#### **Precision Pollination Robot**

HUSKY A200 \*\*

USDA

**NIF** 

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### **Robotic Precision Pollination**

#### Motivation:

- Pollinators contribute \$24B/year to the U.S. economy
- The decline of native pollinators has threatened food productivity
- The ability to precisely localize, evaluate, and manipulate small and delicate plant parts is fundamental to precision agriculture

#### Long-Term Vision:

 Enable precision robotic services to a variety of crops in both field and greenhouse environments

#### **Project Objective:**

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 Design a pollinator robot and perform proof-of-concept demonstrations of its effectiveness for bramble (i.e., blackberry and raspberry) pollination in a greenhouse environment



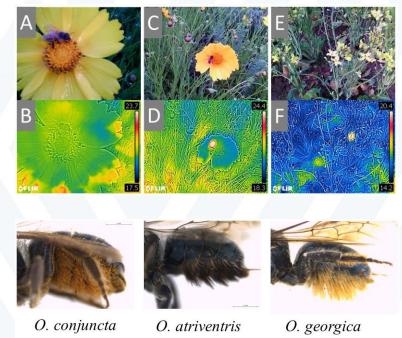


Photo: the Independent

### **Bee Studies**

 Investigating the structure, function, and behavior of bees while interacting with flowers to gain bio-inspirations for robot design









### **Bramble Flowers**

- Bramble cultivars suitable for robotic pollination experiments were selected and grown
- The process of flower development was recorded and analyzed
- The structure of flowers was examined for supporting robot end-effector design
- A 5-row trellis system with netting was constructed in the greenhouse



Pollination affects fruit quality. Average blackberry fruit (A) Blackberry fruit resulting from poor pollination (B).













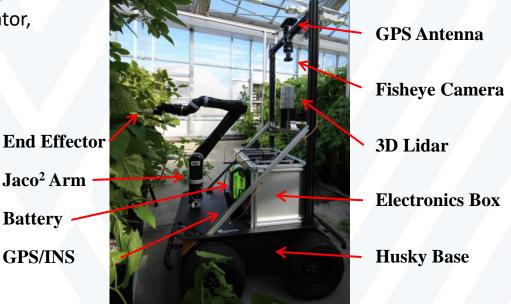




### BrambleBee: the Pollination Robot

 BrambleBee is equipped with state-ofthe-art navigation sensors, manipulator, computing resource, and a custom designed pollination end-effector





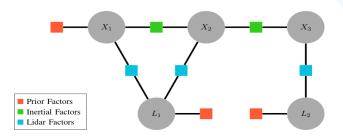


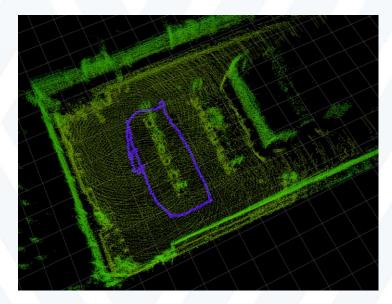


## Localization and Mapping

#### SLAM Using Lidar, Inertial, and Odometer Measurements

- Generalized ICP for scan matching (front-end)
- Factor graph (back-end) for optimization
- Loop closure:
  - Matching a prior map to the current Lidar scan
  - Providing a transformation between the SLAM map and the prior map



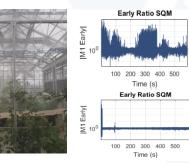


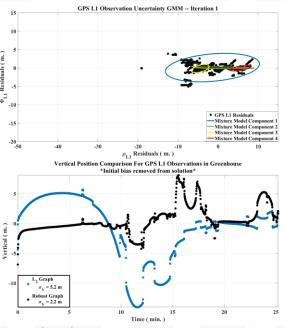




# **Degraded GNSS Data Processing**

- Due to signal reflectance, accurate GNSS processing is difficult inside of a greenhouse
- We collected raw GNSS data with a software defined receiver and have been investigating:
  - using real-time receiver signal quality metrics
  - applying a clustering based uncertainty quantification technique for robust optimization

