

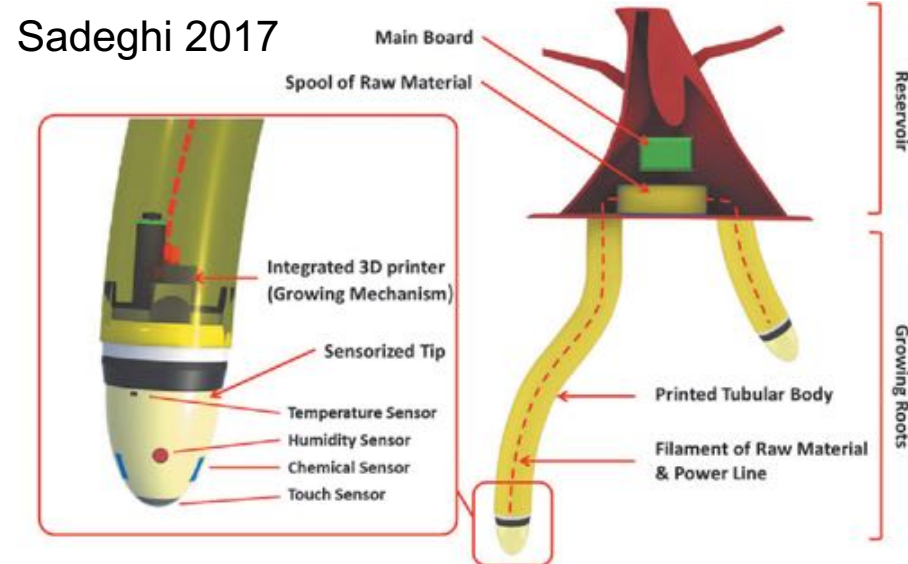
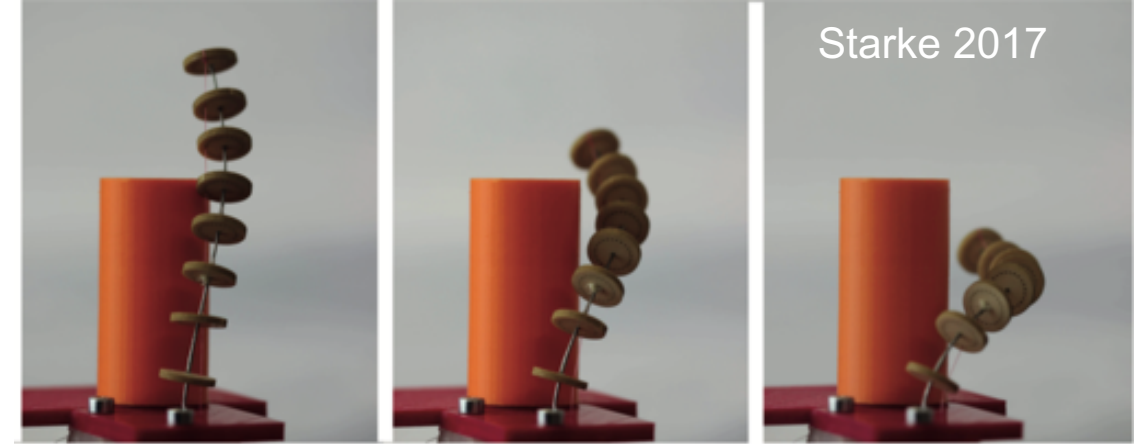
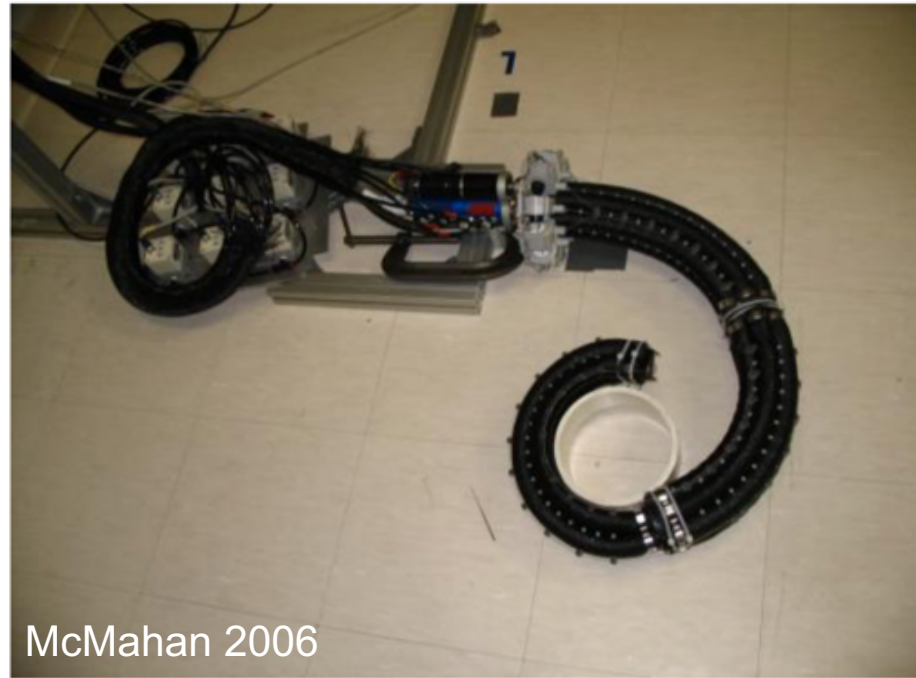
Soft Robots for Humanity

Allison M. Okamura

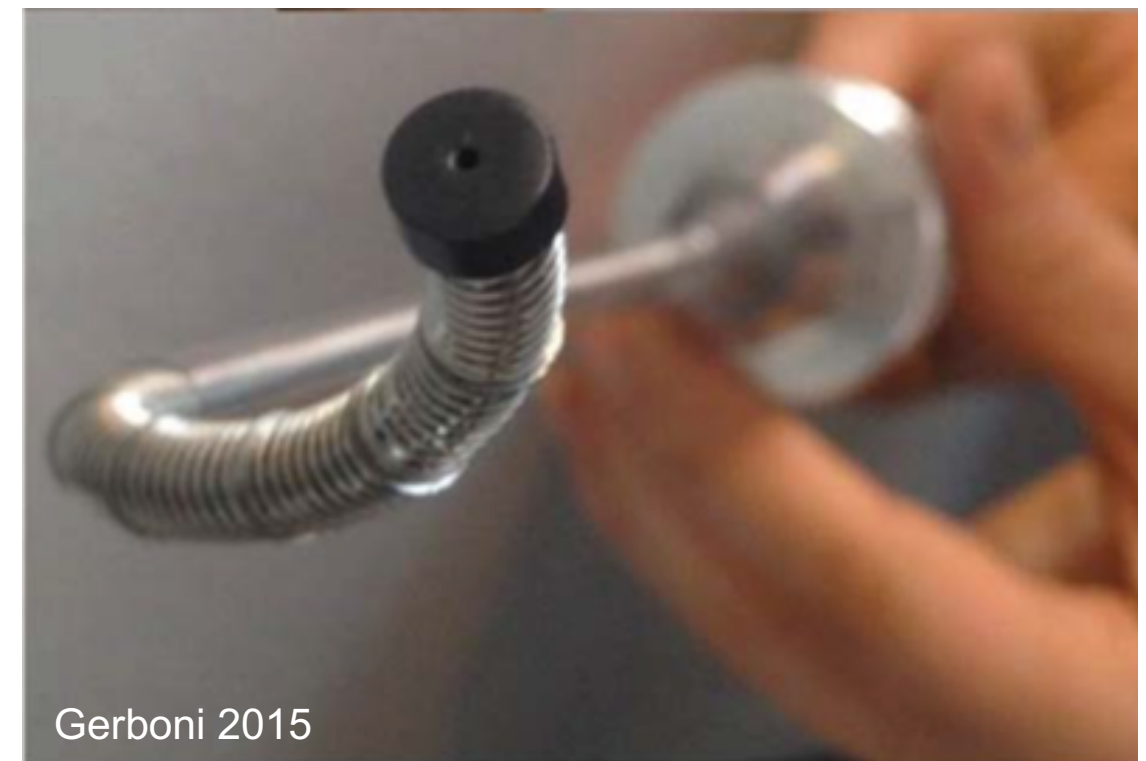
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Stanford University
<http://charm.stanford.edu>



Continuum Robots

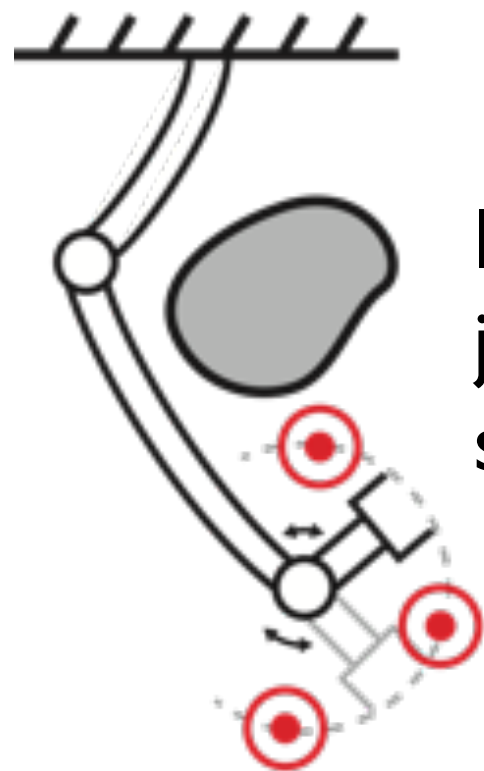
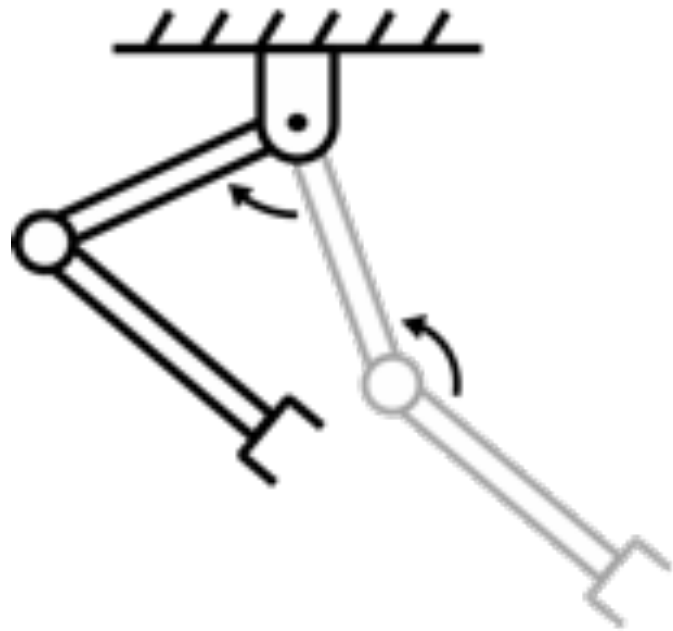


Tsukagoshi 2011



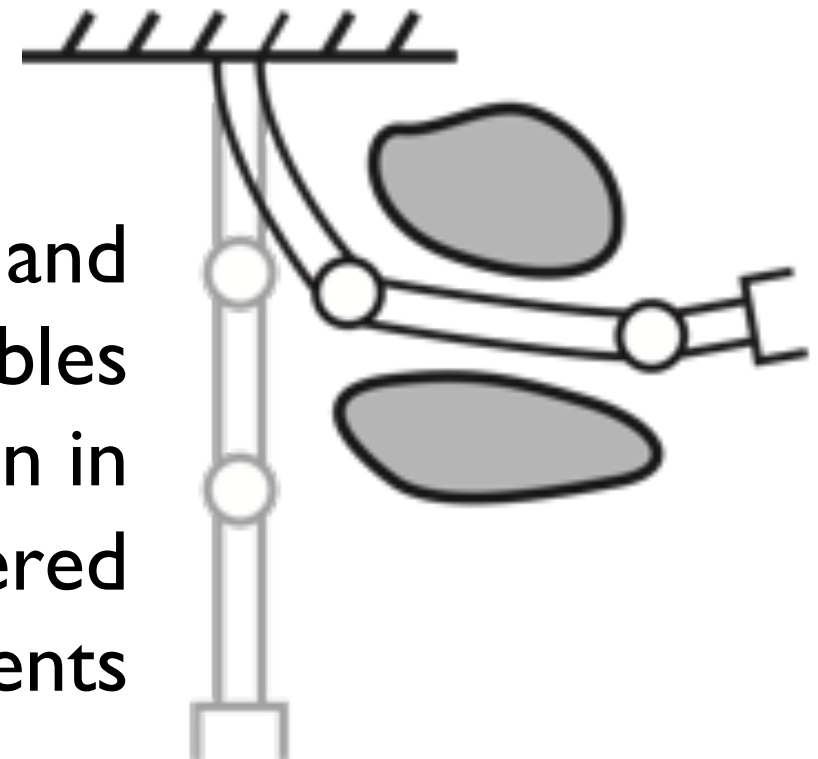
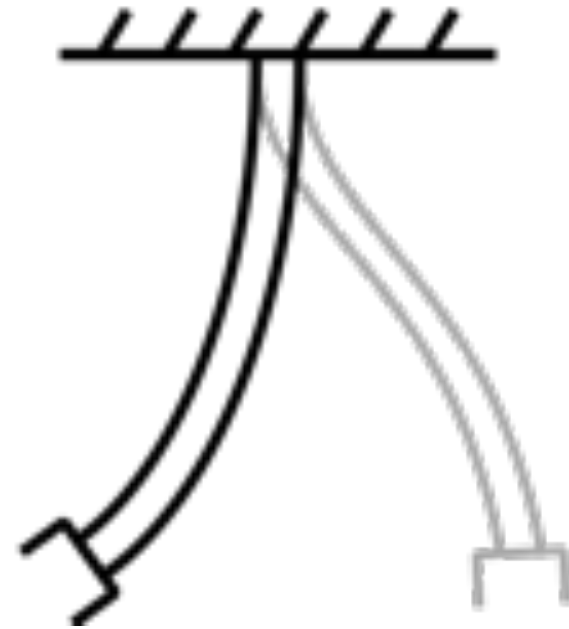
Best of Both Worlds?

