

# NRI: FND: COLLAB: Distributed Bayesian Learning and Safe Control for Autonomous Wildfire Detection

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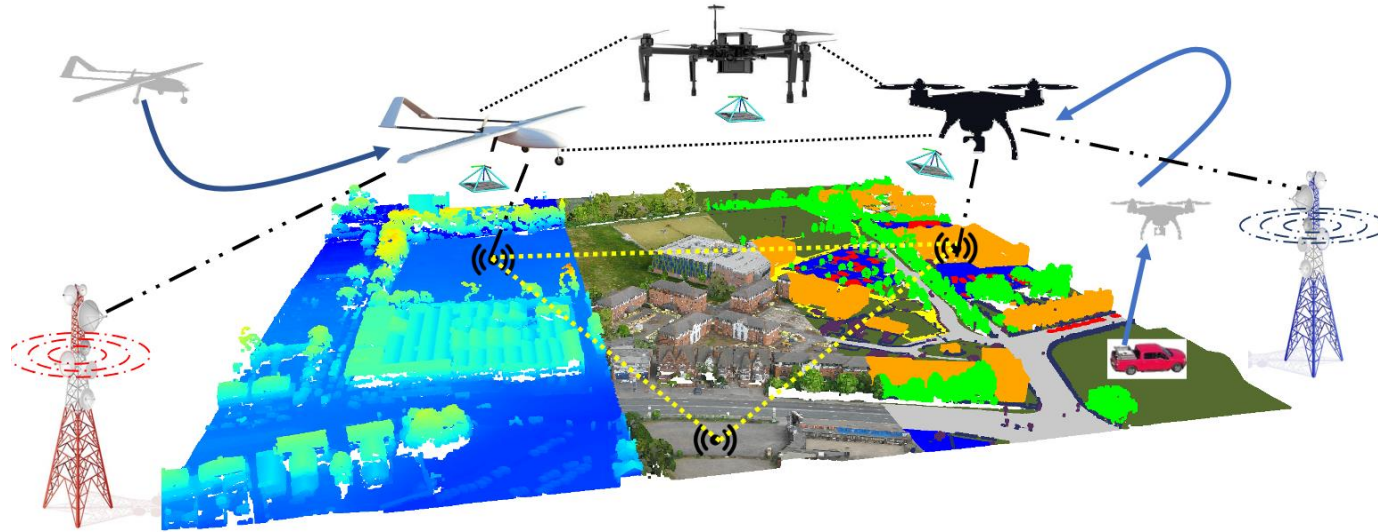
<sup>3</sup>ECE, SDSU

## Challenge

- Real-time environmental monitoring using an unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) team

## Technical Approach

- **Task A:** Online multi-modal terrain mapping
- **Task B:** Communication- and uncertainty-aware UAV trajectory planning
- **Task C:** Robot control with safety and stability guarantees



## Scientific and Education Impacts

- Develop fundamental robot autonomy capabilities to support environmental monitoring
- UCSD-SDSU collaboration to increase undergraduate participation in robotics research

## Broader Impacts

- Situational awareness for first responders
- Data collection for pre and post fire monitoring and fire spread simulation

# Motivation



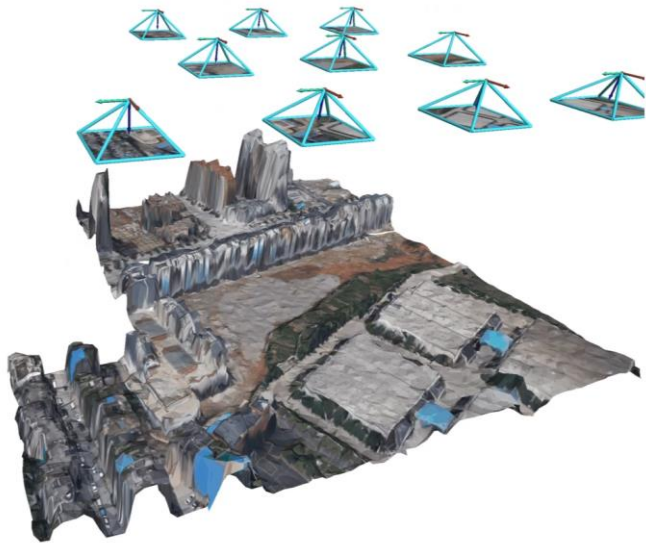
**North California Wildfires**



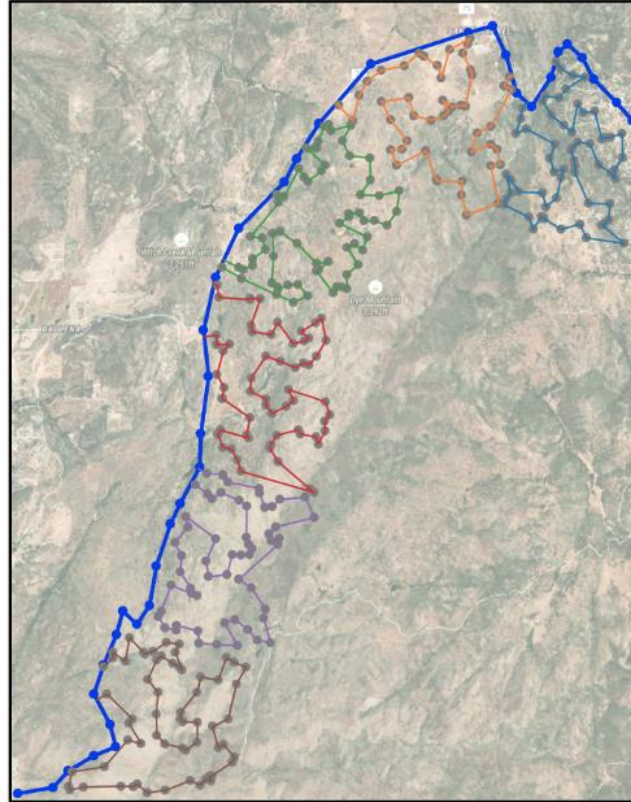
**Smog over Los Angeles**

- **Environmental monitoring** and **disaster response** are problems of growing importance that require persistent sensing and data collection
- **Persistent monitoring** and **early detection** are critical factors in mitigating damages to ecological systems and human infrastructure

