Logical Clustering and Learning

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For Time-Series Data

- Problem: Want to group together "similar" traces (time series).
- New Problem: What does "similar" mean?
- Key Idea: Use Parametric Signal Temporal (PSTL) to design Features.

Toy Example

Task: Organize based on how successful the lane change at t = 10 was

PSTL Template

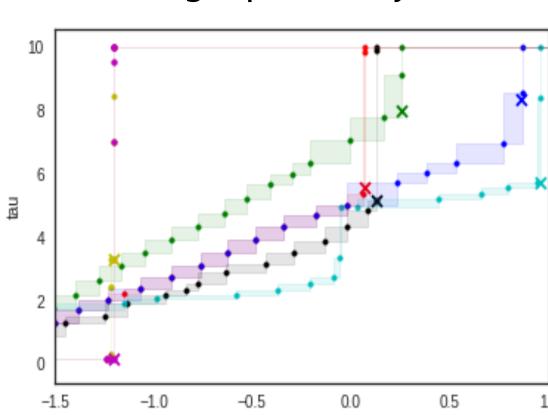
 $\varphi(\tau, a) = F\left(\text{lane_change}(t) \land F_{(0,\tau]}(x(t) - x_{\text{ref}(t)}) > a\right)$

Example Lane Change

The behaviors 3 behaviors exhibited after the lane change command.

- 1. Ignore Lane Change
- 2. Overshoot Kane
- 3. Correctly Lane Change

Lexicographic Projections

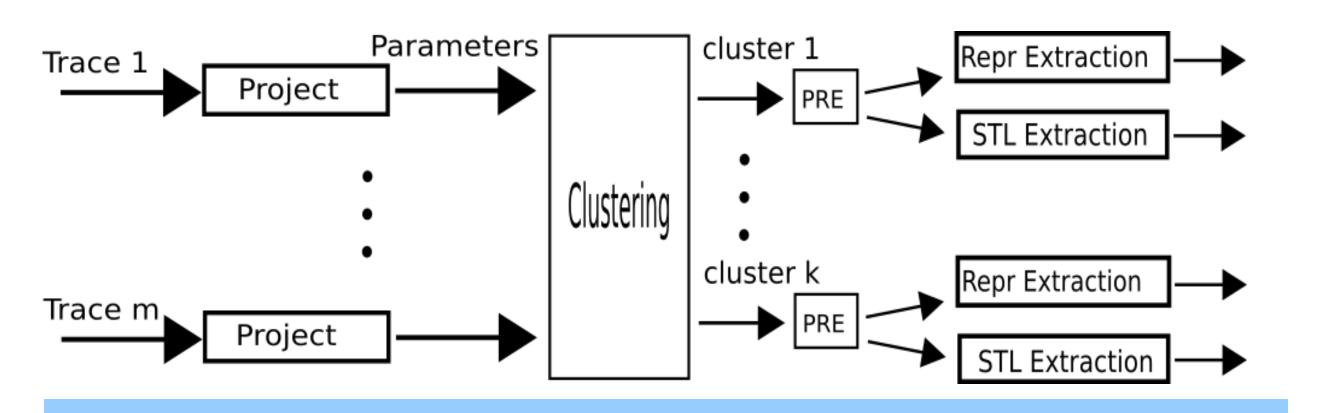


Approximations of the boundary of satsifaction for each trace.