Hard Robots



localized joints allow sharp turns

Soft Robots



bending and softness enables safe navigation in cluttered environments

A Continuum of Continuum Robots



Material:

Stiff

Flexible

Flexible

Structure:

Flexible

Flexible→Stiff

Stiff

Soft, steerable, patient-specific medical robots



Tania Morimoto
(UCSD)

Supported by: National Institutes of Health, National Science Foundation Graduate Fellowship Program

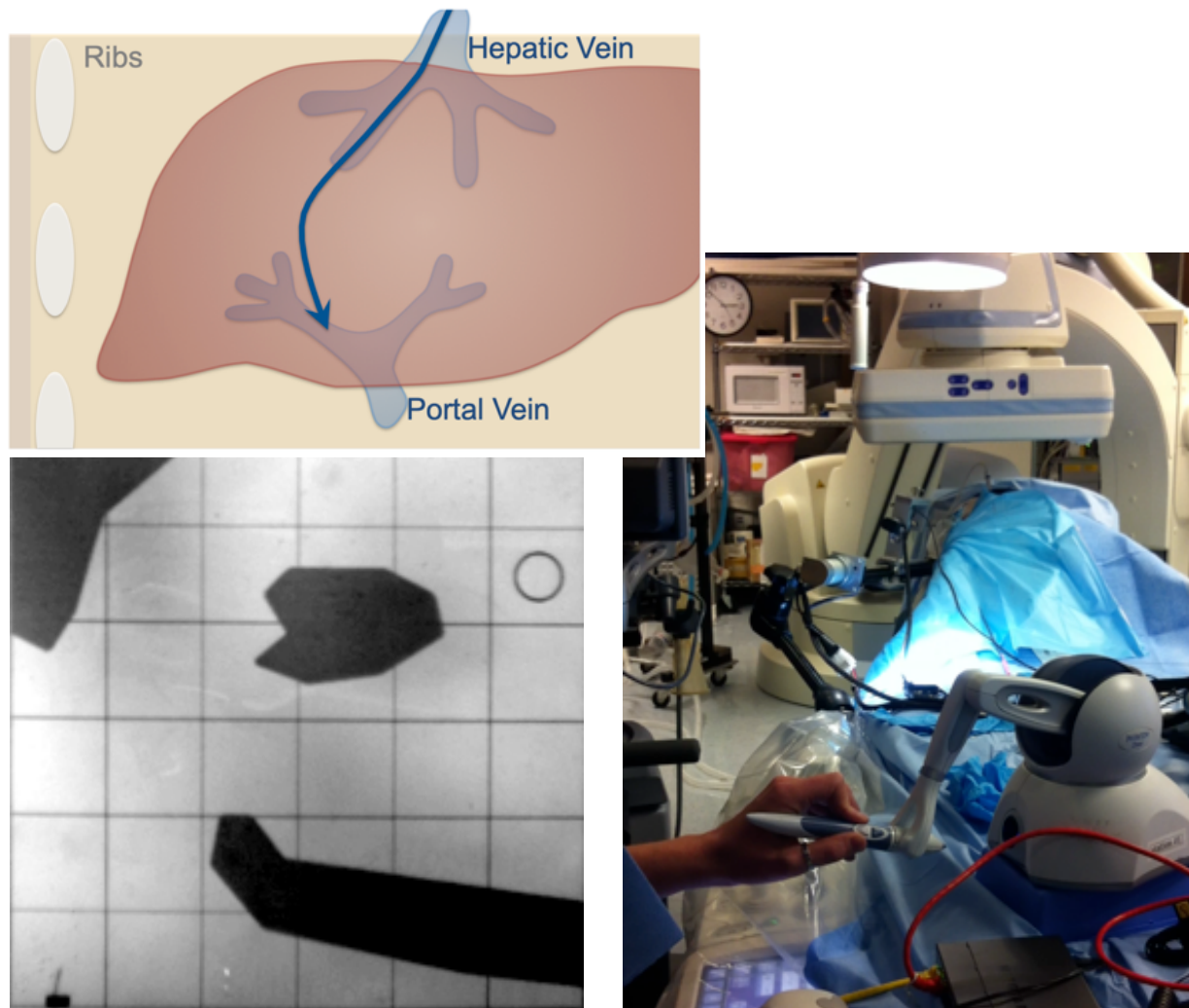
Template Robotic Surgical Systems



Marginalized Patient Populations



Steerable Needles

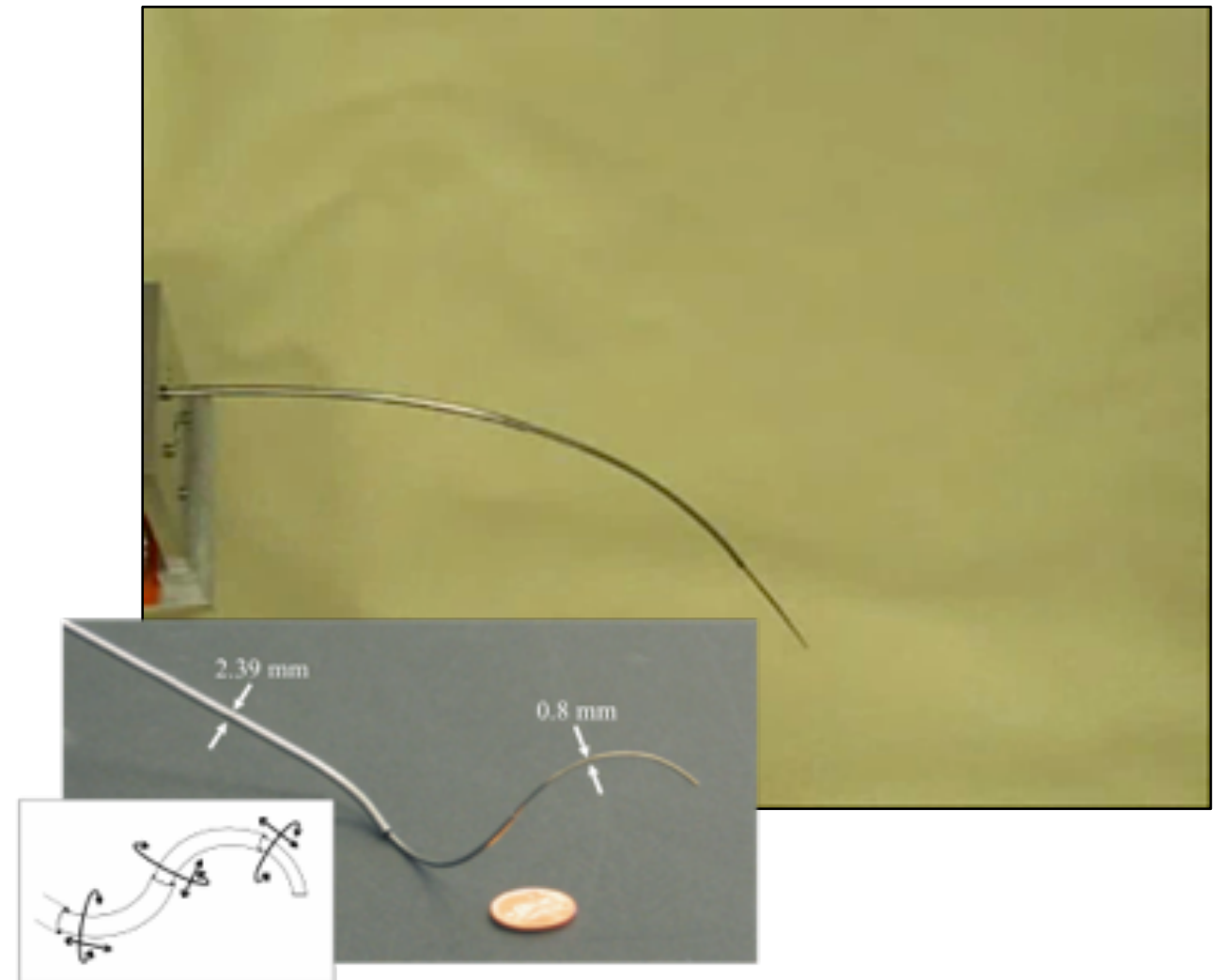


- Asymmetric tip results in bending when inserted into tissue
- Needle flexibility allows reorientation of tip

Webster et al. IJRR 2006, Reed et al. RAM 2011, Majewicz et al. WHC 2013, Adebar et al. TBME 2014, Gerboni et al. RAL 2017

Image and video courtesy of Ann Majewicz Fey, UT Austin

Concentric Tube Robots



- Hollow, pre-curved tubes fit concentrically inside each other
- Relative insertion and rotation results in bending

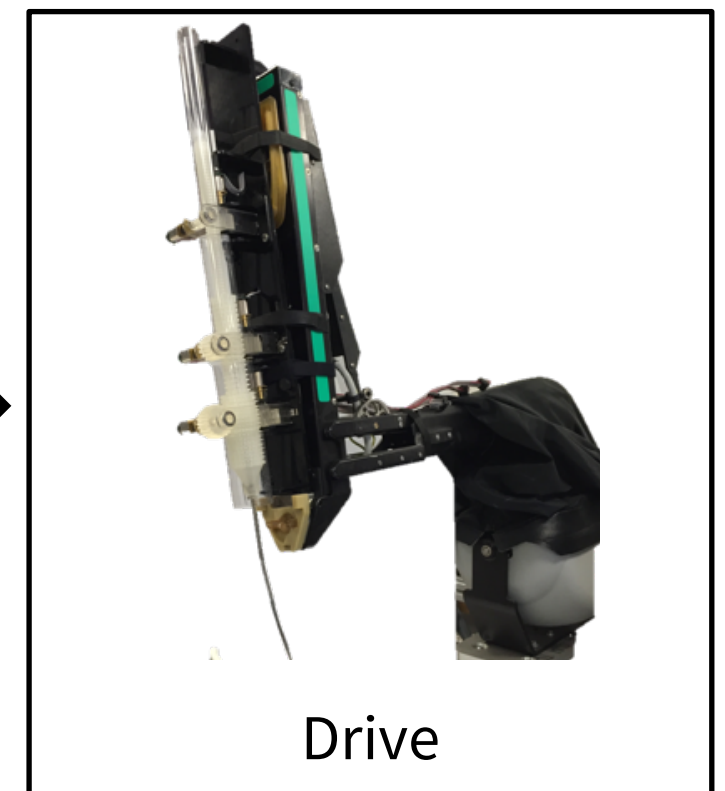
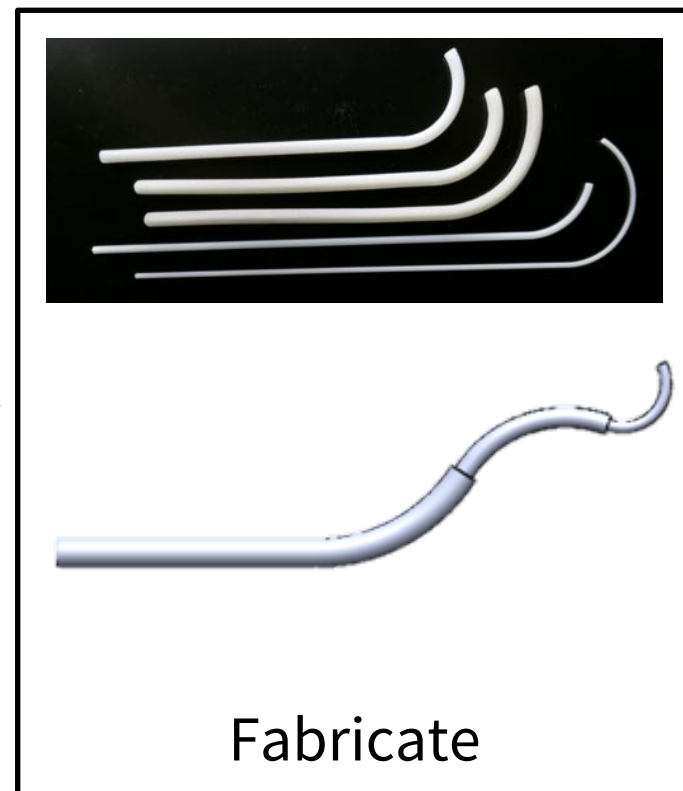
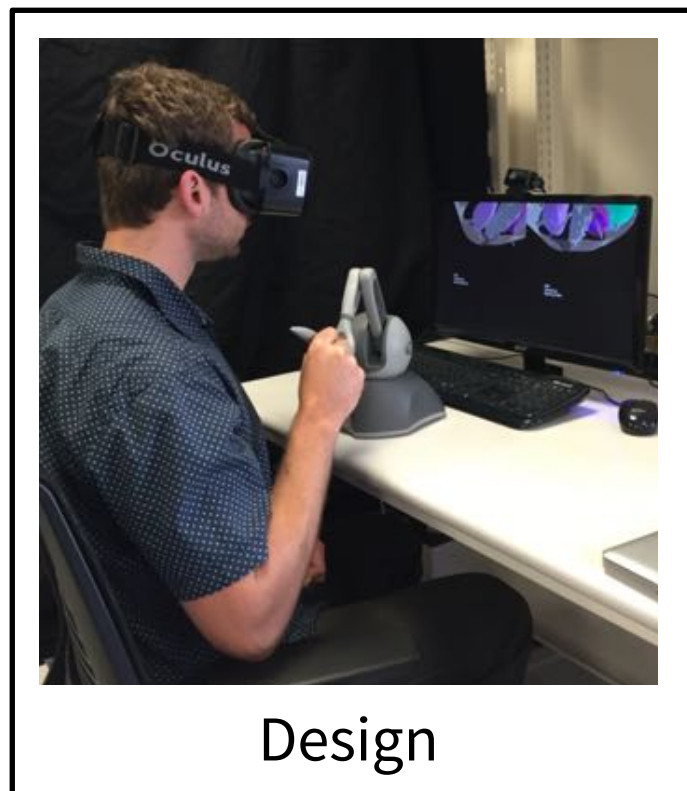
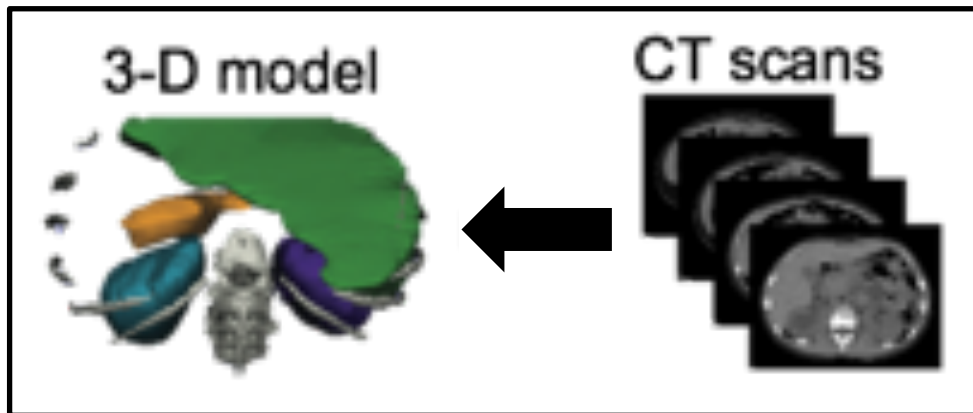
Webster et al. IROS 2006, Sears et al. IROS 2006, Webster et al. ICRA 2008, Dupont et al. TRO 2010, Bedell et al. ICRA 2011

Image and video courtesy of Robert Webster III, Vanderbilt Univ.