# Project Overview



**Task A:** Online multi-modal terrain mapping



**Task B:** Comms-, uncertainty-aware trajectory planning

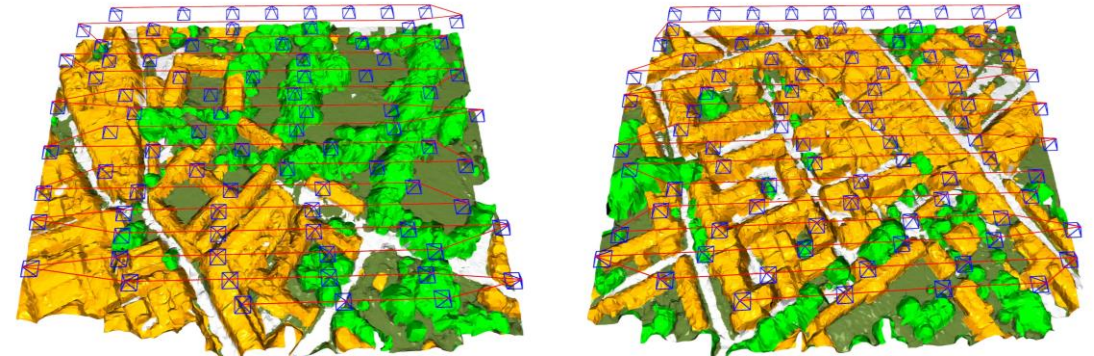
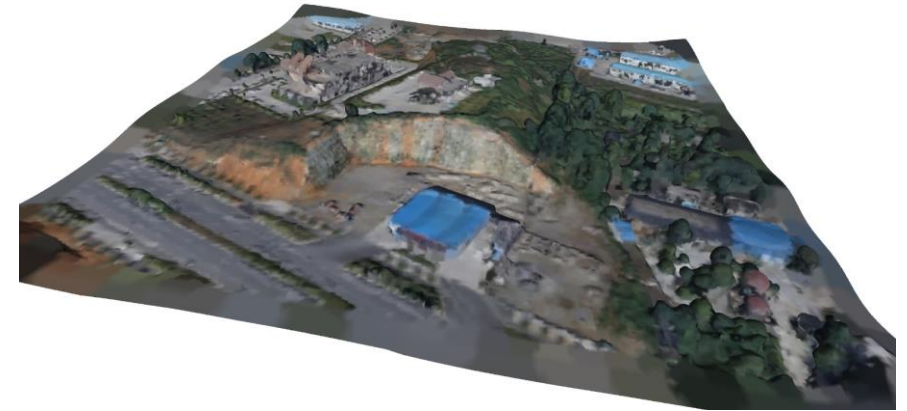
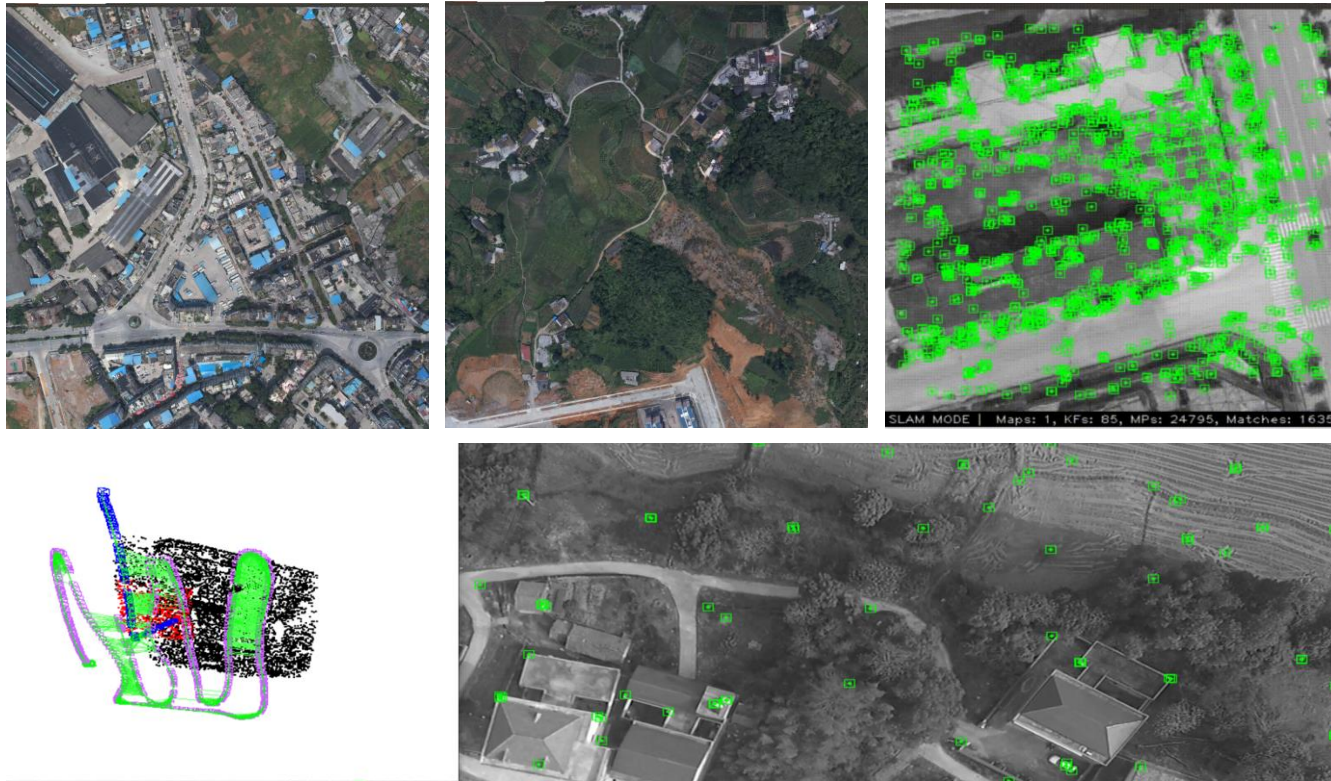


**Task C:** Robot control with safety and stability guarantees

# Task A: Online Multi-modal Terrain Mapping

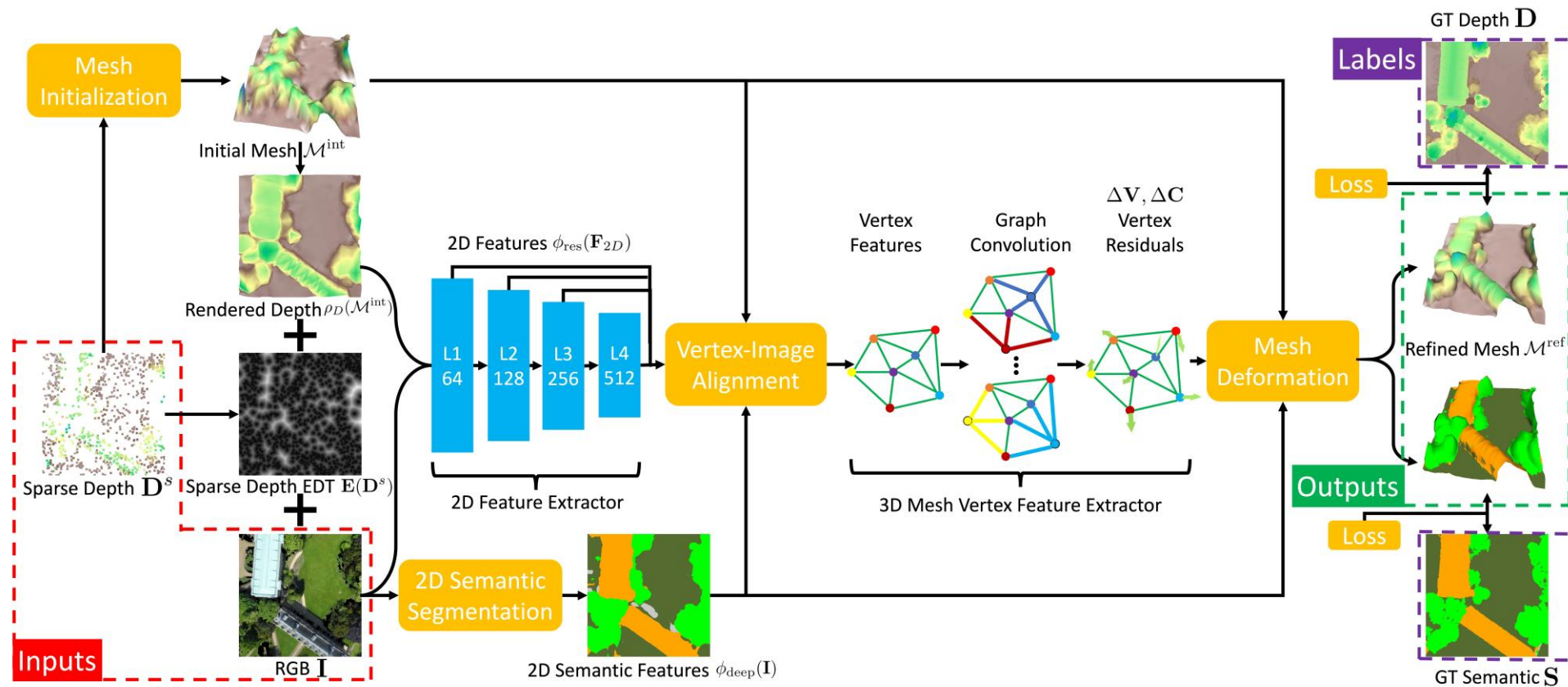
**Input:** streaming aerial RGB images and sparse depth of tracked features

