray Tracing (RT) method, and Vector Parabolic Equation (VPE) method



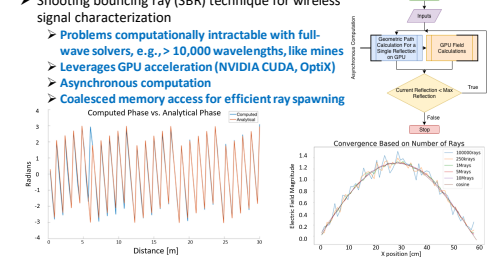
GSM Analysis Using Piecewise Full-Wave Solutions

- Generalized scattering matrix (GSM) domain decomposition
 - Independent analysis of each subsystem with dedicated solvers
 - Solutions stitched together using diakoptics method with GSM
- 2D FEM Massif Tunnel modelling with GSM
 - Electrically large, second order elements



Ray Tracing for Wireless Signal Characterization

- Shooting bouncing ray (SBR) technique for wireless signal characterization
 - Problems computationally intractable with full-wave solvers, e.g., > 10,000 wavelengths, like mines
 - Leverages GPU acceleration (NVIDIA CUDA, OptiX)
 - Asynchronous computation
 - Coalesced memory access for efficient ray spawning

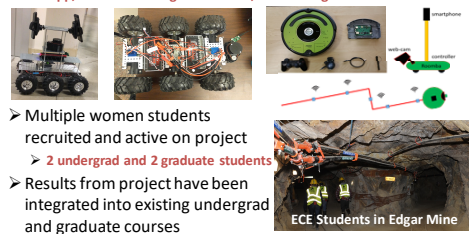


Societal Impact:

- The project will enable a broad range of sensing, tracking, and communication applications for extreme subterranean and noisy indoor environments
 - will benefit from the reduced cost, greater flexibility, and better energy-efficiency of our proposed wireless infrastructure
 - e.g. #1, search/rescue in buildings, tunnels, and subway systems
 - e.g. #2, safer cave exploration, underground archaeological digs
- Network users, designers, and practitioners will be able to exploit symbiotic relationship between wireless signal propagation and technology that relies on such signals
 - to achieve guarantees about performance, energy-use, and quality
- Individual components will also find broad applicability
 - e.g., wireless signal propagation modeling will help radio-wave propagation characterization in subway and railway tunnels/stations, and modern communication-based train control (CBTC) systems

Education and Outreach:

- New Vertically Integrated Project (ViP) and Capstone Project on "Indoor Localization" created to engage sophomore, junior, and senior undergraduate students with graduate students
 - 17 undergraduates have worked on wadwiring robot design, mobile app, voice streaming on LPWLAN, wireless signal characterization
- Multiple women students recruited and active on project
 - 2 undergrad and 2 graduate students
- Results from project have been integrated into existing undergrad and graduate courses



Broader Research Impact:

- The outcomes of the project will result in a CPS for tracking, monitoring, and communication in underground mines
 - normal conditions, and in emergency response and rescue operations
- Deployment and testing in real underground mines
 - will help validate the developed scientific principles in the real world
- The attainment of this outcome will transform the lives of hundreds of thousands of miners in the USA that work in high stress and hazardous underground mines
 - especially as the desire to reduce reliance on other countries for minerals has led to an upswing in mining activity in recent years
- Our three synergistic thrusts are foundational and can be applied to a broad range of applications
 - wherever emphasis is on creating smarter workplaces, sustainably operating in extreme environments, and improving human safety