Exploiting Physical Properties in Wireless Networks for Implicit Authentication

Pls: Yingying (Jennifer) Chen¹, Hongbo Liu²

¹Rutgers University, ²Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis

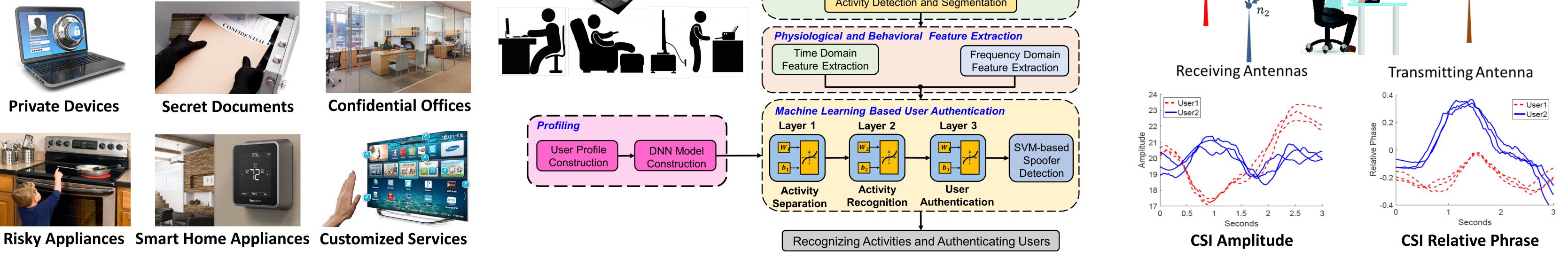
¹http://www.winlab.rutgers.edu/~yychen/, ²http://mypage.iu.edu/~hl45/

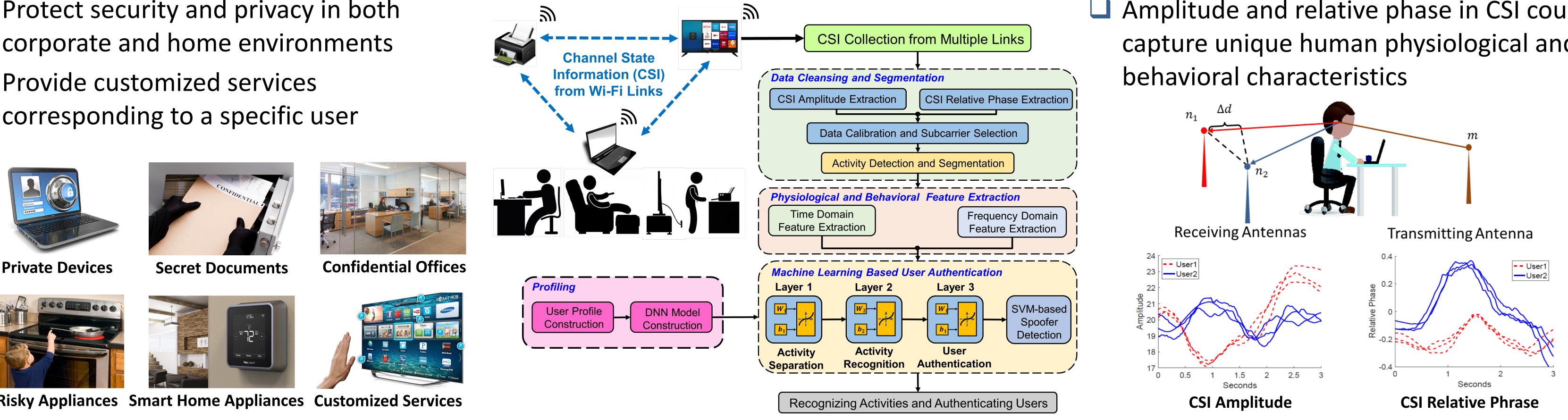


Device-free User Authentication

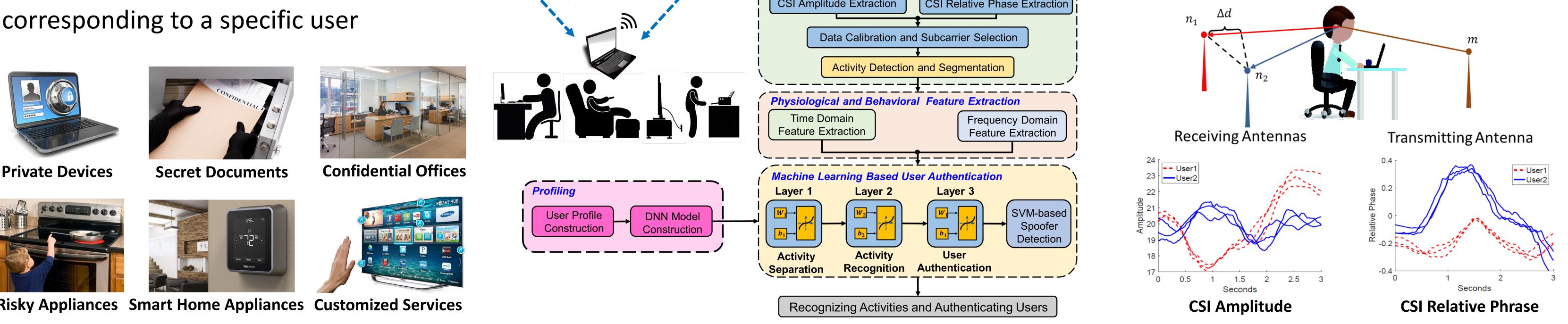
Protect security and privacy in both corporate and home environments