**Output:** semantically annotated mesh model of the environment



# Task A: Online Multi-modal Terrain Mapping

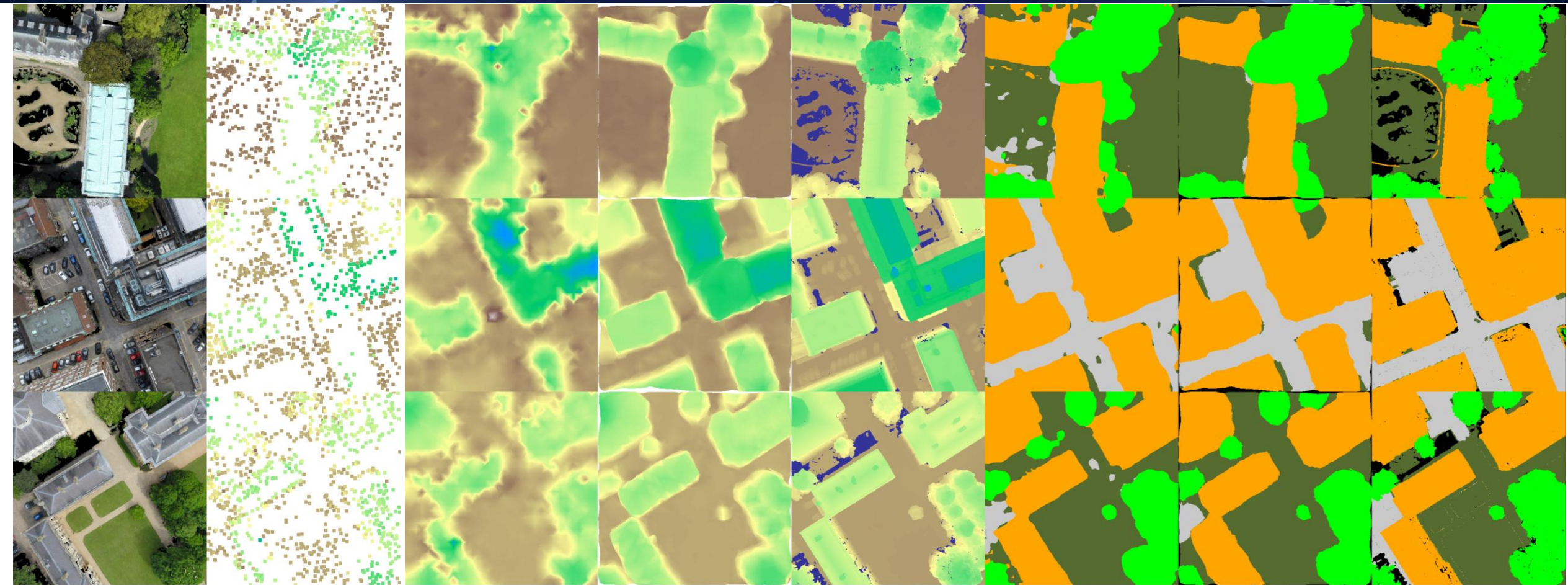
**Major Contribution:** Graph convolution neural network model to mesh vertex prediction, minimizing 3-D mesh and 2-D depth errors



Q. Feng, N. Atanasov, "Mesh Reconstruction from Aerial Images for Outdoor Terrain Mapping Using Joint 2D-3D Learning," IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA), 2021

Q. Feng, N. Atanasov, "TerrainMesh: Metric-Semantic Terrain Reconstruction from Aerial Images Using Joint 2D-3D Learning," submitted to IEEE Transactions on Robotics (T-RO)

# Task A: Online Multi-modal Terrain Mapping



RGB

Sparse Depth

Initialized

Refined

GT Depth

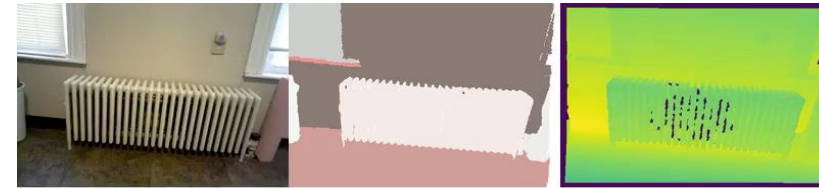
2D Segment

Sem Refined

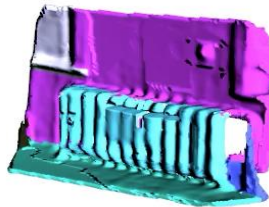
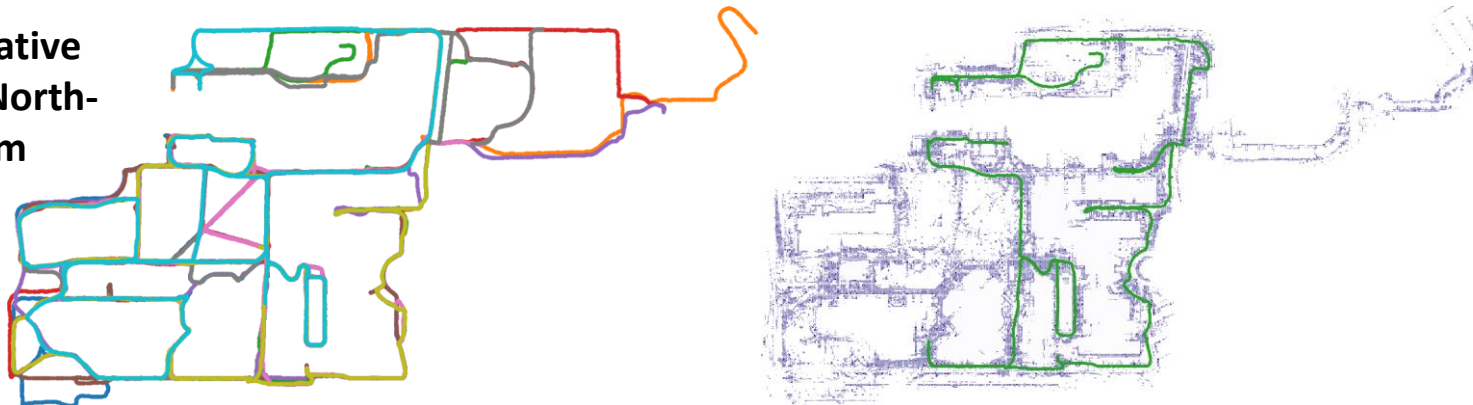
GT Semantic

# Task A: Other Achievements

- Information filter occupancy mapping using decomposable radial kernels (**IROS 2019**)
- Dense incremental metric-semantic mapping via sparse Gaussian Process regression (**IROS, 2020**)
- Distributed Gaussian Process mapping for robot teams with time-varying communication (**ACC, 2022**)
- Dense incremental metric-semantic mapping for multi-agent systems via sparse Gaussian process regression (**submitted to TRO**)