Patient-Specific Design Workflow



Patient is a
9-year-old boy
(disclaimer: this is
not the patient)



Initialize Concentric Tube Robot Design



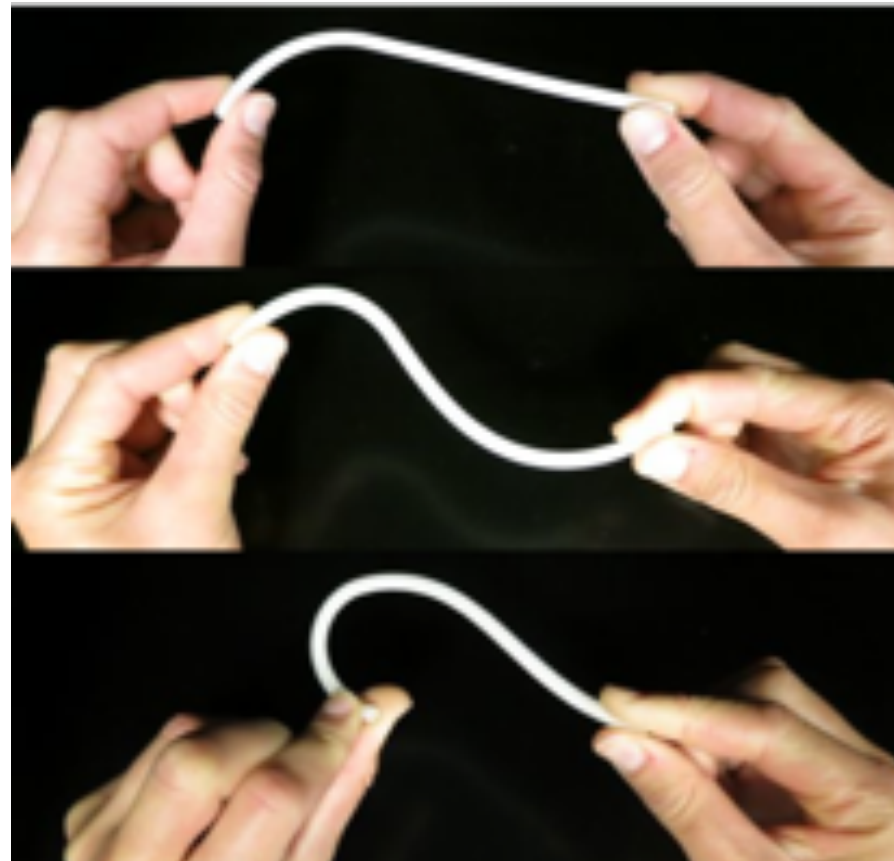
Simulate Concentric Tube Robot

Mode: Simulation Mode
Command Type:
Material Type: Nitinol

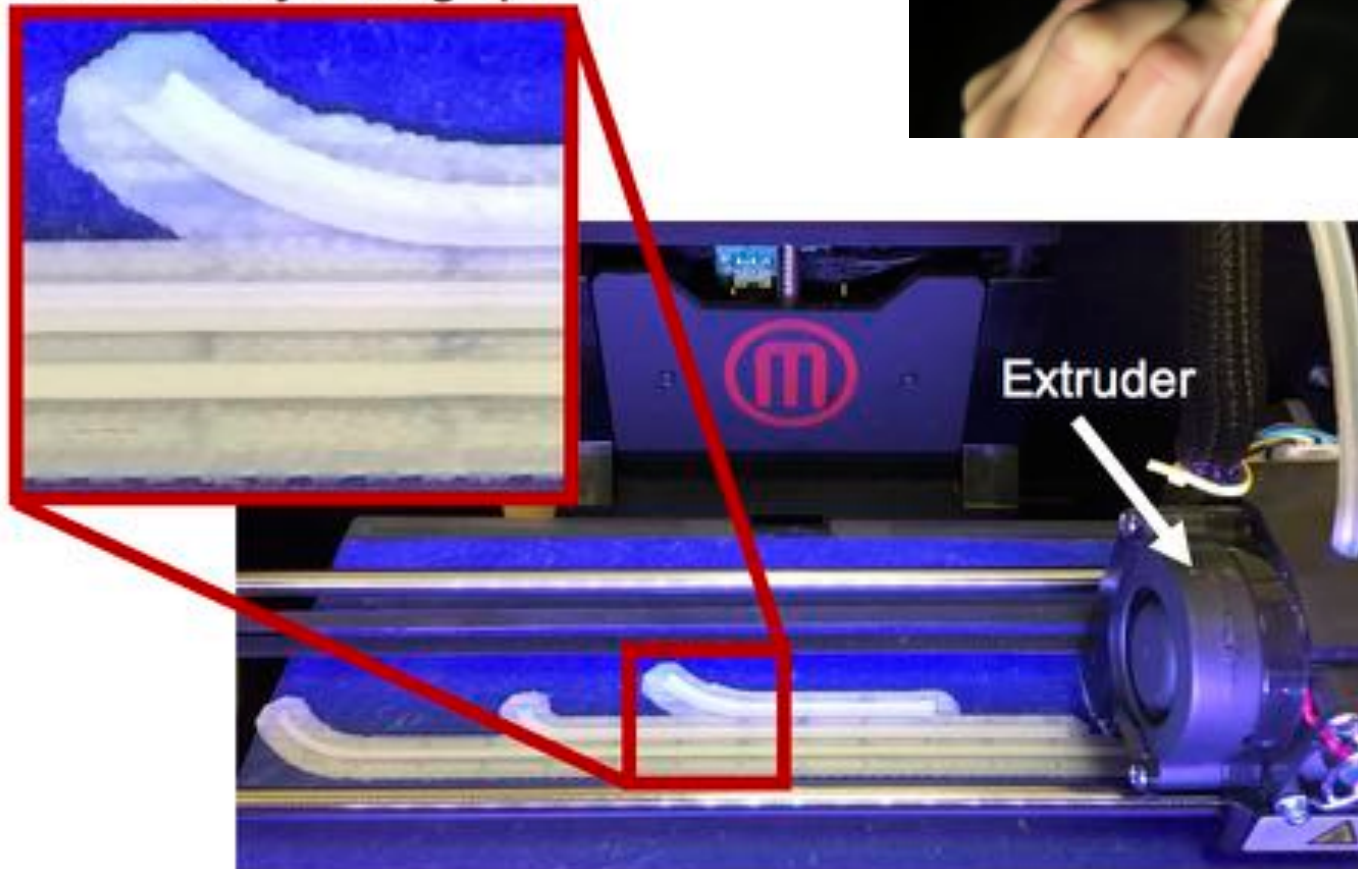


3D-Printed Polycaprolactone (PCL)

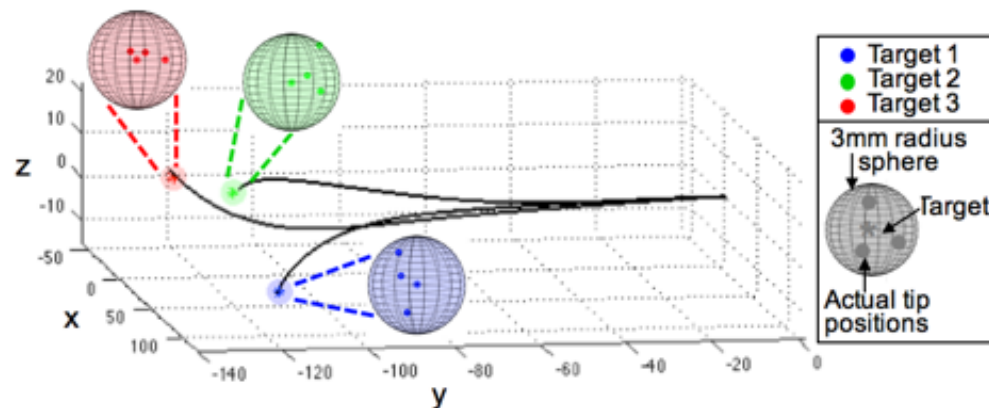
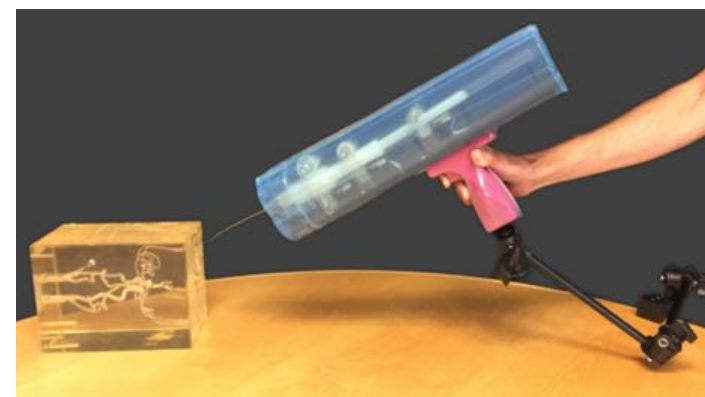
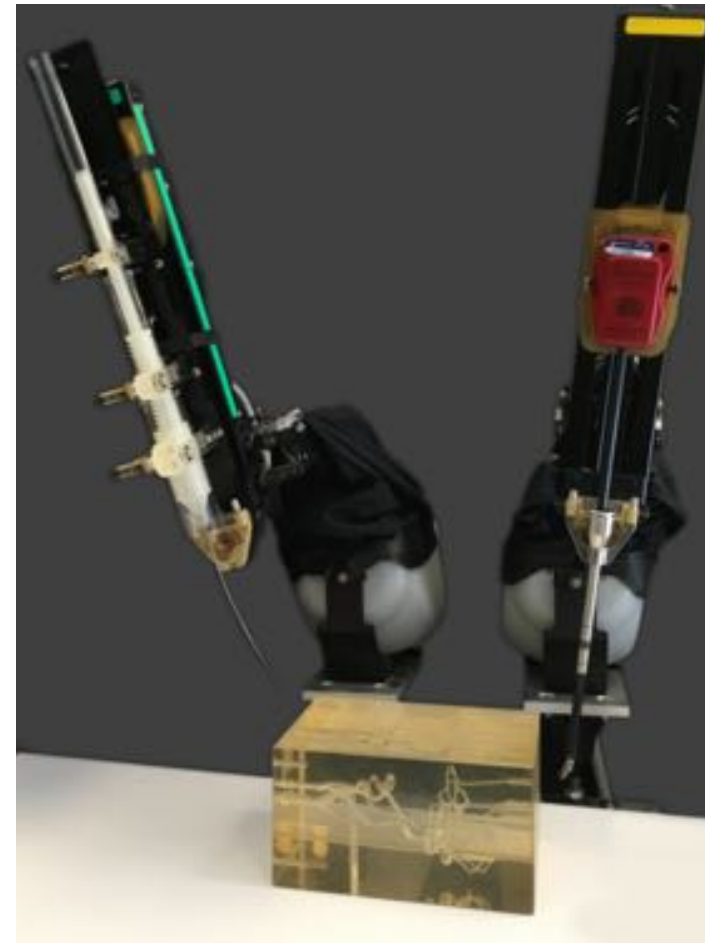
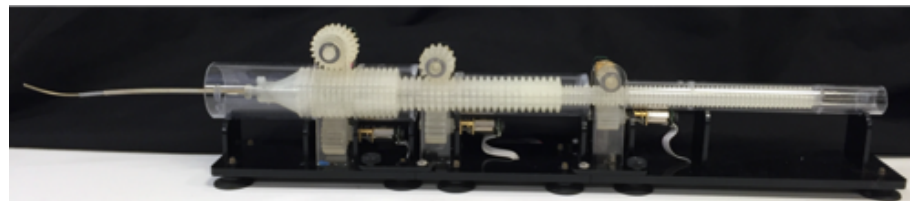
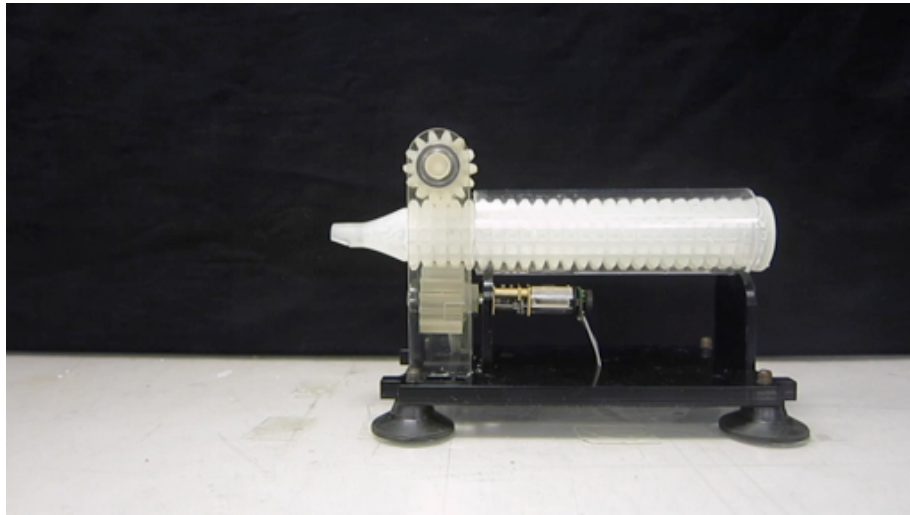
- Biodegradable polyester
- Often used for sutures and long-term implantable devices
- 3D print on Makerbot