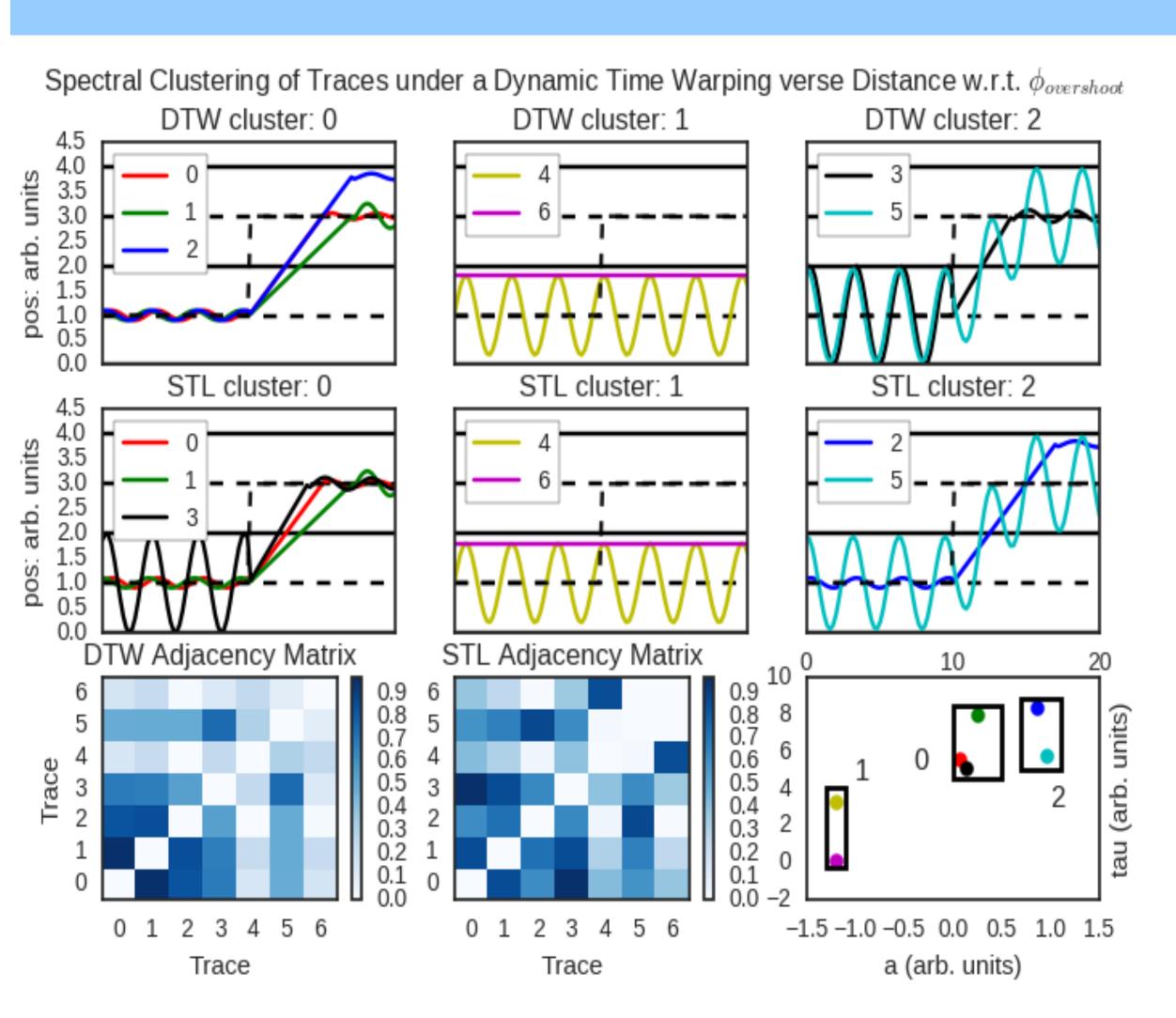
The X marks the lexicographic optima for each boundary.

We compare with the dynamic time warping distance of each trace (a common feature agnostic way to measure shape similarity of time series).

Overview



Results of Spectral Clustering



Cluster Bounding Box to STL

$$\psi_B \triangleq \varphi(\nu_w) \land \bigwedge_{\nu \in E_B} \neg \varphi(\nu)$$

Red Black Green $\triangleq \varphi(8,0) \land \neg \varphi(4,0) \land \neg \varphi(8,0.5)$