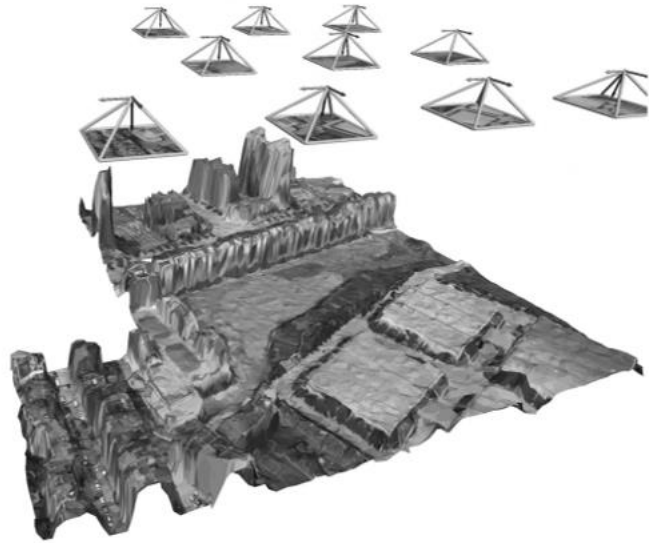


10 robot collaborative mapping UMich North-Campus Long-Term dataset

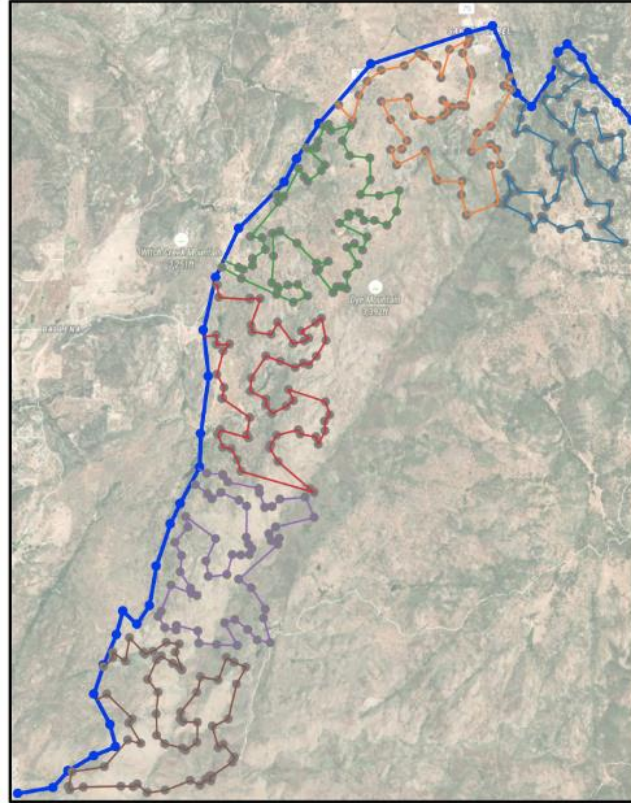


Indoor metric-semantic signed distance function reconstruction from streaming RGBD images, SceneNN dataset

# Project Overview



Task A: Online multi-modal terrain mapping



Task B: Comms-, uncertainty-aware trajectory planning

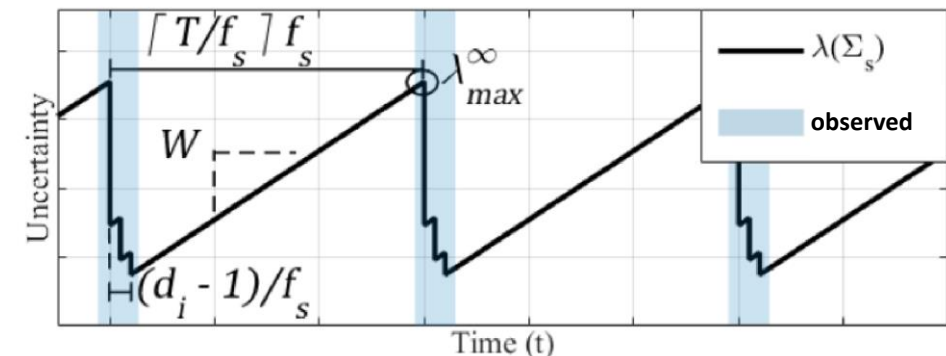
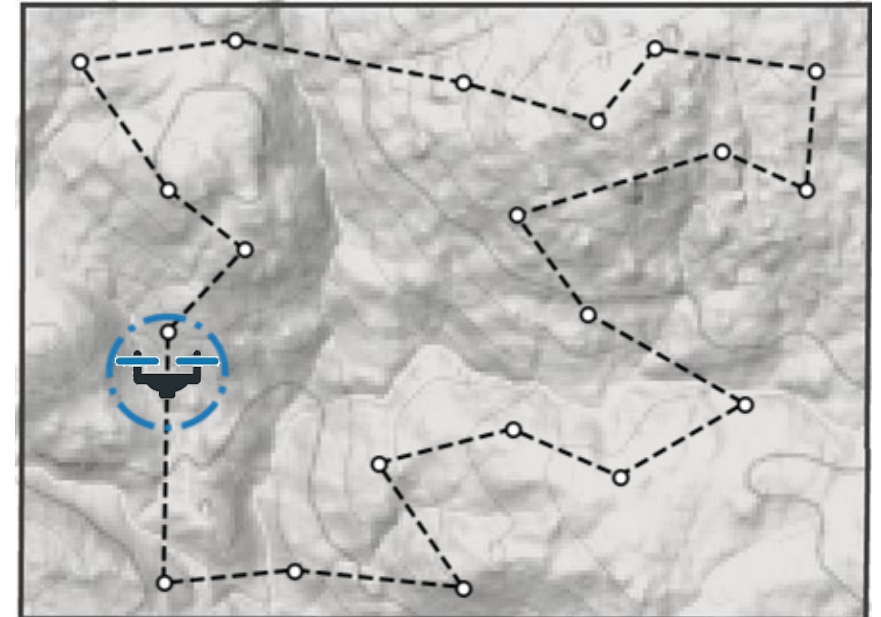


Task C: Robot control with safety and stability guarantees



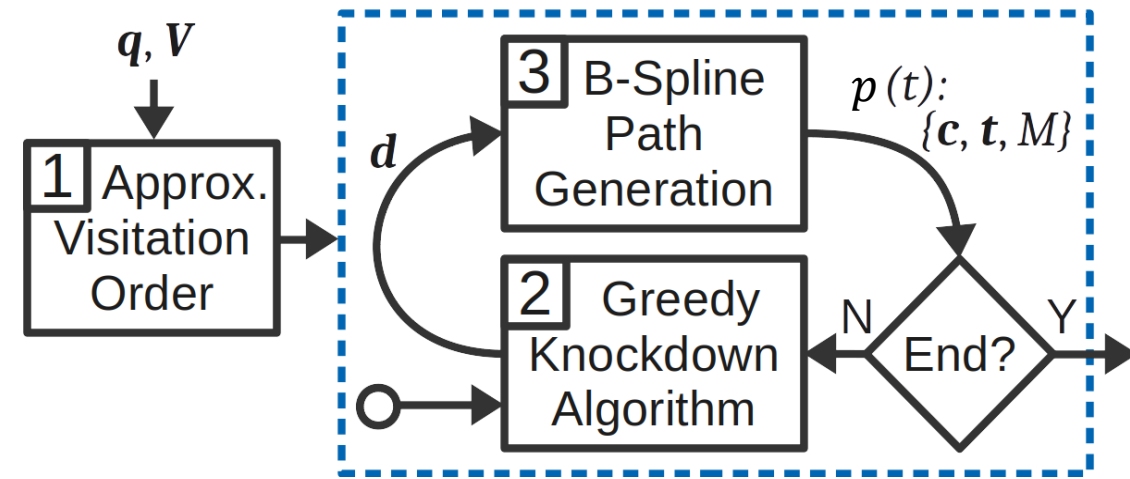
# Task B: Uncertainty-aware UAV trajectory optimization