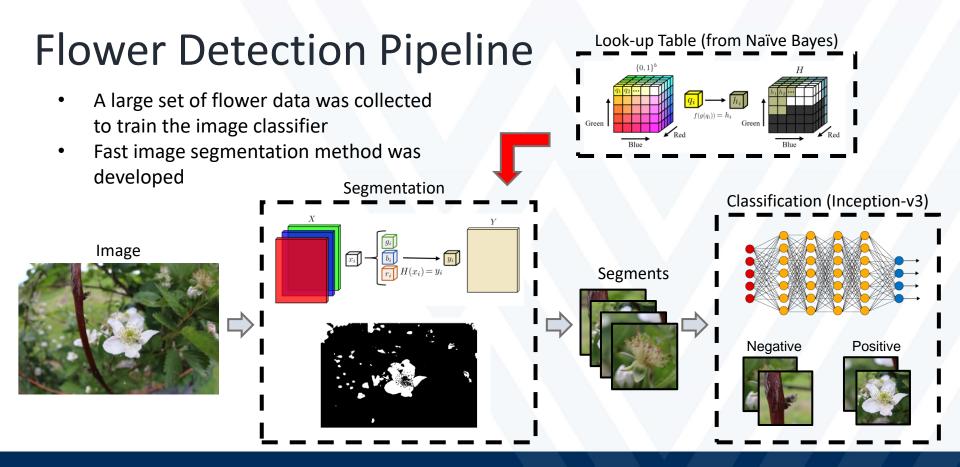




Example robust optimization estimates. Iterative clustering (top). Vertical positioning (bottom)











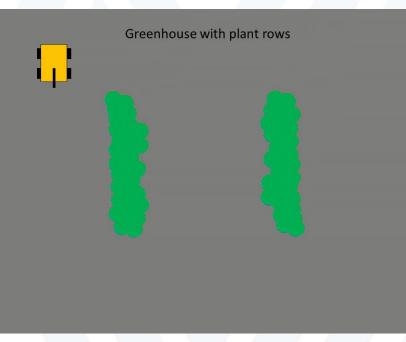
### **Autonomy and Planning**

#### **Greenhouse Survey Pass:**

- Map the environment
- Identify flower cluster locations
- Estimate pollination readiness

#### **Pollination Pass:**

- Choose robot parking locations
- Maximize reachable flowers
- Minimize distance driven
- Weight importance of flowers (e.g., the ones near the end of pollination viability are weight higher)
- Plan pollination sequence

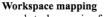






### **Flower Manipulation**

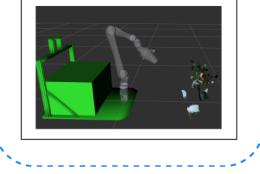


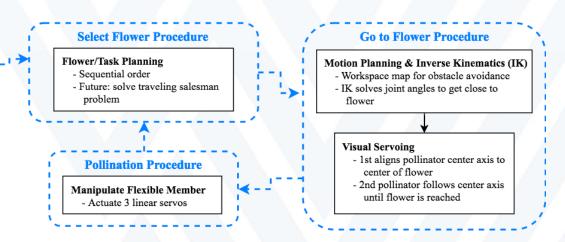


obstacle mapping from point cloud
poses of detected flowers

#### Kalman Filter

- Updates flower position estimate during motion
- Future: Update full pose





• BrambleBee first scan the workspace to perform a detailed mapping and flower recognition, then plan efficient paths to reach flowers for pollination





#### BrambleBee in Action

#### Video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=66isrgth7-Q





### **Publication and Media Coverage**

#### **Publications:**

- Ohi, N., Lassak, K., Watson, R., Strader, J., Du, Y., Yang, C., Hedrick, G., Nguyen, J., Harper, S., Reynolds, D., Kilic, C., Hikes, J., Mills, S., Castle, C., Buzzo, B., Waterland, N., Gross, J., Park, Y., Li, X., Gu, Y., "Design of an Autonomous Precision Pollination Robot," IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS), Madrid, Spain, October, 2018.
- Park, Y.-L. Osmia cornifrons as a model for pollinator robot. The Apicultural Society of Korea Annual Conference. Gwangju, Korea, 2018.
- Park, Y.-L. Pollinator robot inspired by structure and behavior of Osmia bees (Hymenoptera: Megachilidae). Annual Meeting of Entomological Society of America, Denver, CO, 2017.
- Park, Y.-L. Precision pollinator robot. Annual Meeting of West Virginia Entomological Society, Cairo, WV, 2017.
- Park, Y.-L. Bees: current issues, future prediction, and mitigation. Annual West Virginia Extension and Master Gardeners Conference, Roanoke, WV, 2017.
- Park, Y.-L. Mason bees: propagation and management. West Virginia Panhandle Beekeepers Association Meeting, Martinsburg, WV, 2017.







### Plan for the Next Year

- 1. Integrate robot system with the ability to complete the entire pollination sequence autonomously:
- Perform reliably detection and pose estimation of individual flowers in dense flower clusters
- Optimize planning algorithms for both the drive base and the manipulator
- Refine and finalize the pollination end-effector design
- Extend autonomy capabilities to make flexible pollination decisions
- Refine the final sequence of pollination actions on real flowers
- 2. Evaluate the efficacy and efficiency of multiple pollination methods.
- Compare five methods of pollination: bee pollination, manual pollination, autonomous robot pollination, and mixed human-robot teaming on pollination





