

2021 NSF CYBER-PHYSICAL SYSTEMS PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS' MEETING

CPS: Small: Collaborative Research: Information Design and Price Mechanisms in Platforms for Cyber-Physical Systems with Learning Agents

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Challenge:

- Our project studies the design, and evaluation of pricing and information mechanisms for platforms where agents learn over time.
- *This talk:* How do we evaluate ("A/B test") two policies?
- Problem: One policy changes state seen by the other
- Standard approach in industry is *switchback experimentation*
- But this can be badly biased and sample inefficient

Solution:

• We use a Markov chain approach to design efficient, consistent experiments and estimators

Contact: Ramesh Johari (rjohari@stanford.edu) Suppose you are one of these: Upt Uber

And compare two pricing policies: A ("high prices") vs. B ("low prices").

Standard practice is a switchback design: Alternate A then B.

<u>Problem</u>: B will use up supply, so A will look worse than it really is!

We develop an adaptive experimental design and estimator for this problem. (Glynn, Johari, Rasouli, NeurIPS 2020)

Scientific Impact:

- "Al at system scale": Policies that are stateful and change the entire system (pricing, information design, etc.) can't be A/B tested classically
- Need novel experimental approaches to evaluate these policies; our work provides a foundation for these designs
- Ongoing work focused on computational efficiency and adaptive clustered crossover designs

Broader Impact:

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- In the real world, proposed changes to system operation (e.g., in ridesharing systems: pricing, matching, information disclosure, etc.) are never just implemented – they are **always** tested first.
- Understanding how to compare stateful algorithms in the field is essential if we plan to see our innovations eventually used in practice.
- Relevant in all platforms where stateful policies are compared (transportation, power, health care, etc.)