- **Input:** set of interest points to be observed
- **Output:** dynamically feasible UAV trajectory that observes the interest points
- How much time should be spent at each point?
  - Increased observation at one point decreases uncertainty at this point but the uncertainty at other points increases
  - Lower loop time  $\rightarrow$  less uncertainty gain for all points
- **Objective:** Minimize max uncertainty at any point



# Task B: Uncertainty-aware UAV Trajectory Optimization

- Calculate initial point order using a TSP solver
- Two-level optimization:
  - **Primary:** minimize time to observe each point plus loop travel time
  - **Secondary:** minimize B-spline jerk subject to velocity, acceleration, and minimum observation time constraints
- **Greedy Knockdown algorithm** determines loop time and number of measurements per point to minimize maximum Kalman Filter uncertainty
- B-spline trajectory generation for each independent sensing region becomes a **Second Order Cone Program**

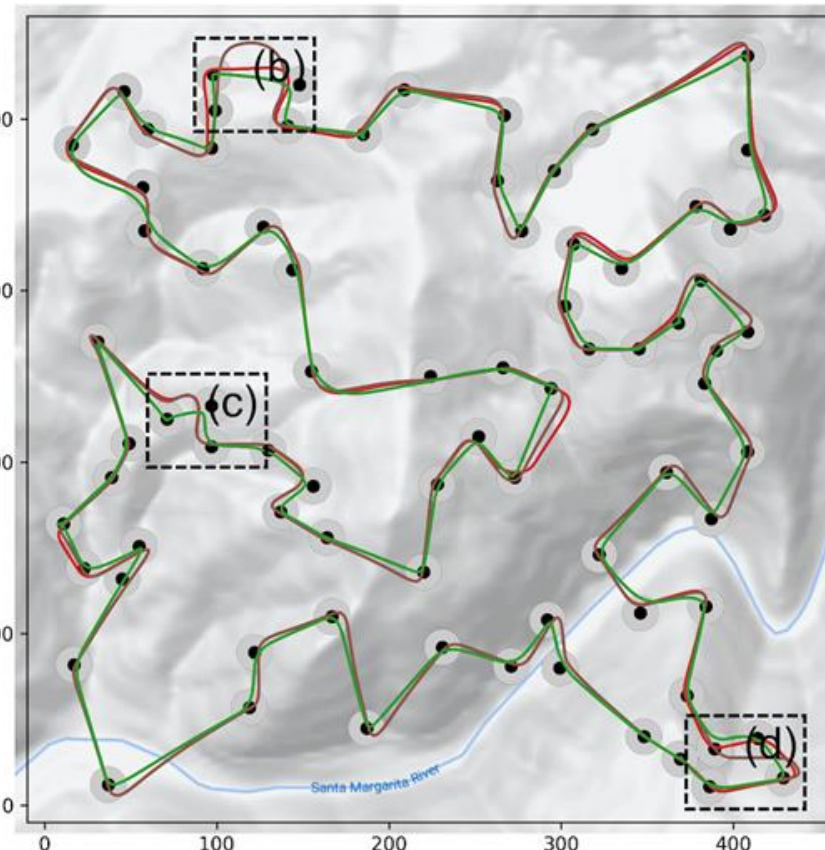
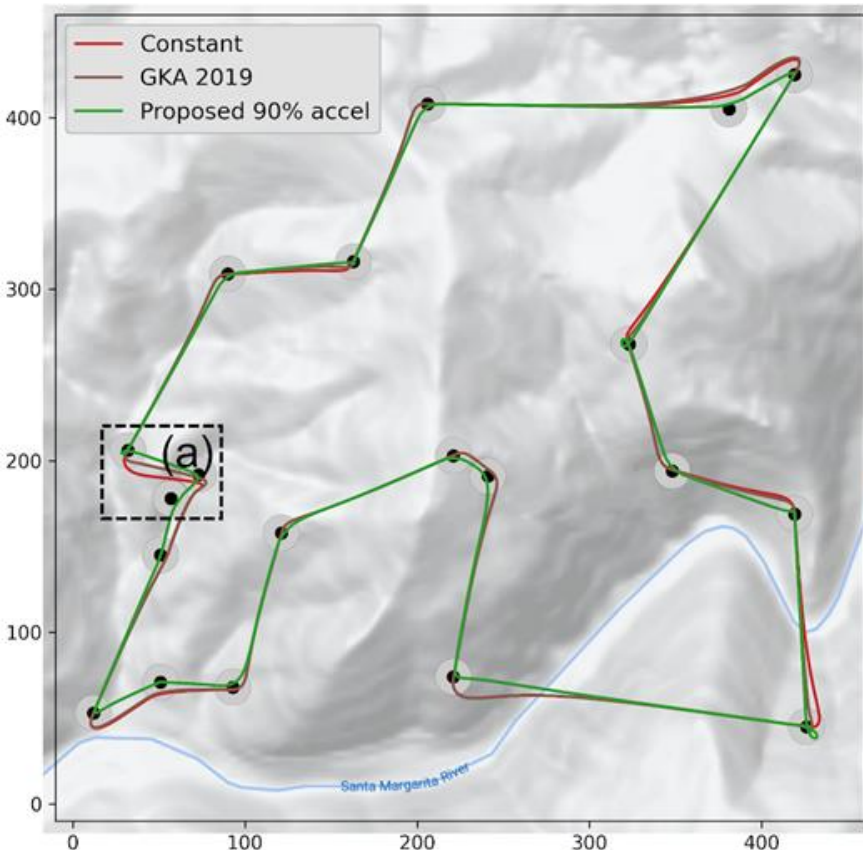


M. Ostertag, N. Atanasov, T. Rosing, "Robust Velocity Control for Minimum Steady State Uncertainty in Persistent Monitoring Applications," American Control Conference (ACC), 2019

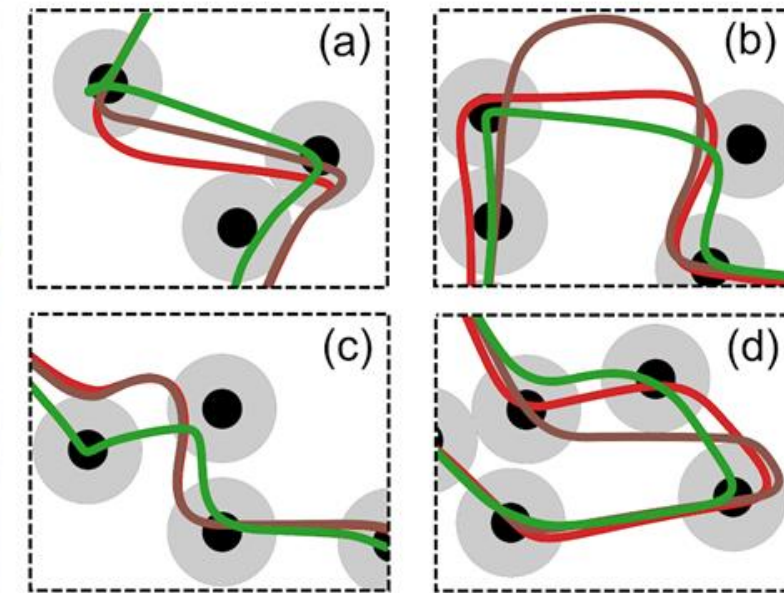
M. Ostertag, N. Atanasov, T. Rosing, "Trajectory Planning and Optimization for Minimizing Uncertainty in Persistent Monitoring Applications," submitted to the Journal of Intelligent and Robotic Systems, 2022