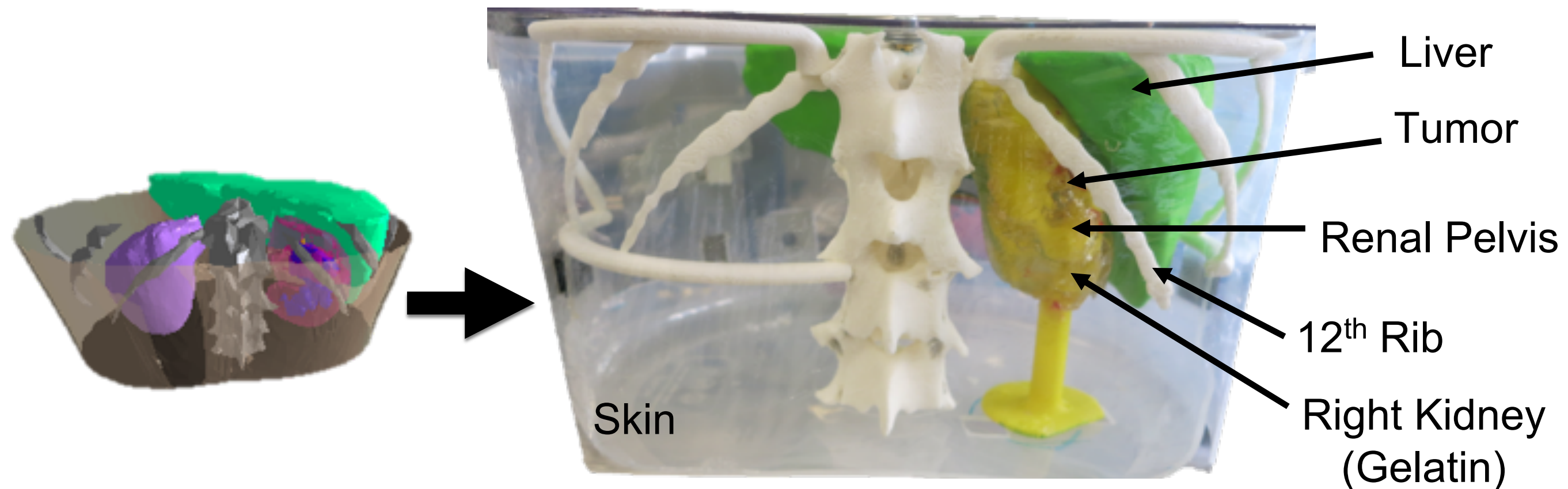
Parts midway through print



Actuation System



System Demonstration



Insert
Tubes 0 & 1

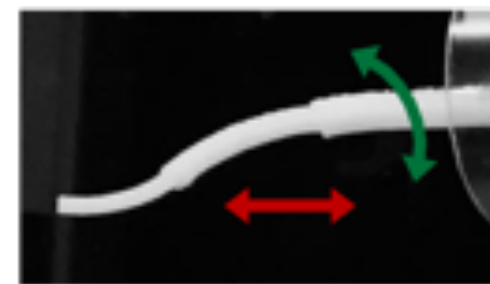
Insert all tubes

Insert
Tube 0

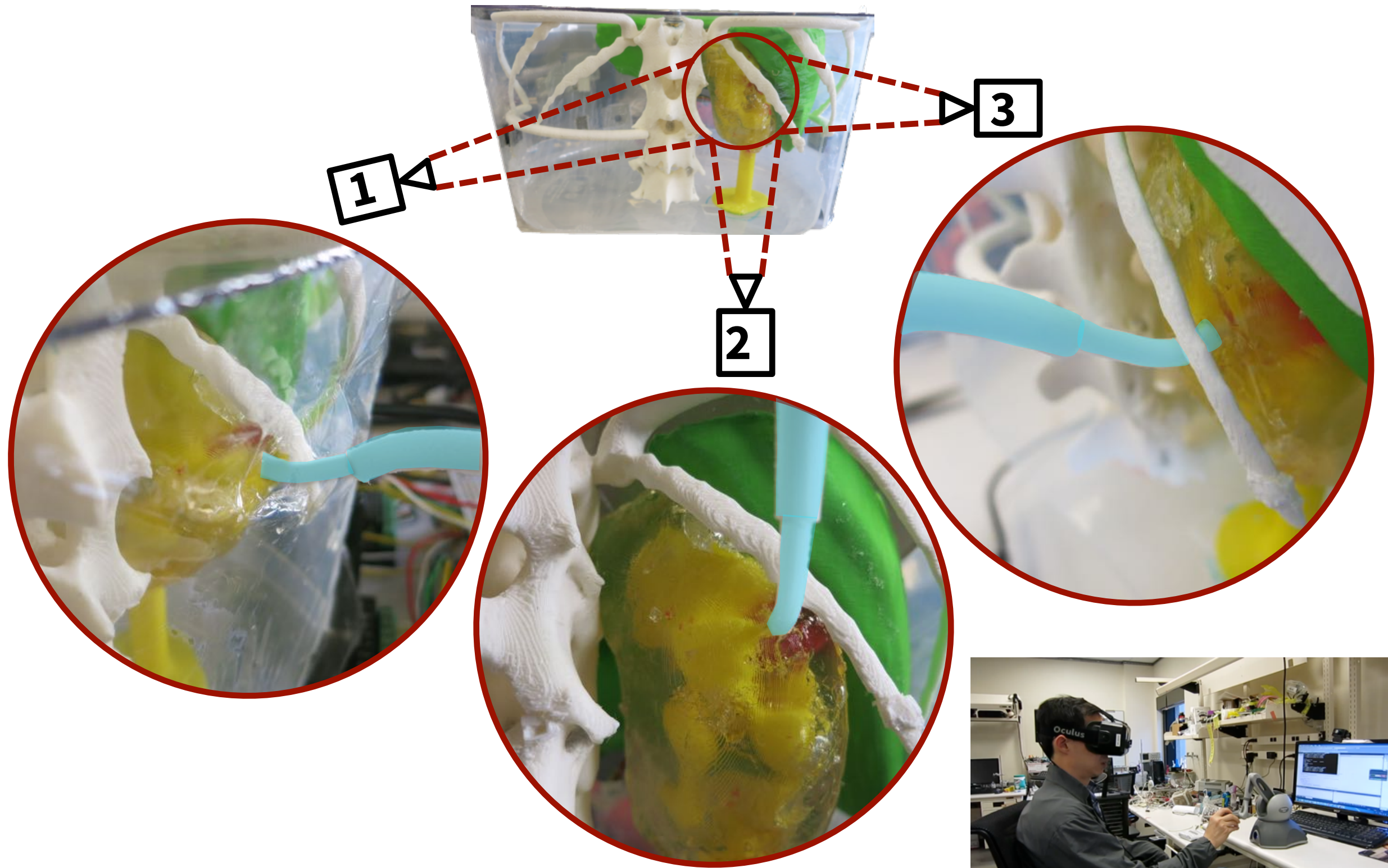
Rotate
all tubes

Omni position
and orientation

Encoder
position



System Demonstration



Robots that grow by tip eversion



Elliot Hawkes
(UCSB)



Laura Blumenschein
(Purdue)



Joey Greer
(Facebook)



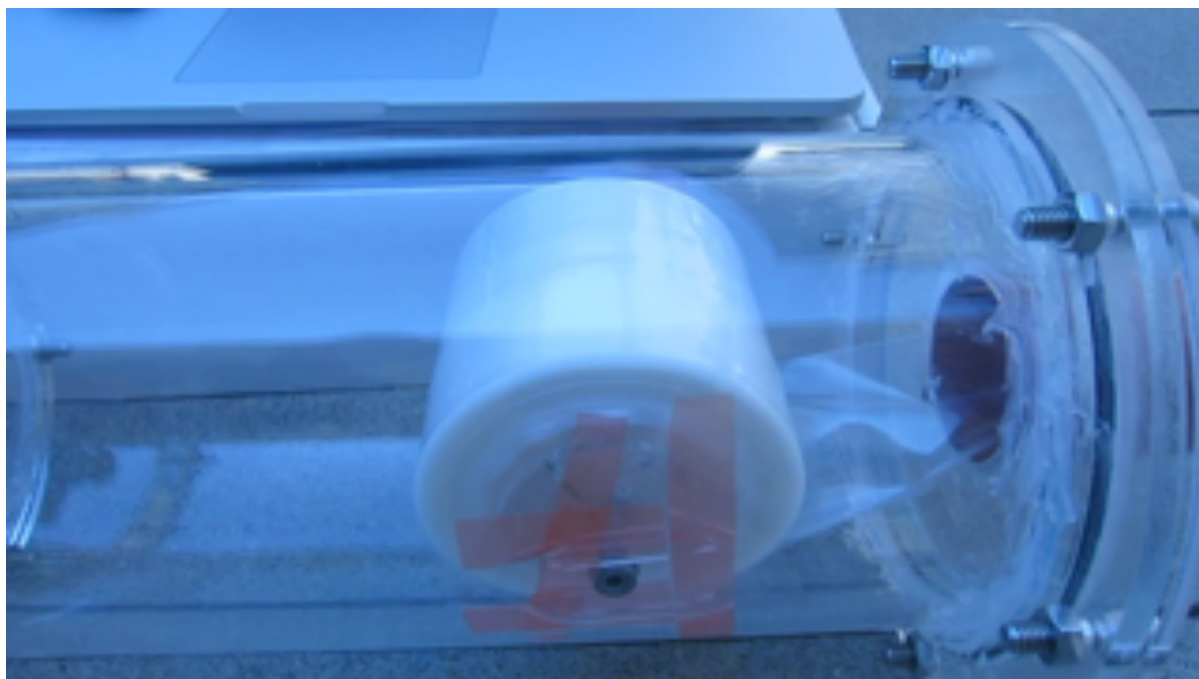
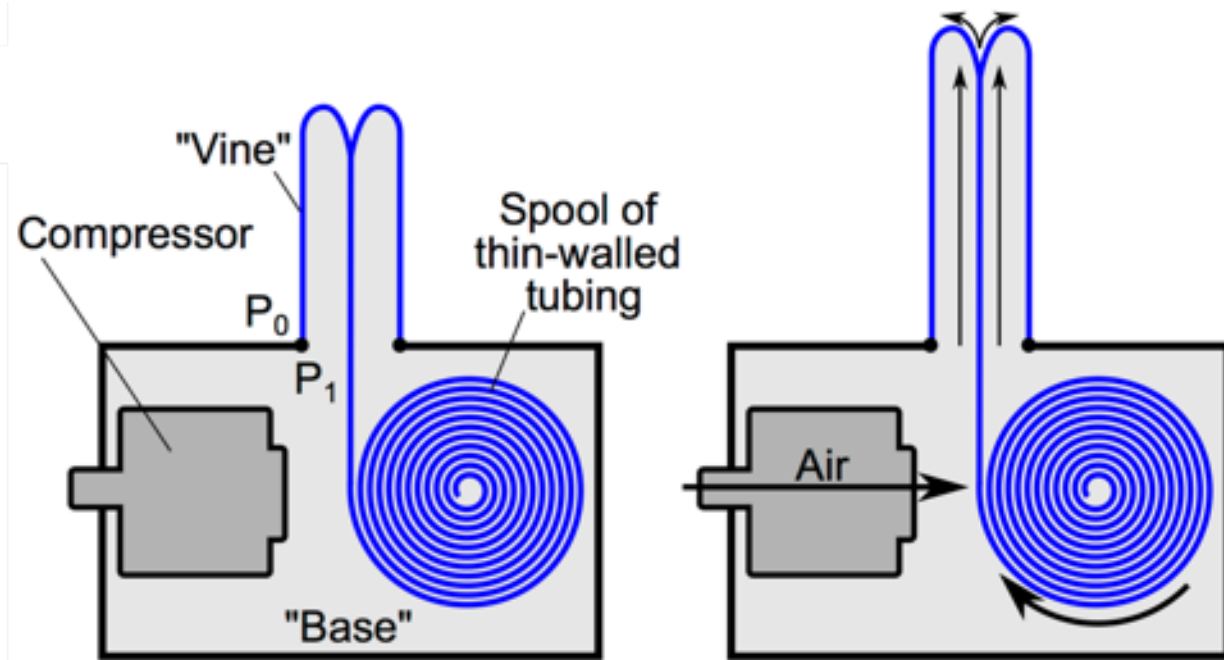
Supported by: National Science Foundation, Air Force Office of Scientific Research
(With Jonathan Fan and Sean Follmer)