 E_B is the set of "essential" corners

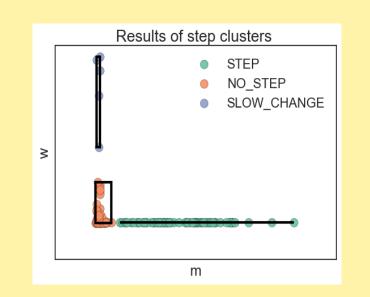
Award Number: 1544924

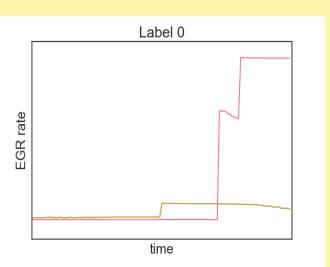
Case Studies

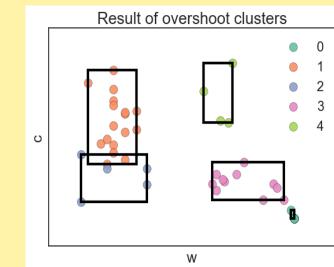
Diesel Engine

Task: Characterize overshoots due to step in reference flow rate

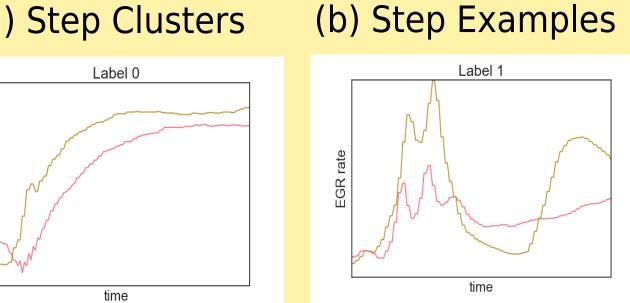
Overshoot Template same as Toy Example Step Template: $F\left(\ddot{x} > m \land F_{[0,w]}(\ddot{x}) < -m\right)$

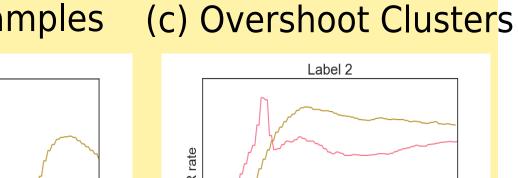






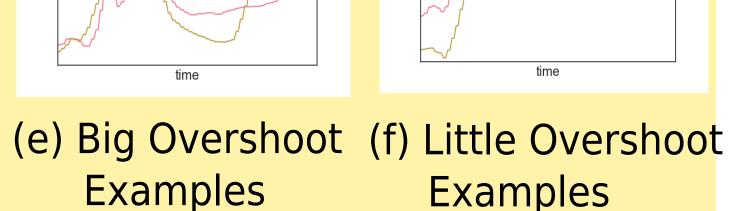
(a) Step Clusters





(d) No Overshoot Examples

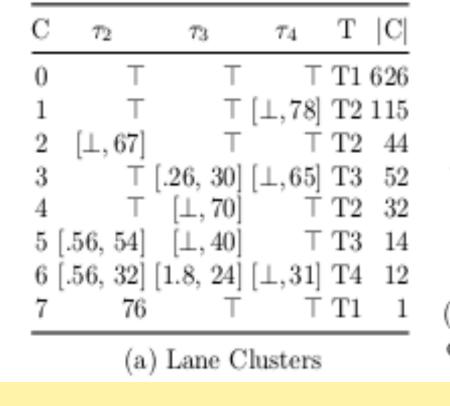
Examples

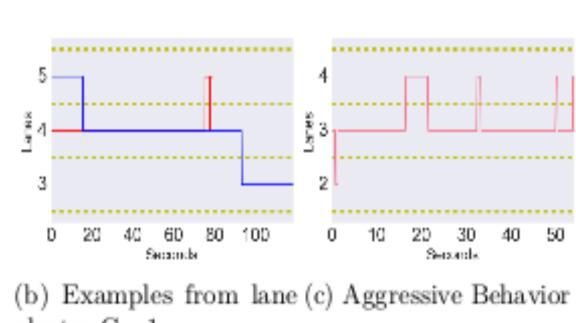


Highway 101

Task: Characterize Lane Weaving on Highway 101

$$\bigvee_{i} (x \neq L_{i}) \wedge \left(F_{(0,\epsilon]} ((x = L_{i}) U_{[\epsilon,\tau_{i})} (x \neq L_{i})) \right)$$





cluster C= 1