# Task B: Uncertainty-aware UAV Trajectory Optimization

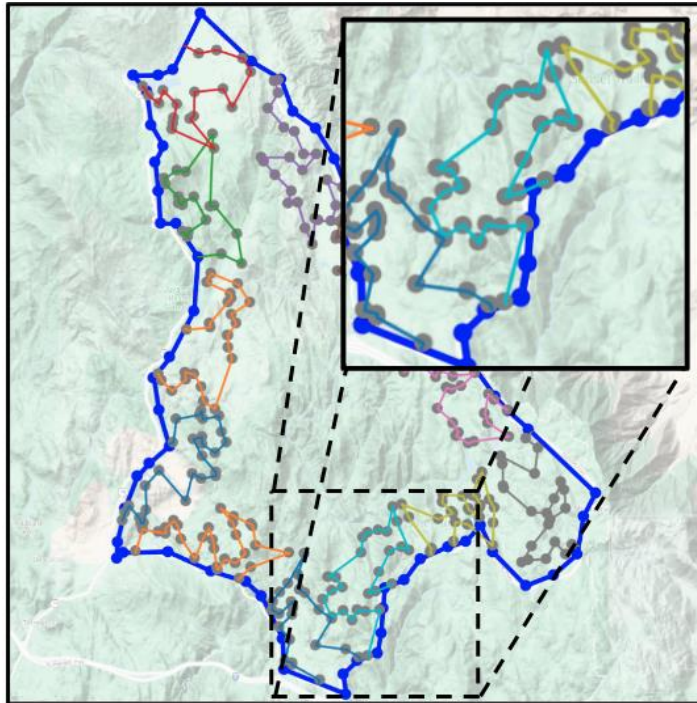
- **Example:** 20 (left) and 80 (right) points of interest spread across 50 acres around Santa Margarita River, CA (scalable to more points and area, depending on application)



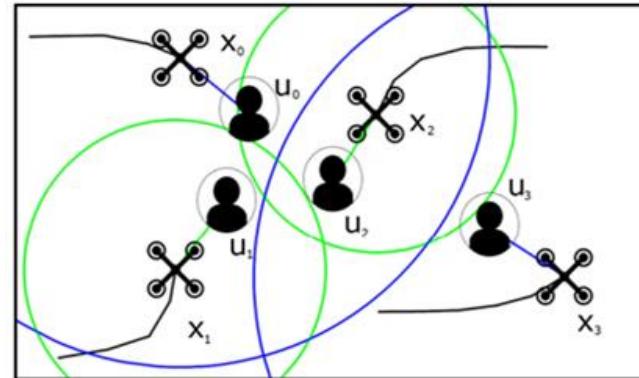
Focus on missed observations due to **constant velocity** and **GKA 2019** planners not considering dynamic constraints.



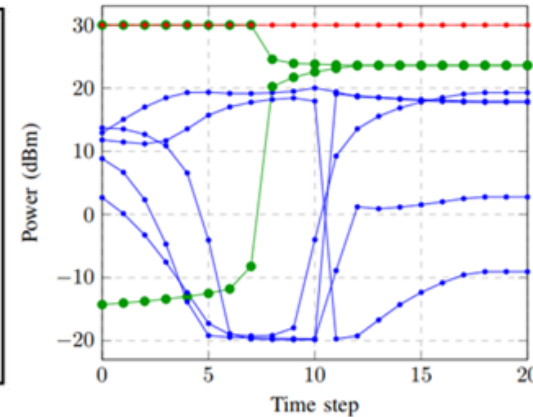
# Task B: Other Achievements



Remote sensing with UAV and mobile recharging vehicle rendezvous (**DATE, 2022**)



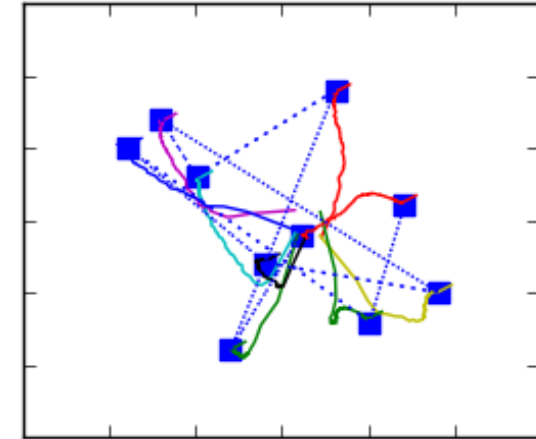
multiple channel, varied power



transmit power optimization

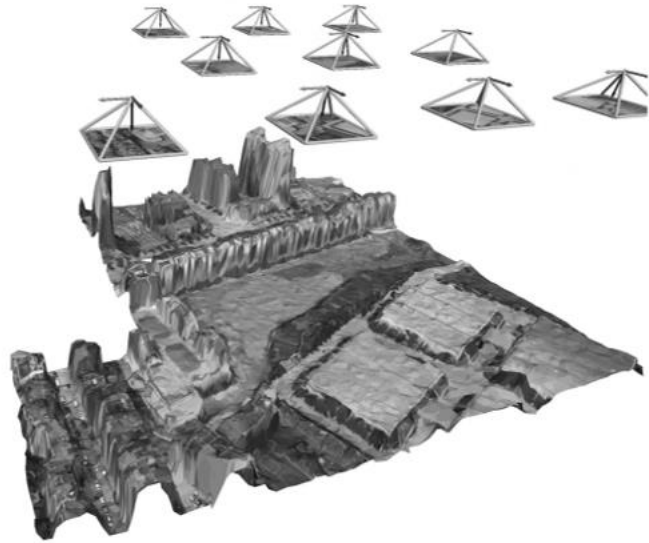
Frequency-aware trajectory and power control for multi-UAV systems (**DroneCom Workshop, 2021**)

- Maximize network capacity for UAVs assigned to human users
- Alternating optimization of UAV trajectories, RF channel, RF power

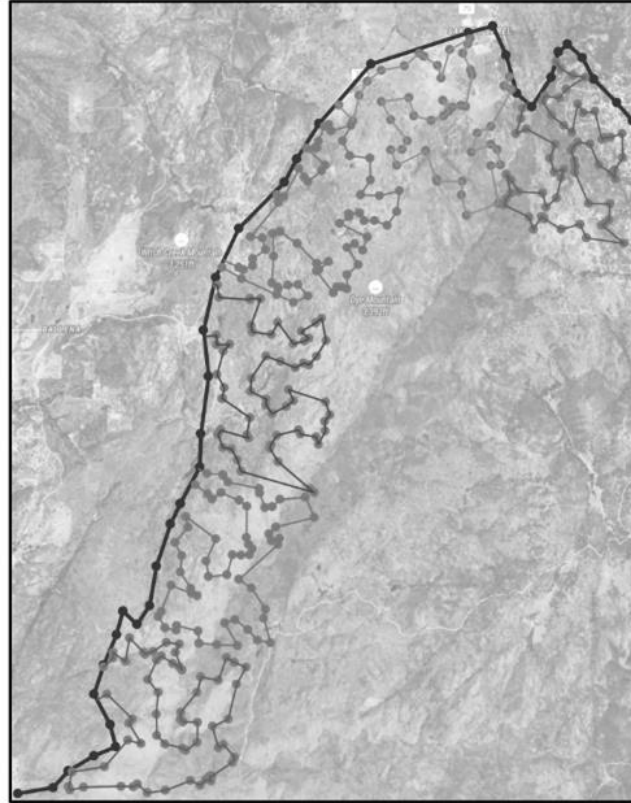


- Distributed node localization and cooperative estimation (**CDC, 2019, 2020**)
- Efficient training on edge devices using online quantization (**DATE, 2020**)