“water snake” toy



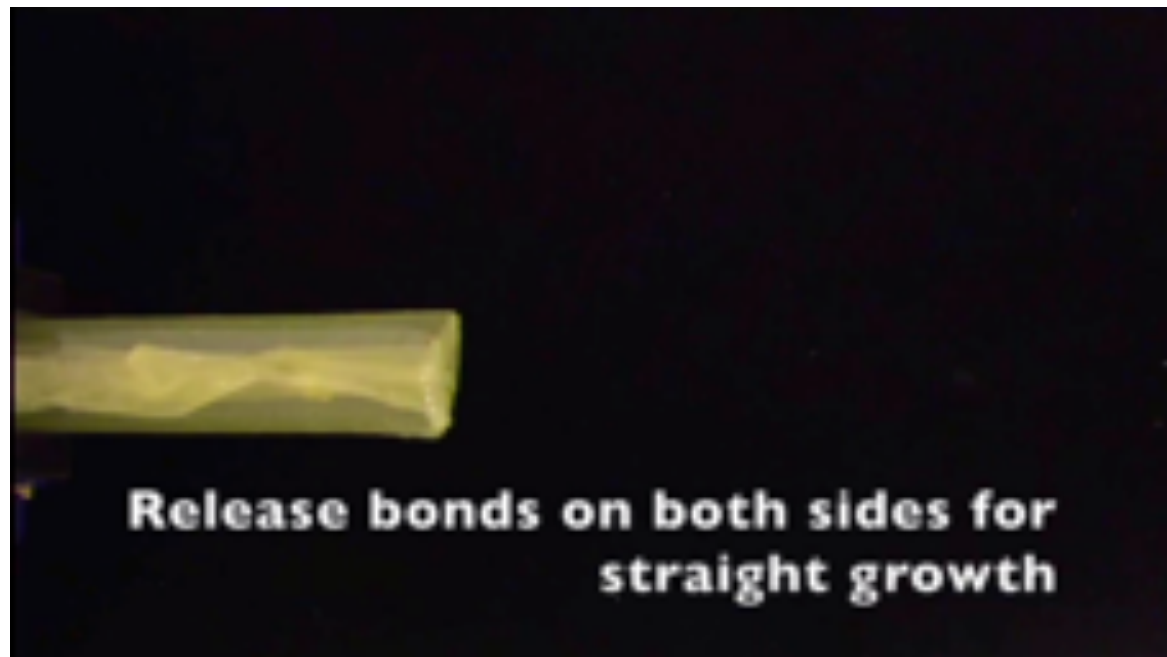
Passing flexible plastic material to the “growth” site is **reversible and can be **very fast** (up to 10 m/s measured to date)**

Extremely large change in length is achieved by using **air** for volume change and **thin polymer membranes** for surface area change



Control of growth direction can also be achieved through **activator/actuator routing**

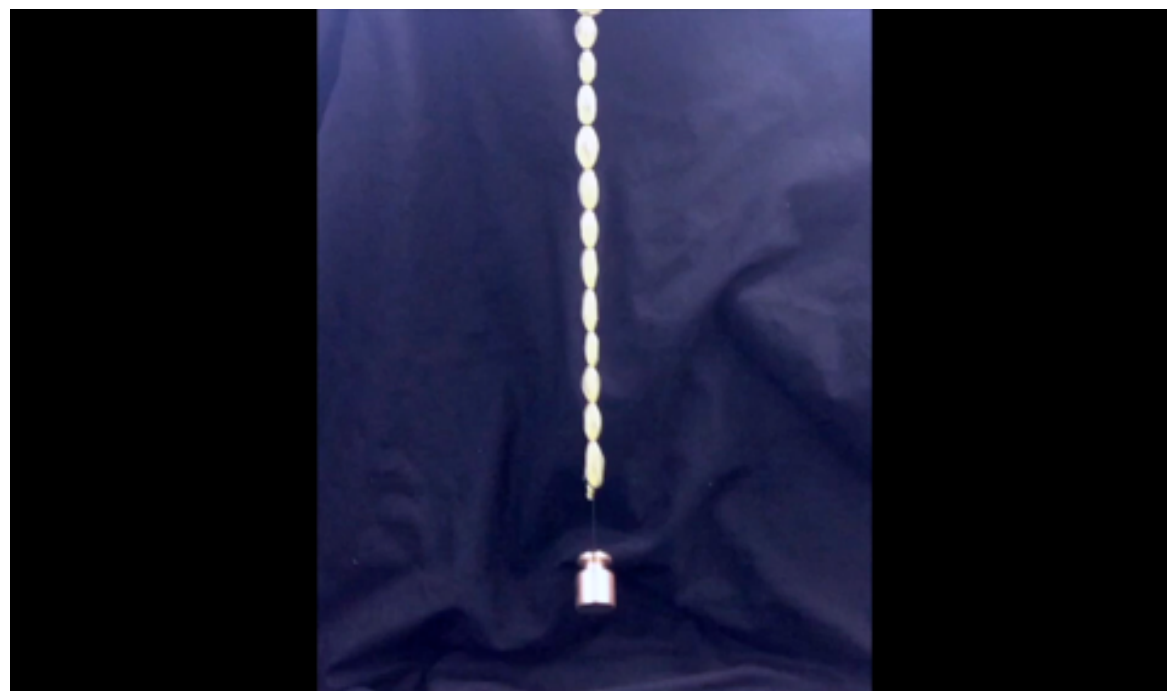
permanent direction change



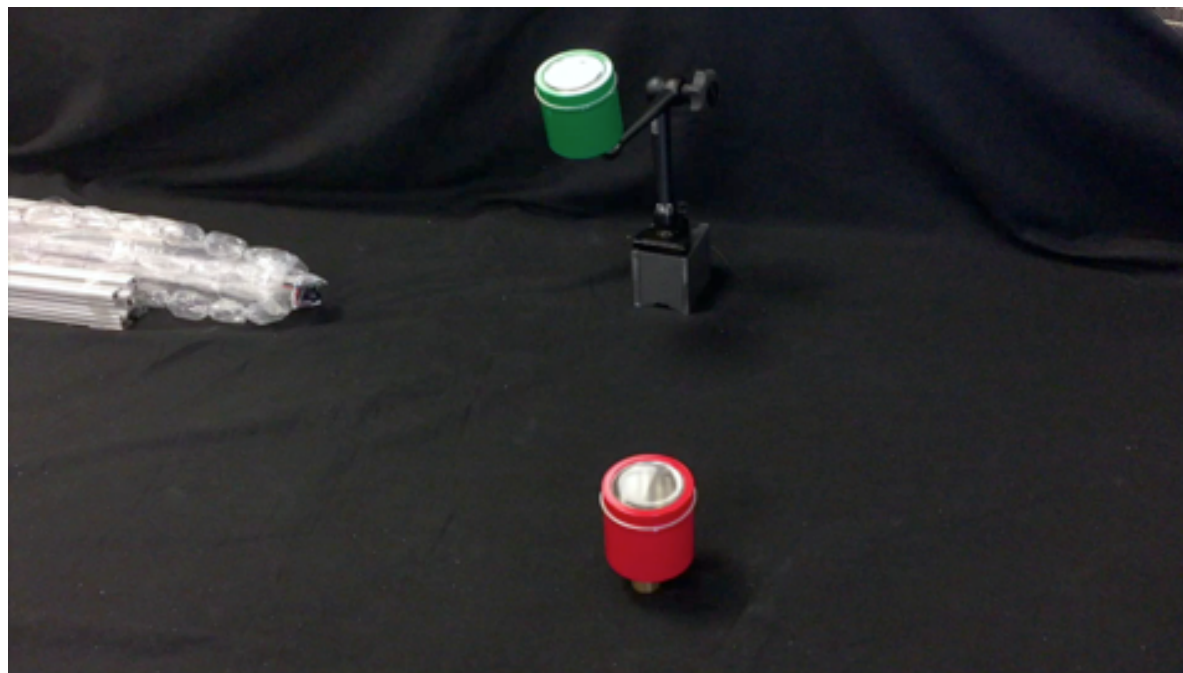
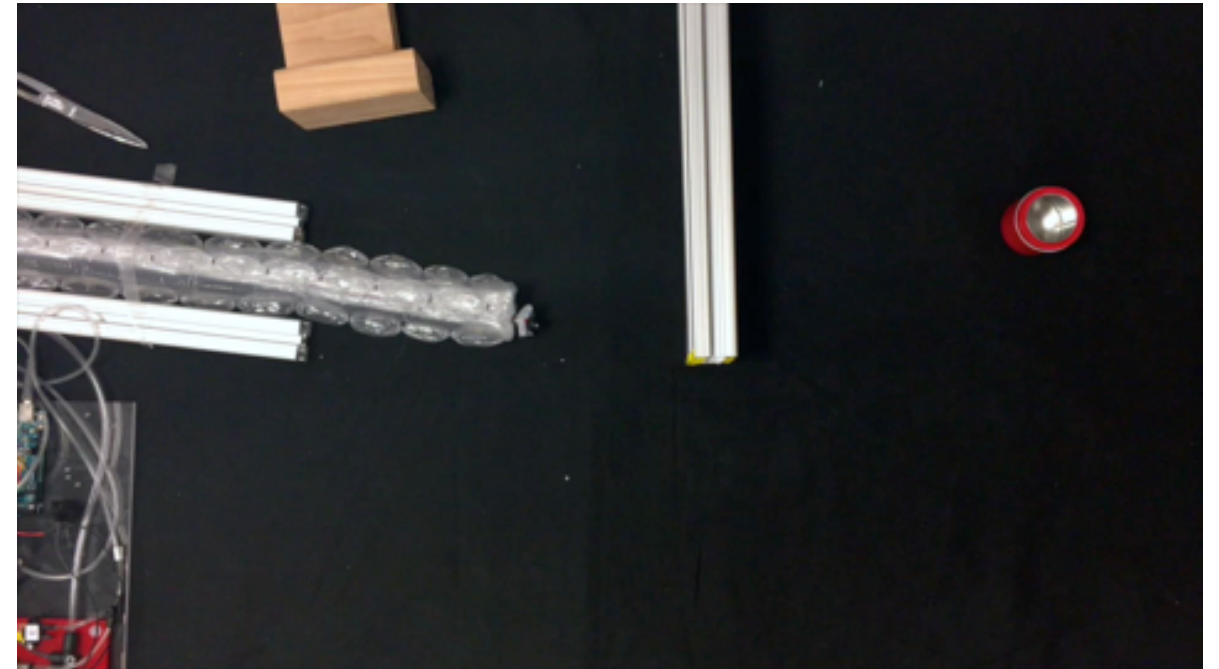
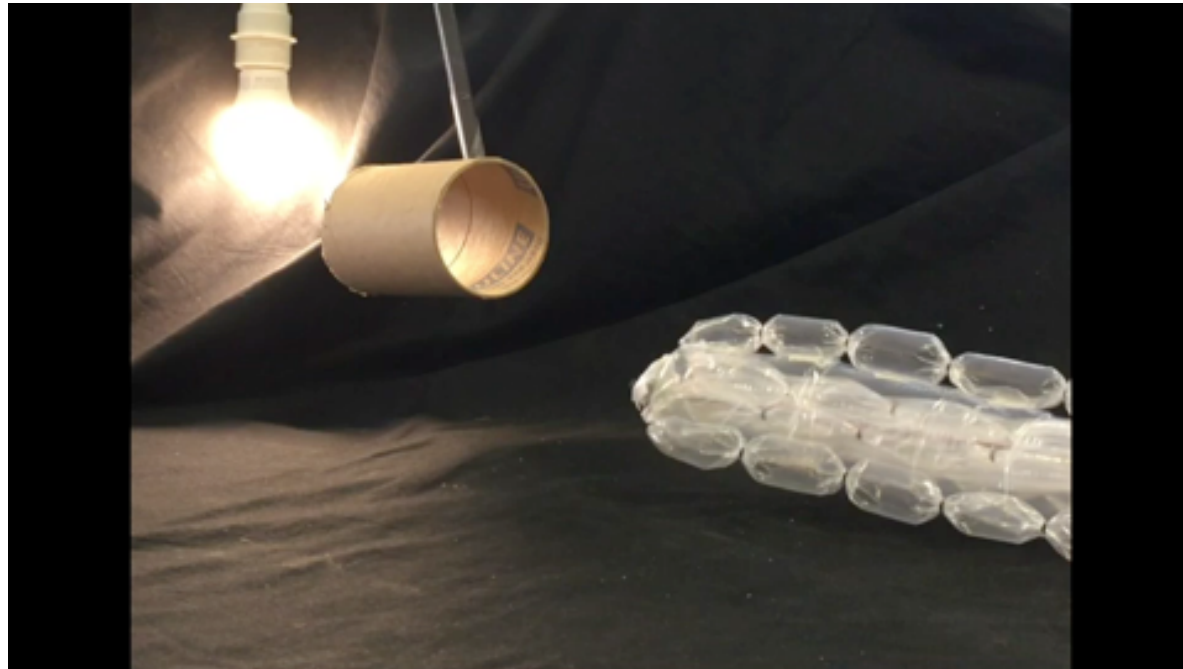
helical routing



