Motivation

- estimation and control over lossy networks figures prominently in many cyber-physical systems
- central to the study of such systems is the behavior of random Lyapunov and Riccati recursions

Challenge

 tools for analyzing such systems are woefully lacking---ostensibly because the recursions are both nonlinear and random, and hence intractable to analyze exactly

Approach: Large Random Matrix Theory

 a high-dimensional matrix-valued nonlinear and stochastic recursion is replaced by a scalar-valued deterministic functional recursion (involving a suitable transform of the eigendistribution)

Benefits

 stability analysis, cost analysis (average and worst-case), universal behavior exhibited