# Project Overview



**Task A:** Online multi-modal terrain mapping



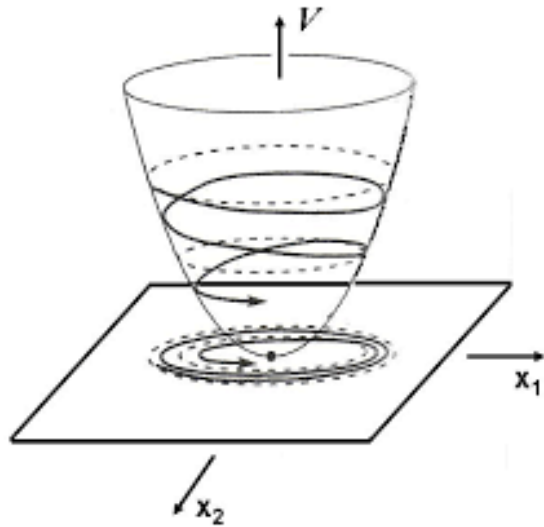
**Task B:** Comms-, uncertainty-aware trajectory planning



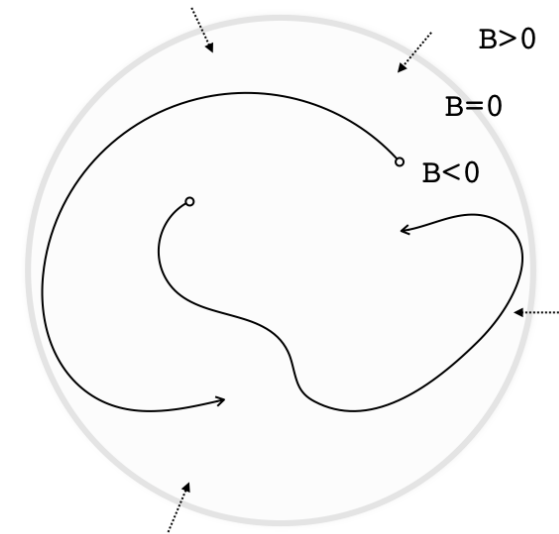
**Task C:** Robot control with safety and stability guarantees

# Task C: Robot Control with Safety and Stability Guarantees

**Major Contribution:** learning methods for stability and safety certification of control policies



- A system is **stable** if we can construct a Lyapunov function to show that the system trajectories converge to an equilibrium point
- The goal is to find the right shape of **Lyapunov function** and certify a **Lie derivative conditions**



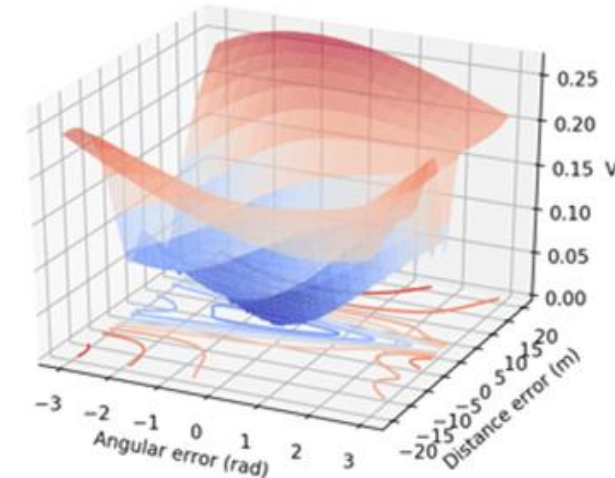
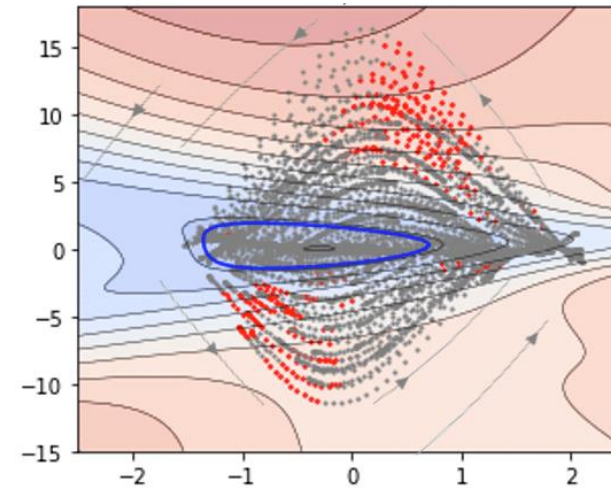
- A system is **safe** if we can construct a forward invariant set to show that the system trajectories never escape its boundary
- The goal is to find the right shape **barrier function** and certify a **Lie derivative condition**

# Task C: Robot Control with Safety and Stability Guarantees

- The key to ensuring safety and stability is to find a certificate  $V(x)$  and control policy  $\pi(x)$  to produce inductive proofs:

$$\exists V \exists \pi \forall x \Phi_f(V, \pi, x)$$

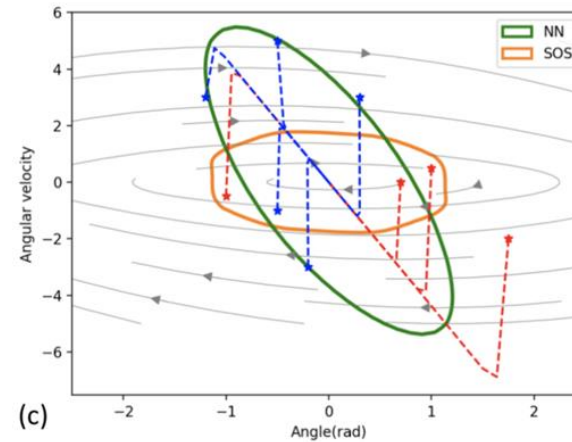
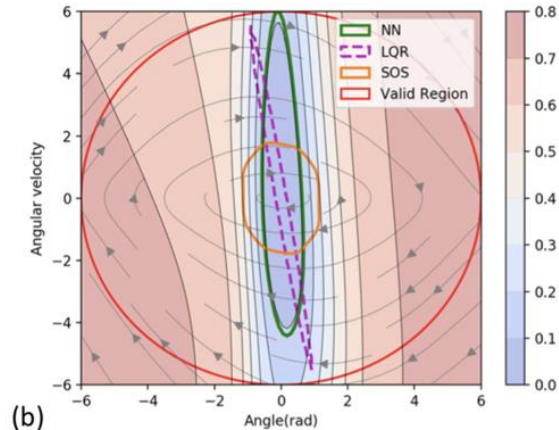
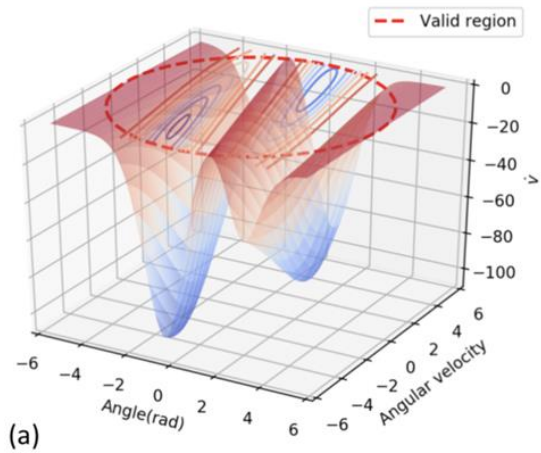
- Success of neural certificates:
  - Expressive function approximators for  $V$  and  $\pi$
  - Scalable optimization for existential quantifiers
  - Scalable certification for universal quantifiers
- Much larger regions of attraction compared to existing methods: LQR, SOS, SDP