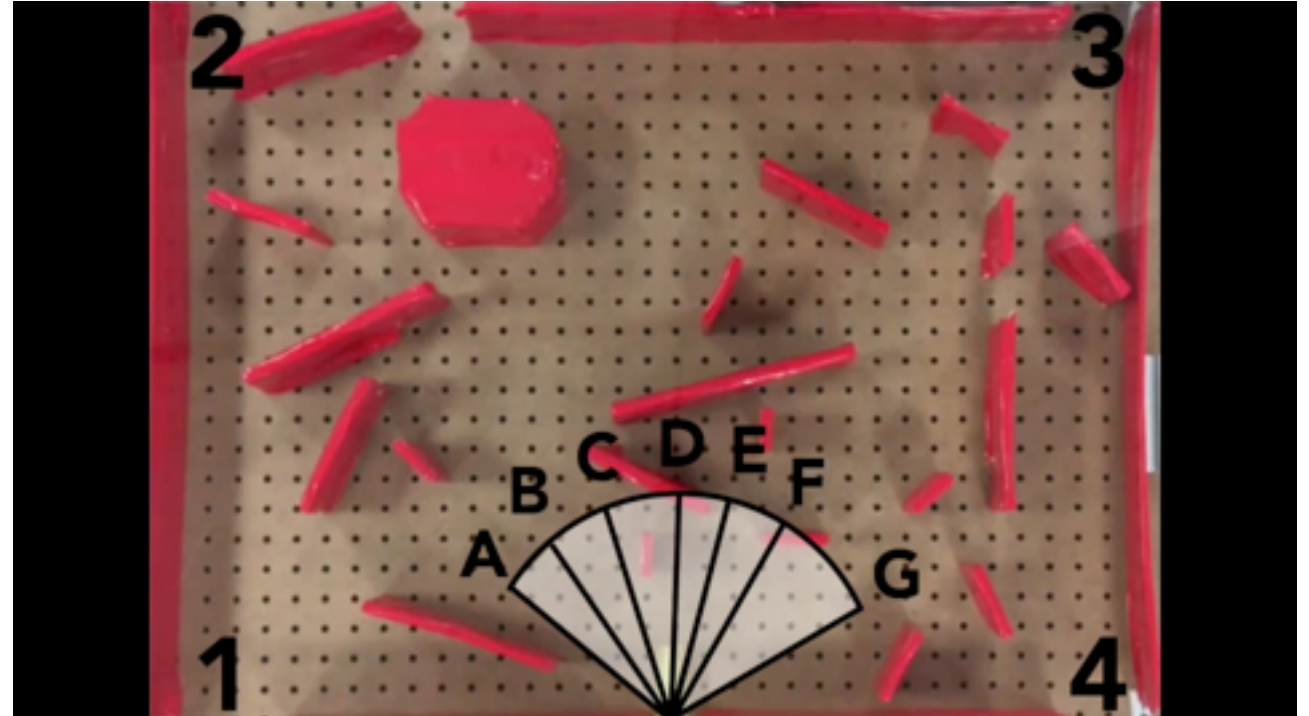
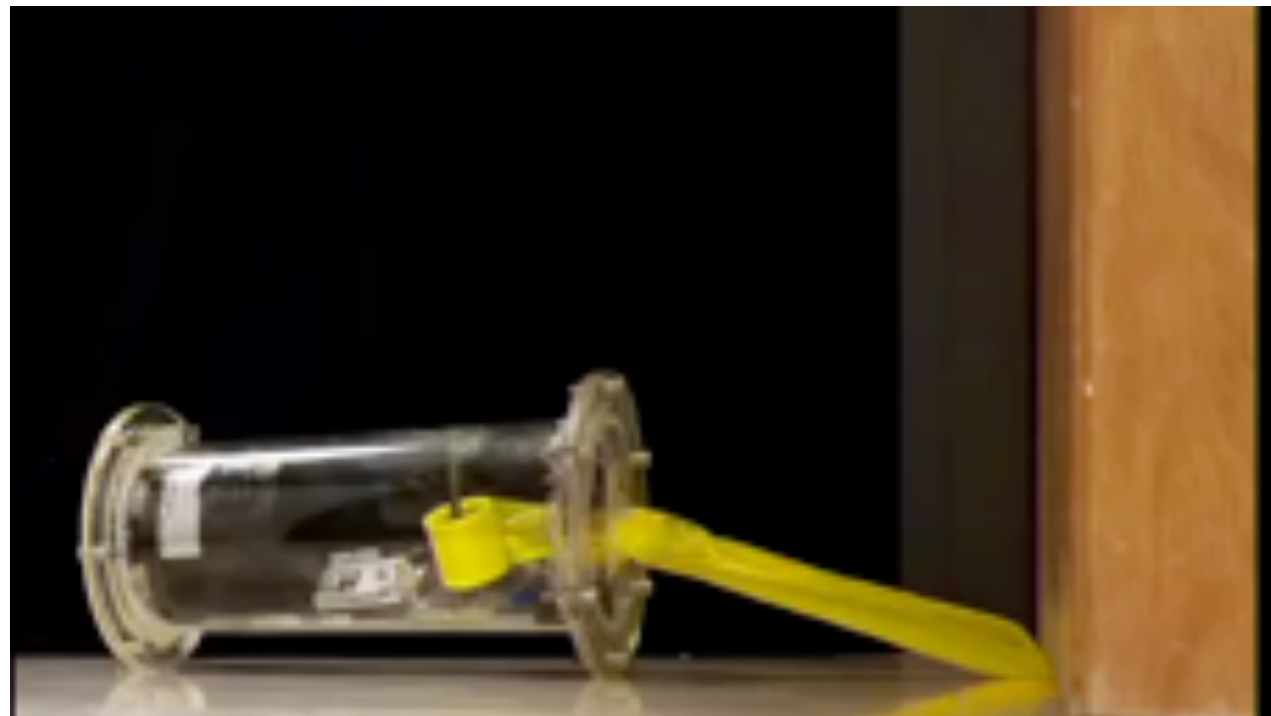
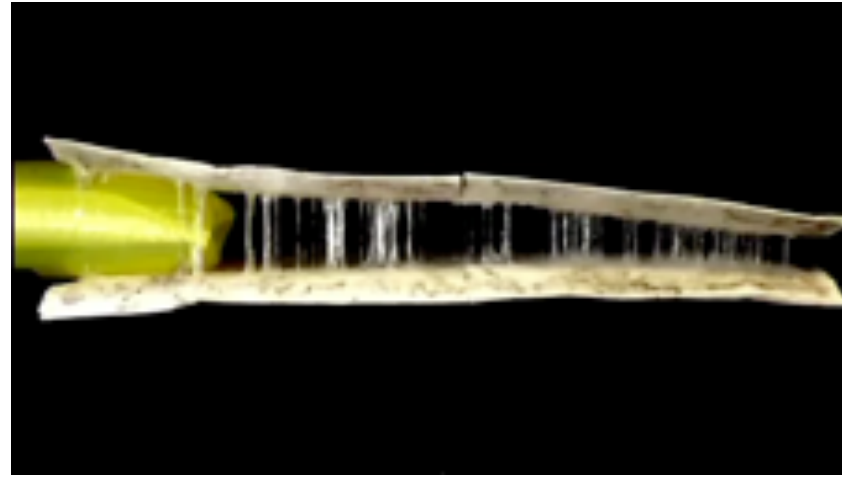
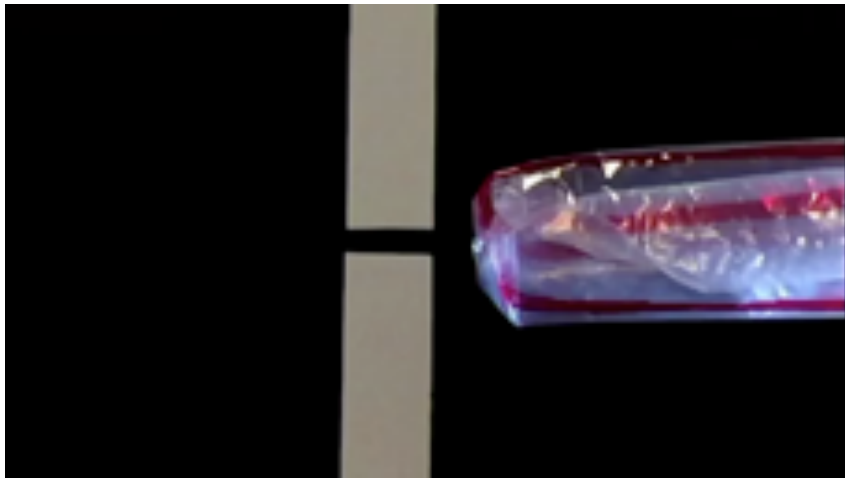
reversible direction change



Control of growth direction can be achieved actively using sensor feedback

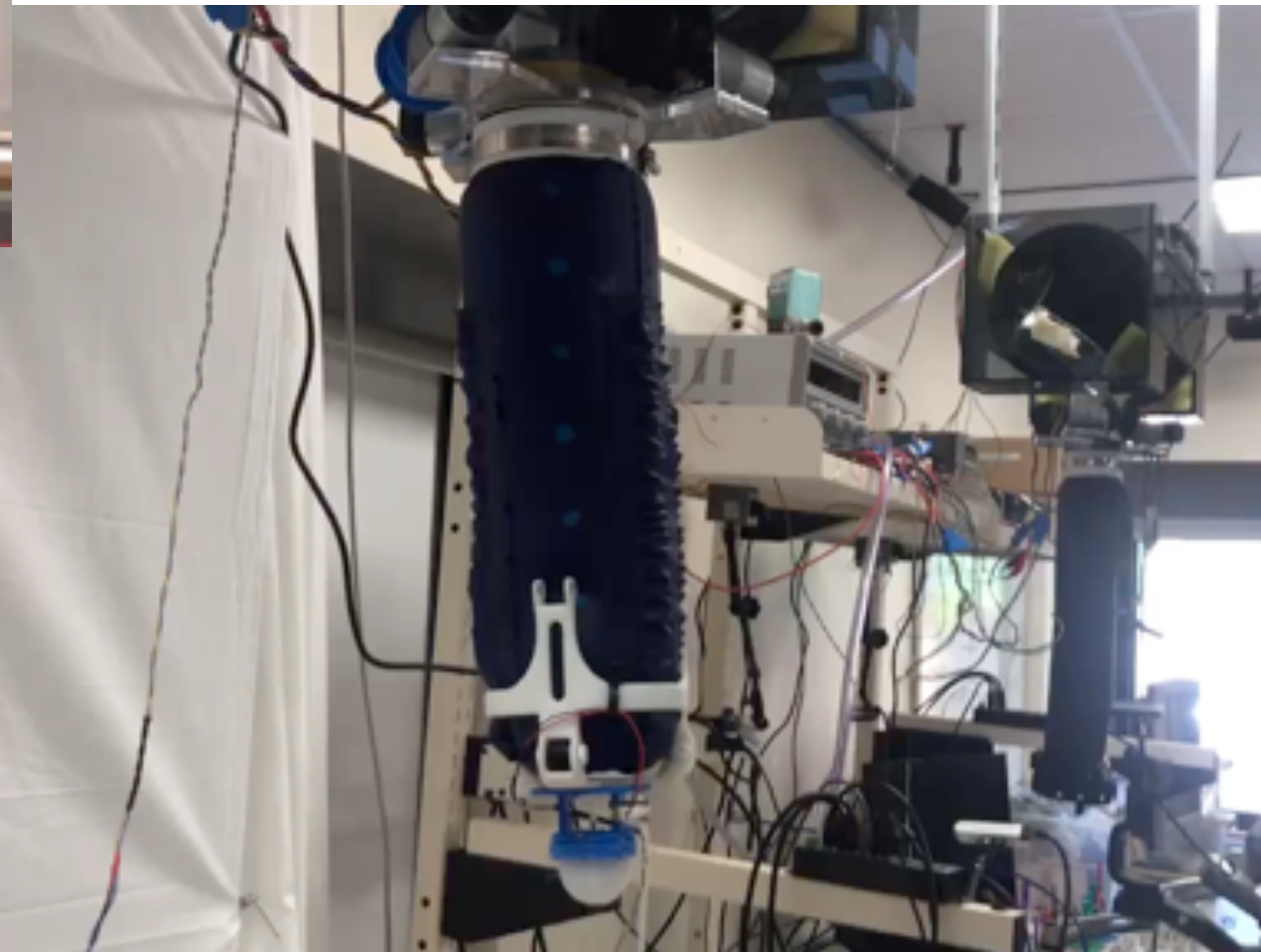


Applications include scenarios that challenge our ability to safely access and create useful structures in locations remote in distance or scale