Provide customized services corresponding to a specific user





Amplitude and relative phase in CSI could capture unique human physiological and



Challenges

- Quantify the differences on physiological and behavioral characteristics captured by wireless signals
- **Extract representative features from noisy CSI measurements**
- Recognize activity and identity simultaneously
- Adapt the machine learning model to new enrollments and change of the environments

Scientific Impacts

- Advance knowledge in exploiting physical layer information for securing corporate and home environments
- Contribute to the successful development and adoptions of customized applications involving wireless devices
- Implement and validate the proposed strategies by prototyping the framework with commodity hardware

Approaches

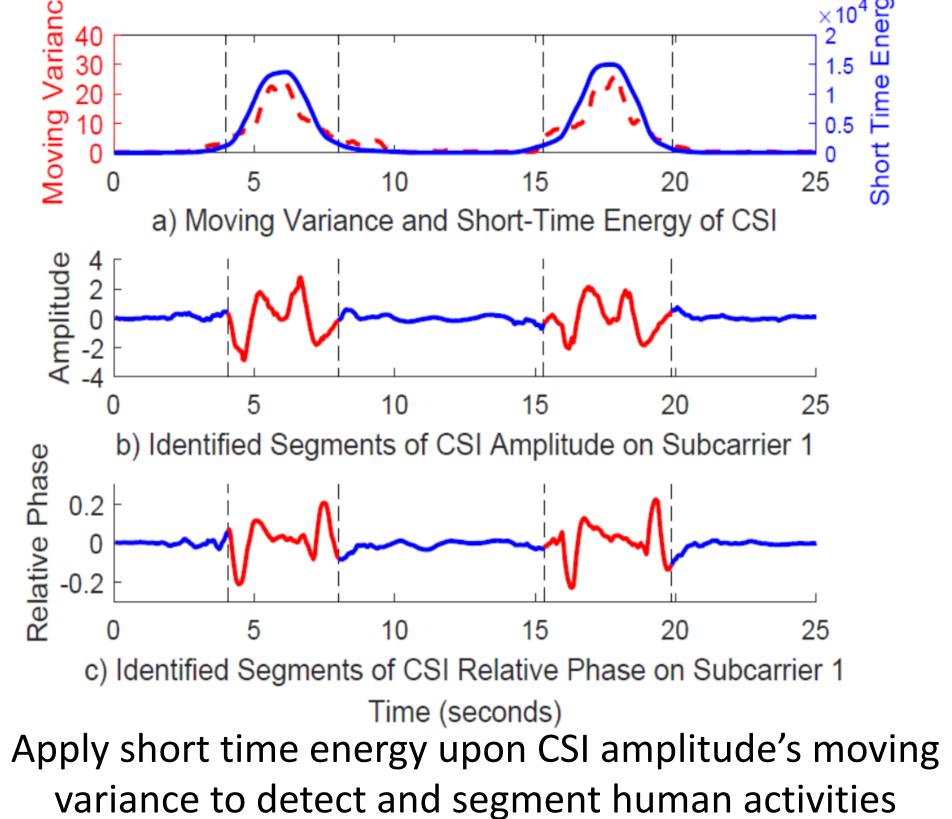
10

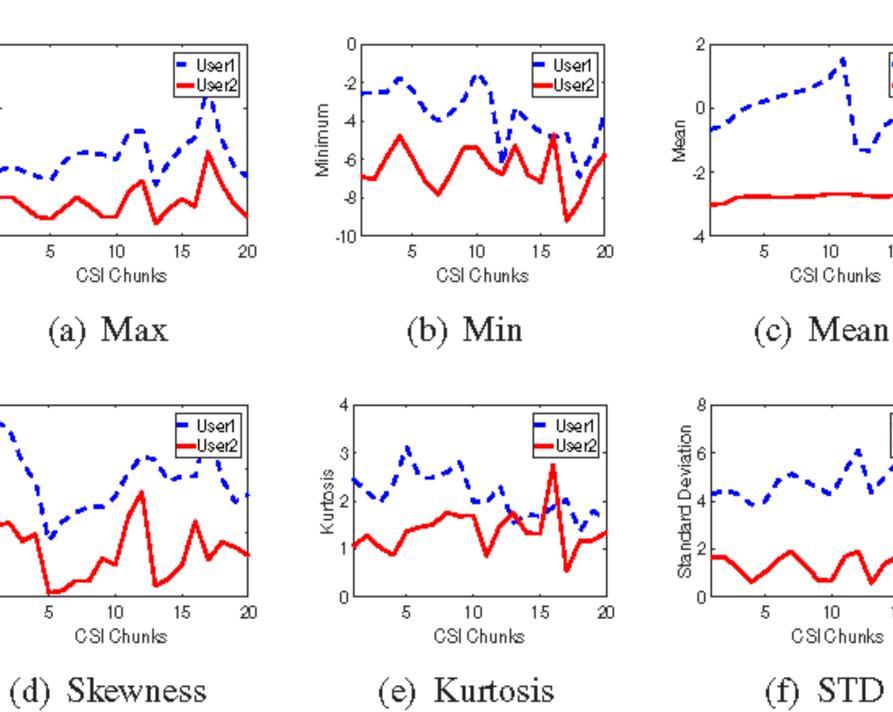
15

Activity Detection & Segmentation

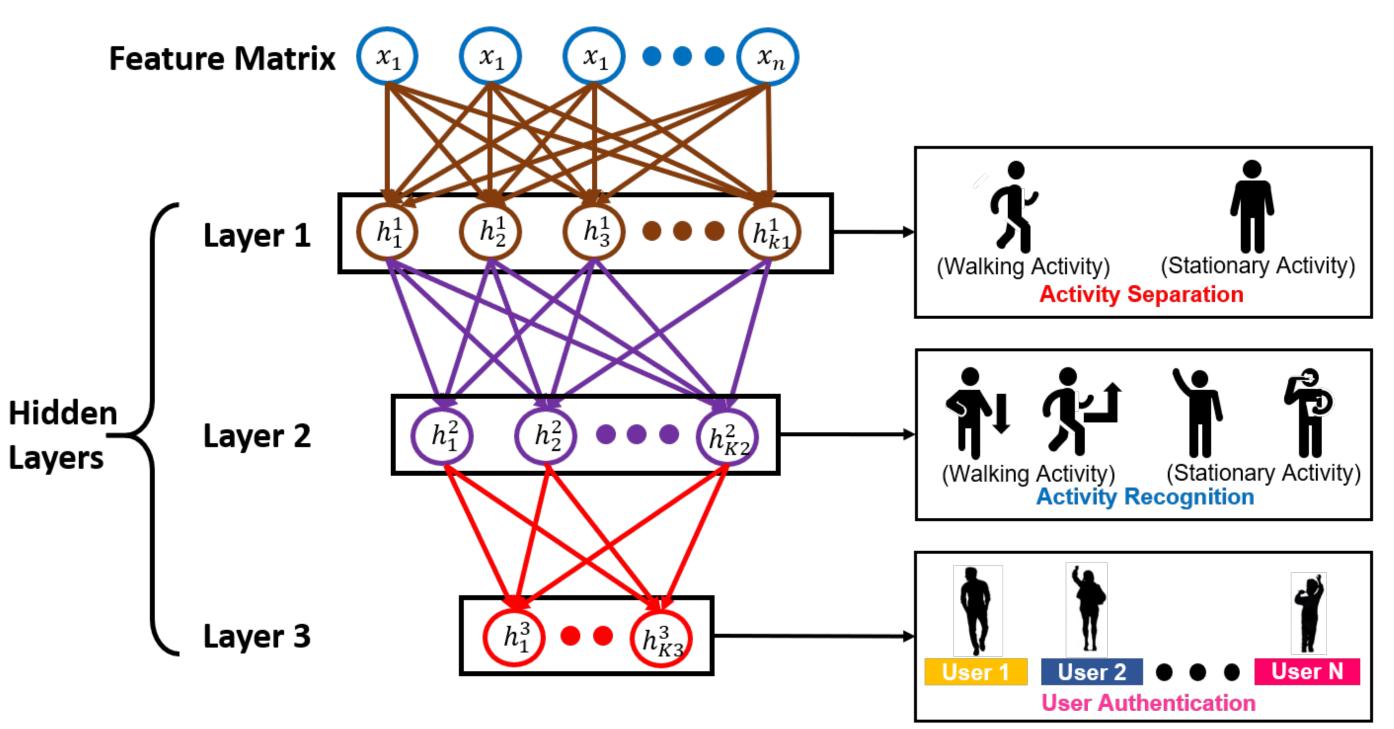
Physiological/Behavioral Feature Extraction

Deep Learning based User Authentication





Partition each CSI segment into chunks of equal length and extract time/frequency domain features



Design three-layer Deep Neural Network based on stacked autoencoder and convolutional neural network structures

Broader Impacts

Advance the foundation of exploiting Wi-Fi signals to assist security solutions

Include curriculum development, outreaching to K-12 students

G Facilitate a variety of emerging wireless applications

The 4th NSF Secure and Trustworthy Cyberspace Principal Investigator Meeting

October 28-29, 2019 | Alexandria, Virginia