- Since our initial work (NeurIPS 2019), this became a quickly growing area of significant interest**
- Recently submitted survey paper:**

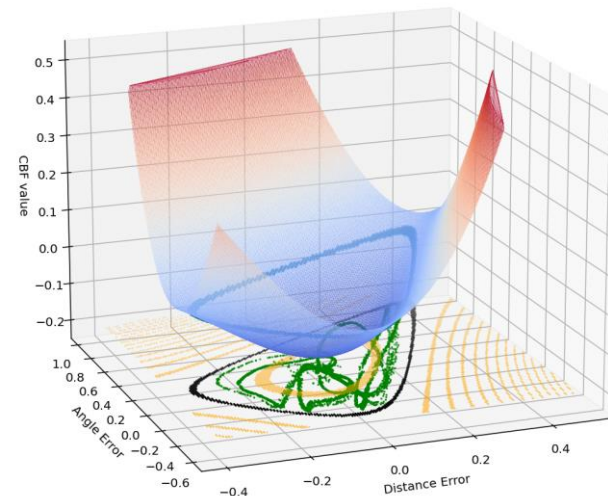
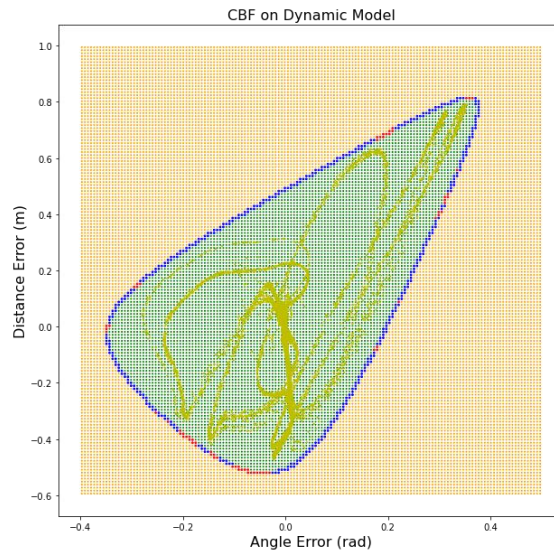
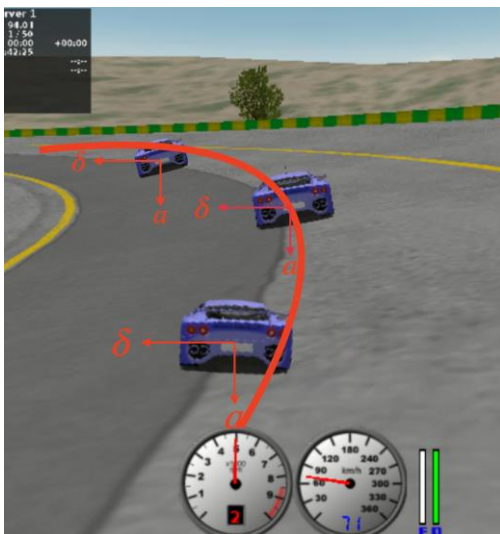
C. Dawson, S. Gao, C. Fan, "Safe Control with Learned Certificates: A Survey of Neural Lyapunov, Barrier, and Contraction methods," arXiv 2202.11762

# Task C: Robot Control with Safety and Stability Guarantees



- Learned Lyapunov function for inverted pendulum (**NeurIPS, 2019**)

- **Critic** (obtain a neural Lyapunov function) – **Actor** (minimize Lie derivative) formulation for model free control (**ICRA, 2021**)

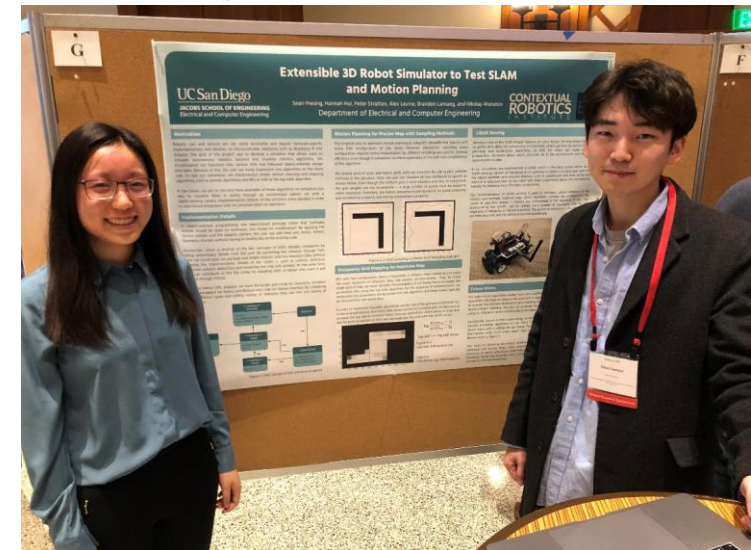
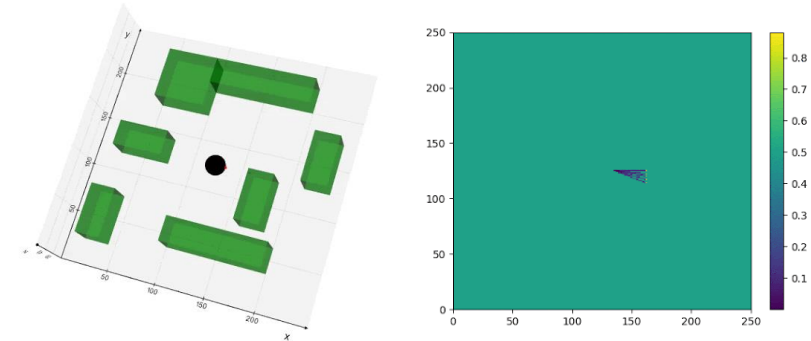


- Learned barrier function for model-free racecar simulator (**CoRL, 2021**)



# Outreach and Research Initiation Activities

- Joint Seminars and Tutorial Series at SDSU and UCSD in 2020 and 2021:
  - **Seminar 1:** UAV terrain mapping
  - **Seminar 2:** optimization for sensor deployment
  - **Tutorial 1:** localization and mapping
  - **Tutorial 2:** robot motion planning
  - **Tutorial 3:** convex optimization
  - **Tutorial 4:** machine learning
  - **Open-source materials** and example implementations in pyBullet sim: <https://github.com/ExistentialRobotics/robotics-workshop>
- Research-initiation activities for undergraduate students:
  - 3 undergraduate students supported by NSF REU
  - 10+ undergrads supported by UCSD, SDSU outreach programs
  - 8 undergraduate poster presentations at SDSU Student Research Symposium and UCSD Research Expo



Undergraduate students presenting at the SDSU Student Research Symposium, 2020

# Broader Impacts

- Real deployment plans negatively affected by COVID-19
- Established key connections and collaborations:
  - **Dr. Elsa Cleland:** post-fire vegetation regeneration and fuel analysis
  - **Dr. Frank Vernon and Dr. Hans-Werner Braun:** direct HPWREN sensor network that covers 20k square miles in Southern California
  - acquired permission to carry out UAV flight tests and sensor deployments at **Santa Margarita and Sky Oaks Ecological Reserves** in the San Diego area
  - connection with **San Diego County Fire Authority**