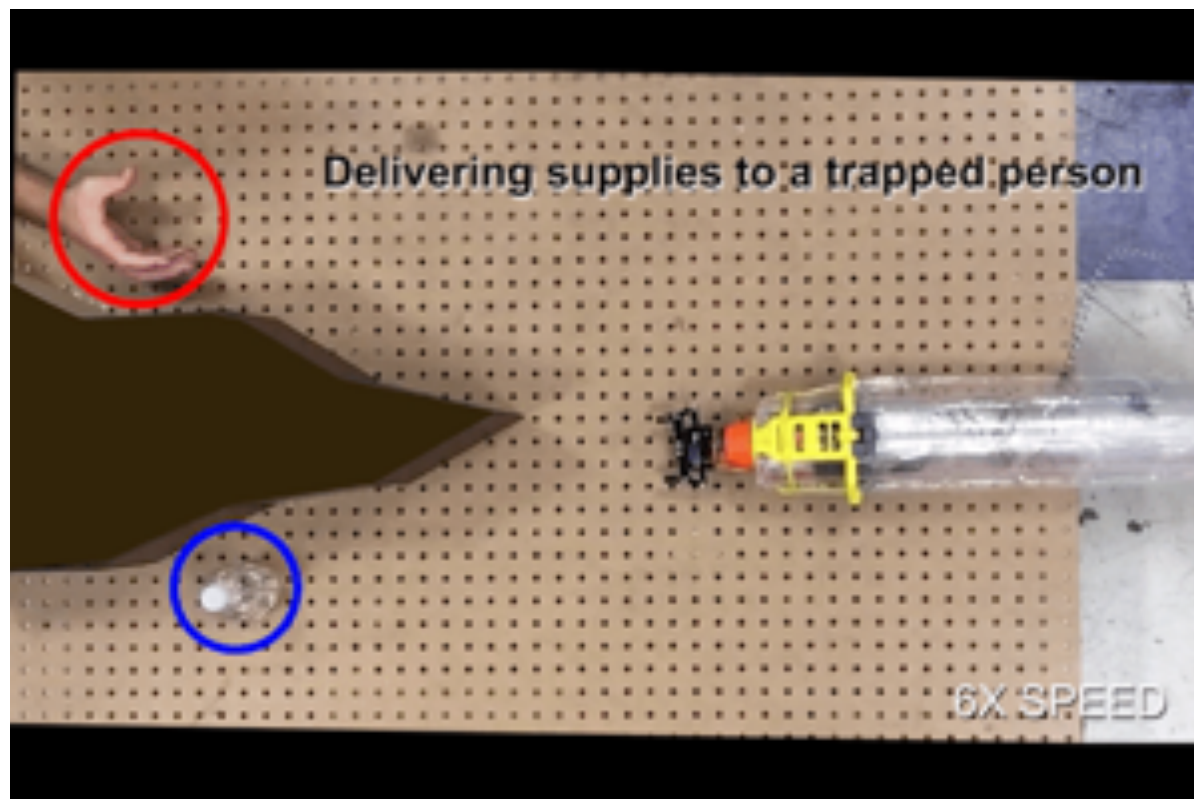
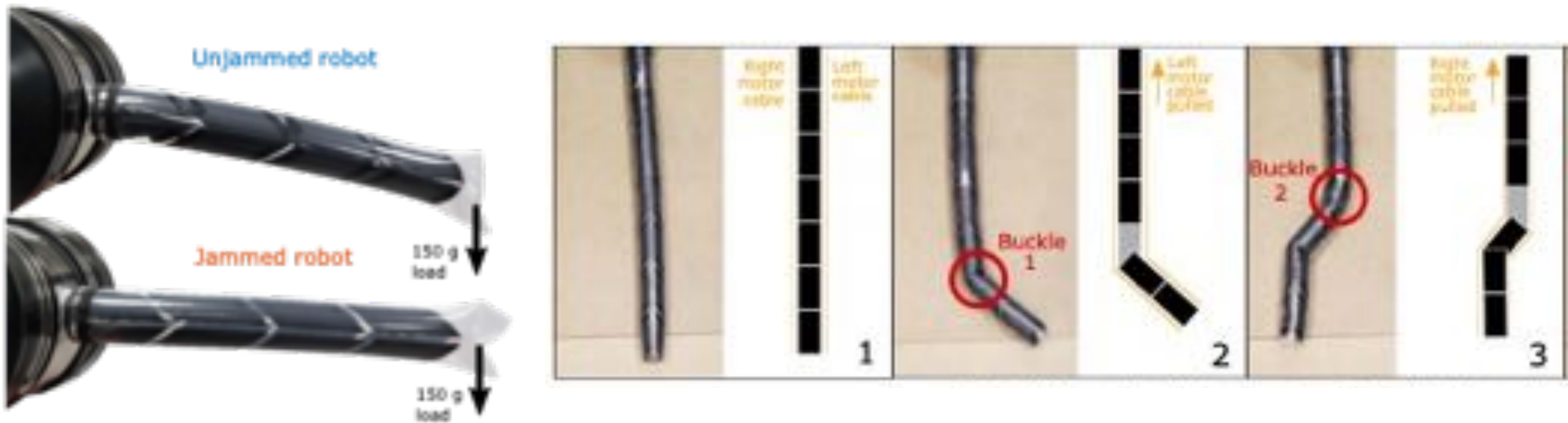


Archeological Exploration

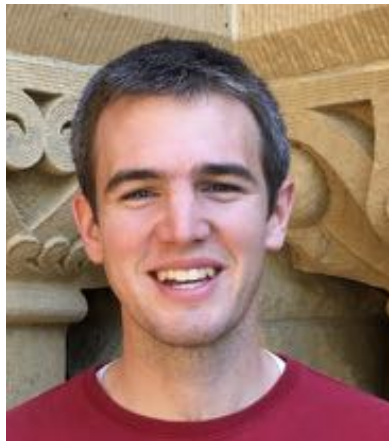
Toward Manipulation



Toward Manipulation



Shape-changing isoperimetric truss robots



Nathan Usevitch
(Facebook)

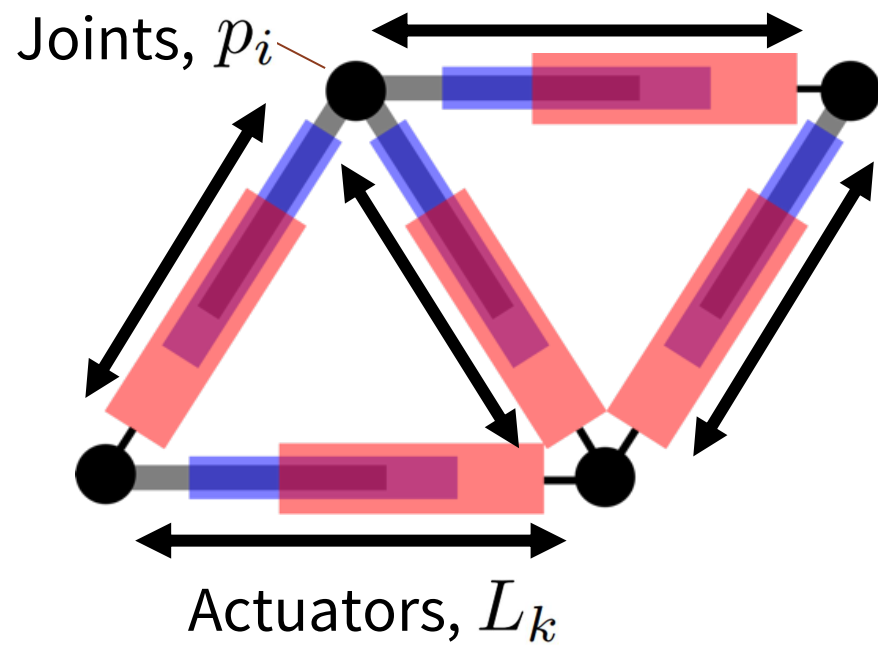


Zach Hammond
(Stanford)



Supported by: National Science Foundation
(With Sean Follmer, Elliot Hawkes, and Mac Schwager)

A “Soft” Truss Robot



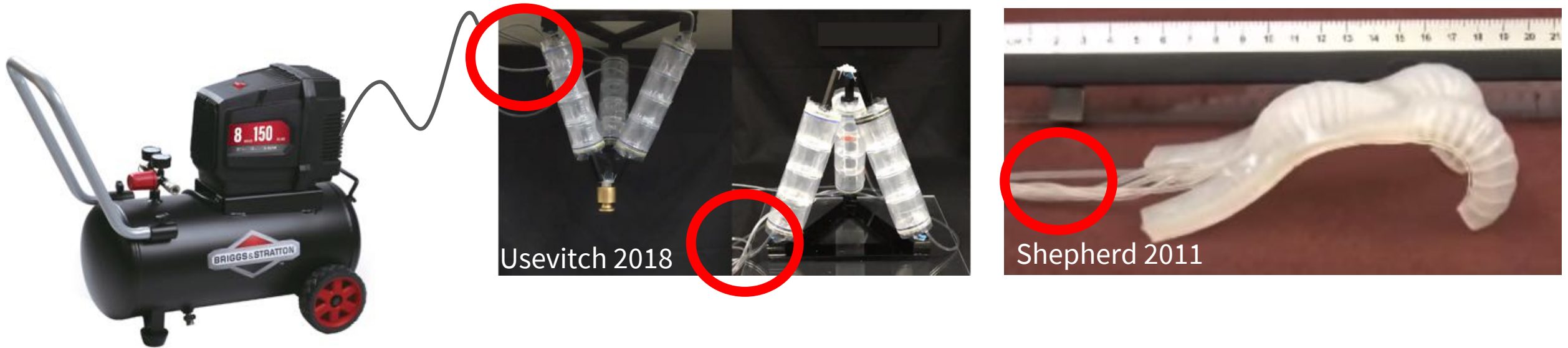
NASA Ants 2010

Hamlin et al., 1997
Lee et al., 2001
NASA Superball
Zagal et al., 2012
Spinos et al., 2017
Jeong et al., 2018
Pieber et al., 2018

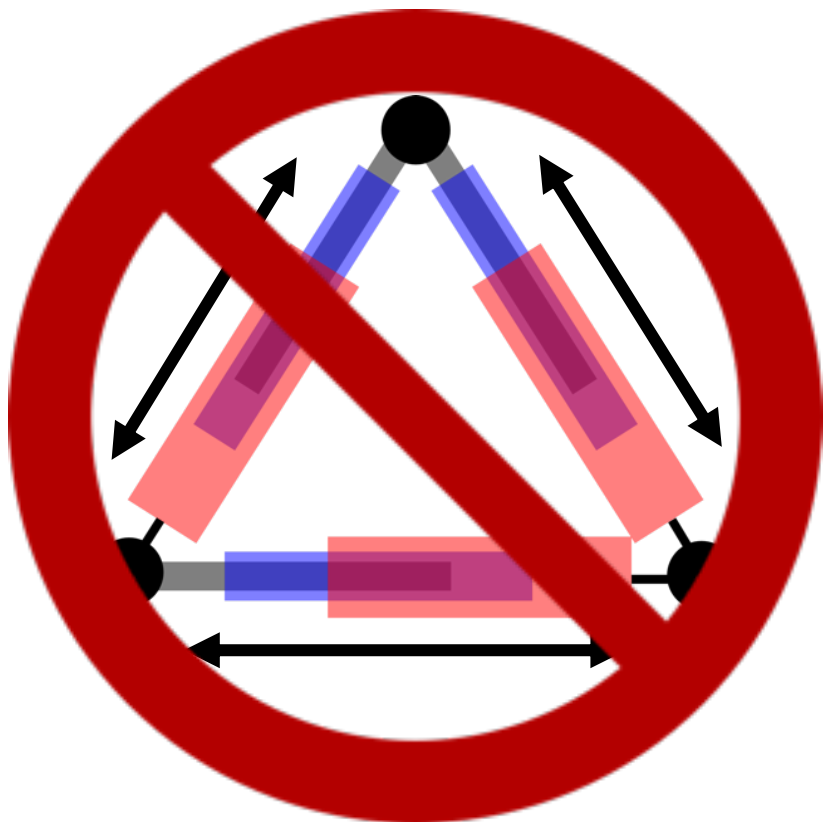


Usevitch, Hammond et al. Science Robotics 2020

Removing the Tether

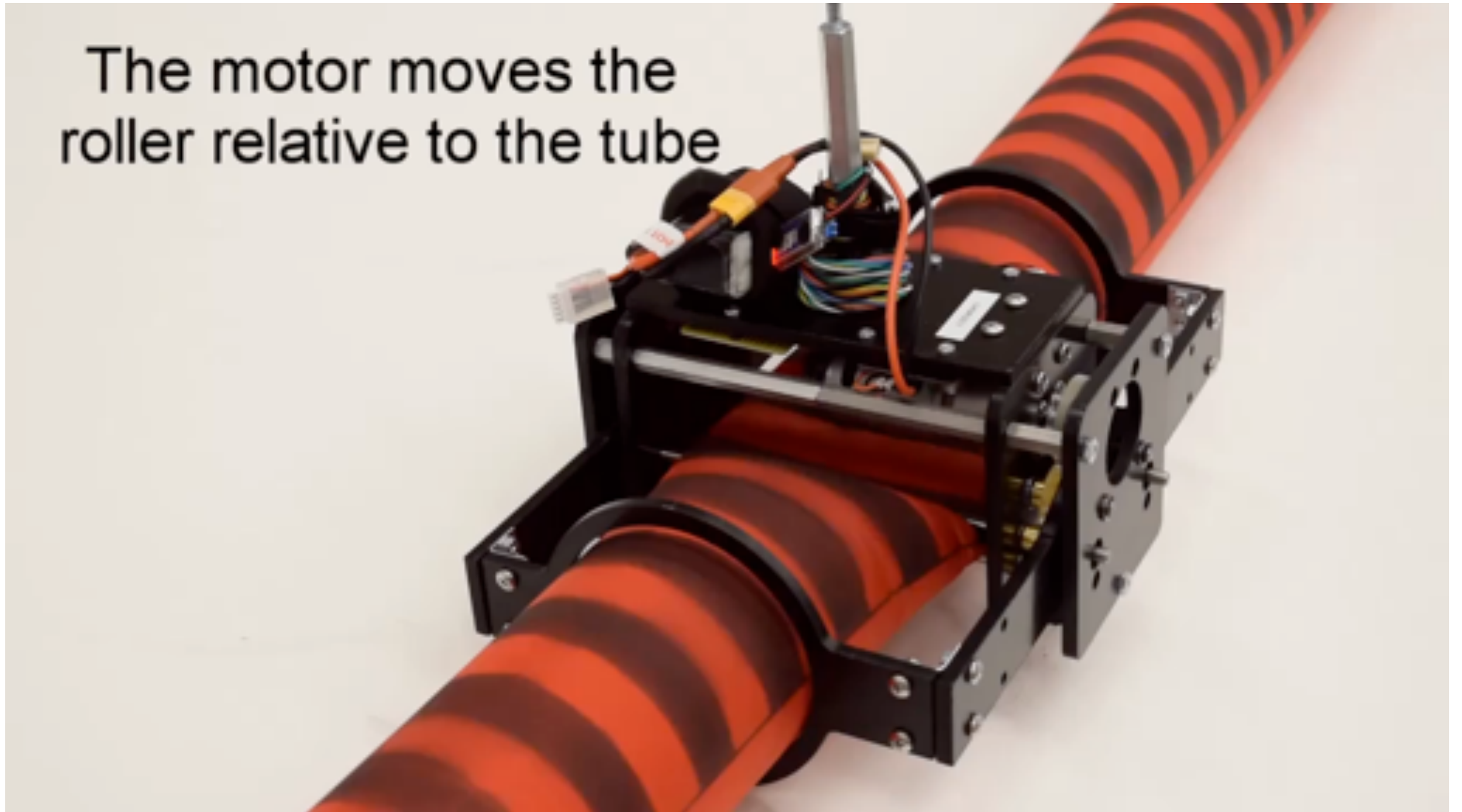


truss formed from a single,
continuous member

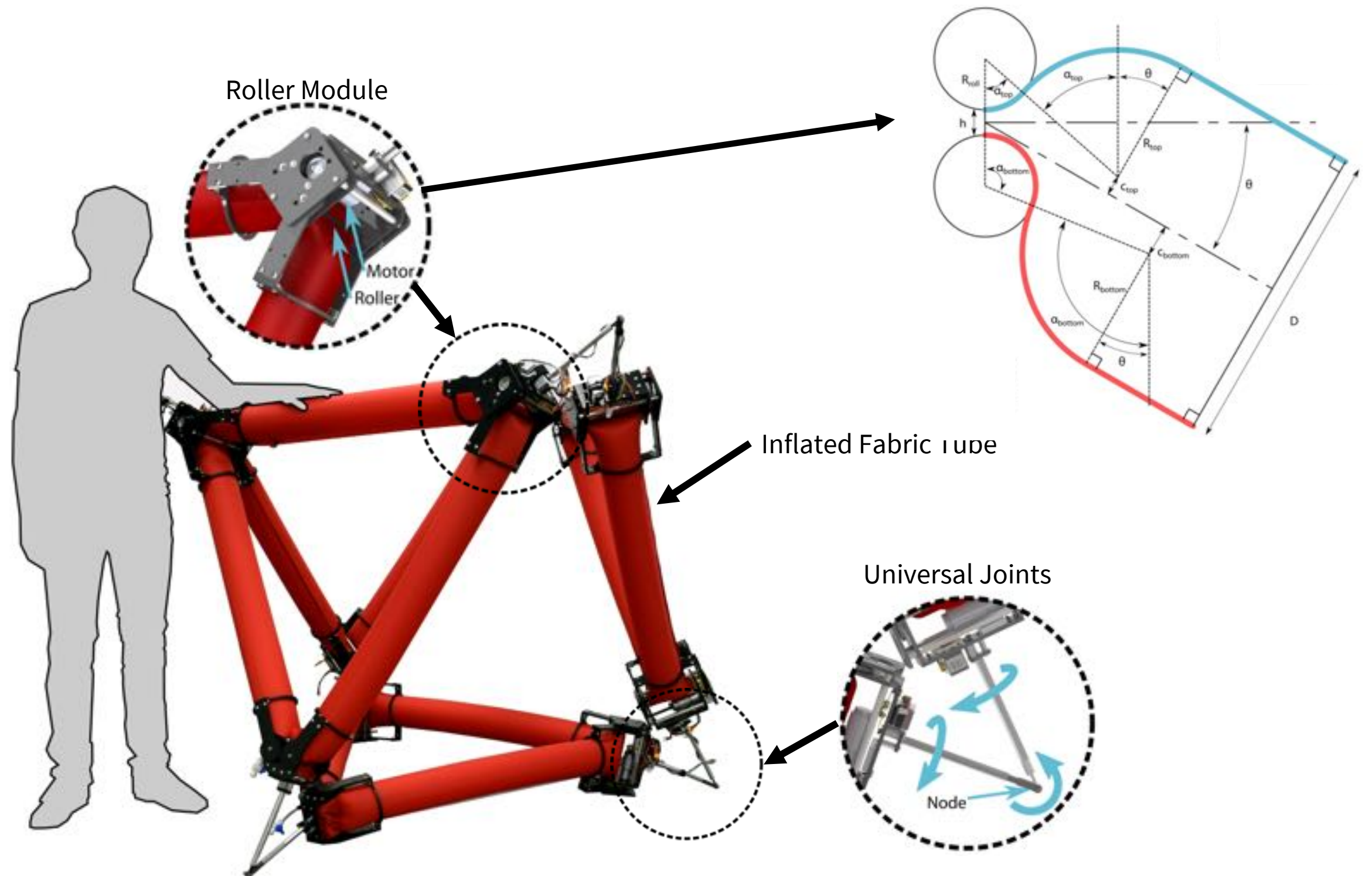


Move the joint relative to the structure

The motor moves the roller relative to the tube



An Isoperimetric robot



Locomotion



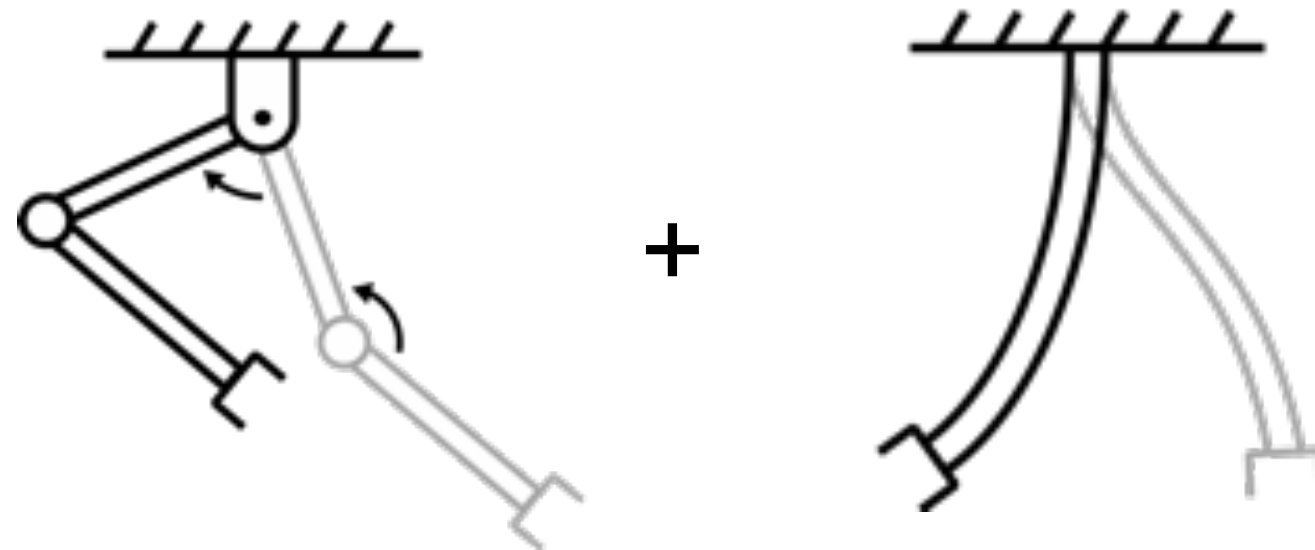
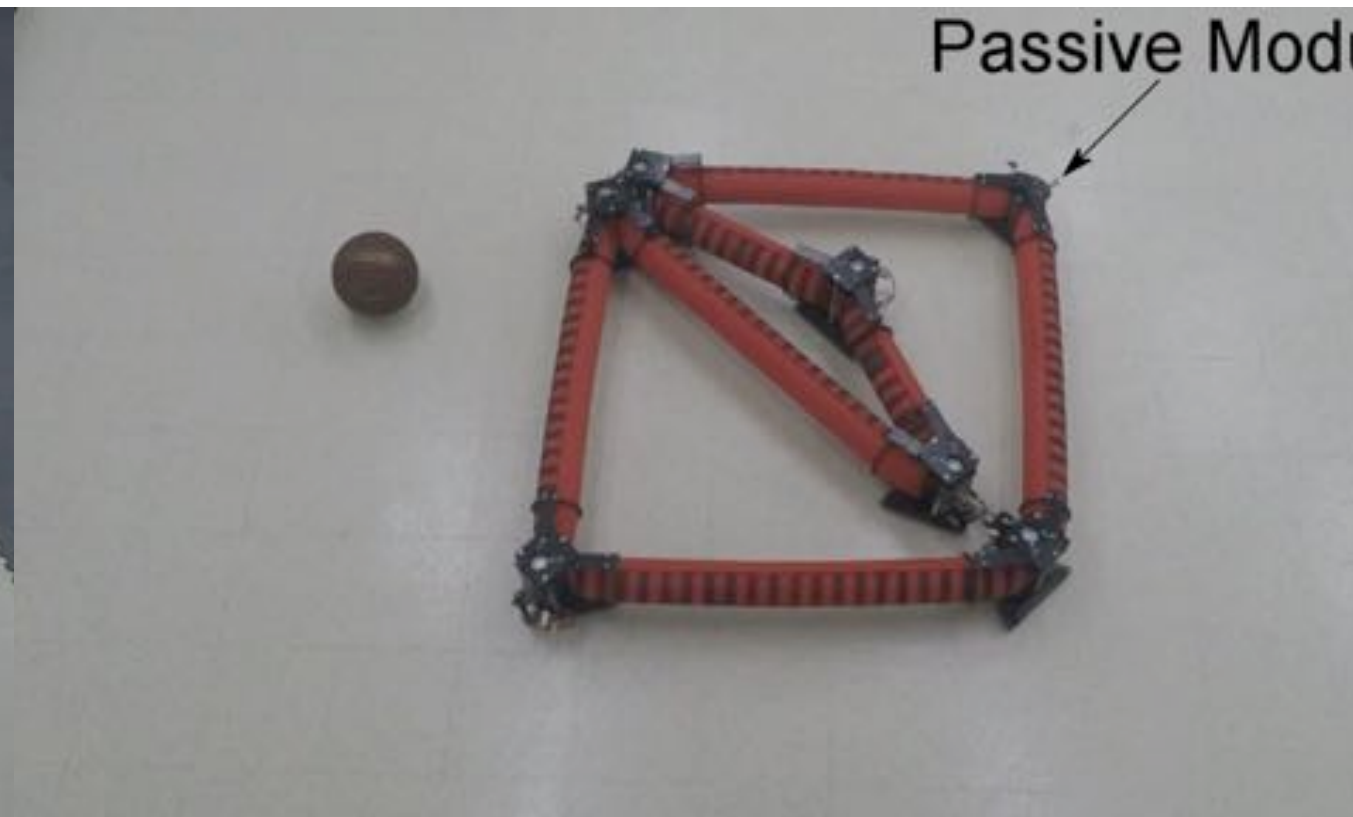
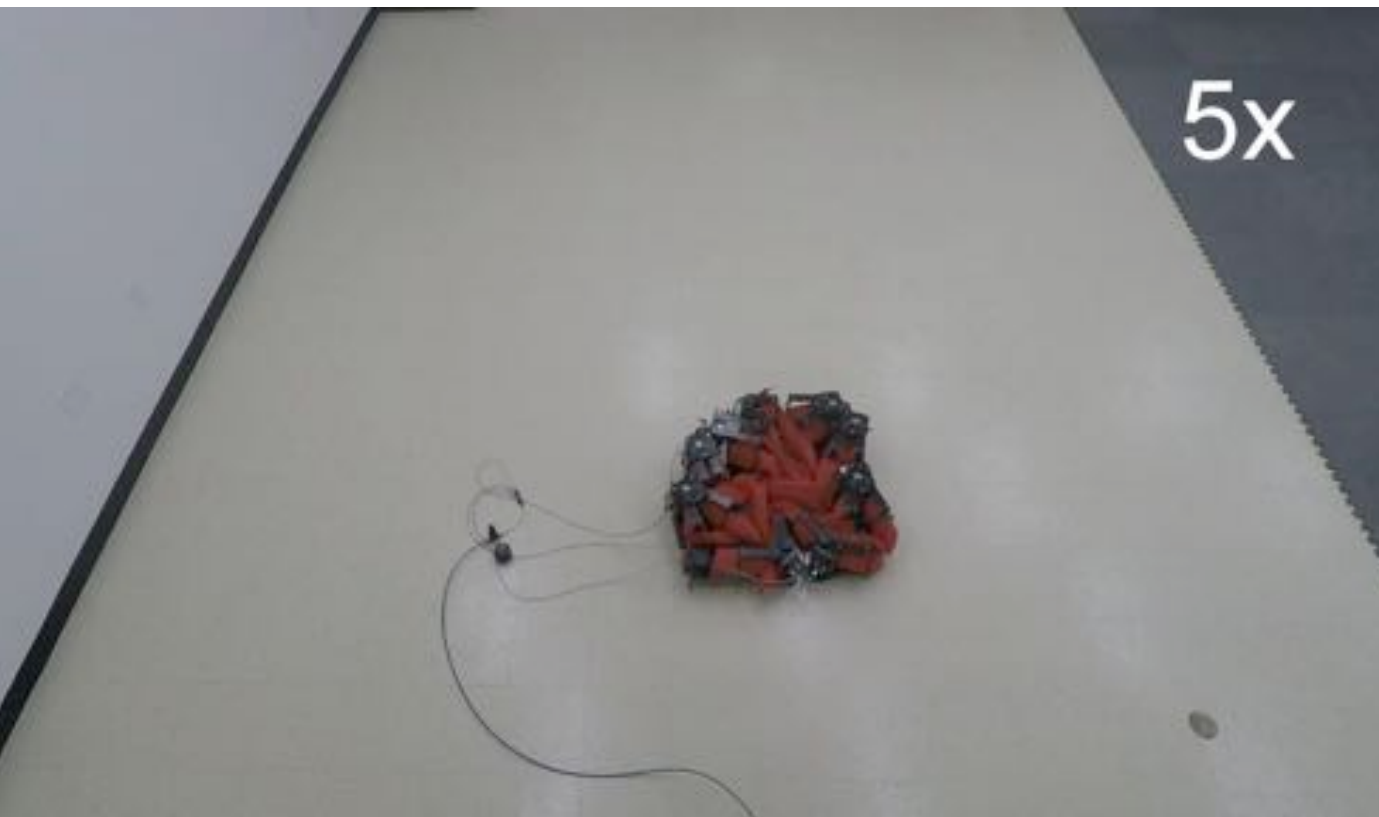
Compliance



Manipulation



Modularity



Towards the best of both worlds

A Continuum of Continuum Robots



Soft, steerable,
patient-specific
medical robots



Robots that
grow by tip
eversion



Shape-changing
isoperimetric
truss robots



Tania Morimoto
(UCSD)



Elliot Hawkes
(UCSB)



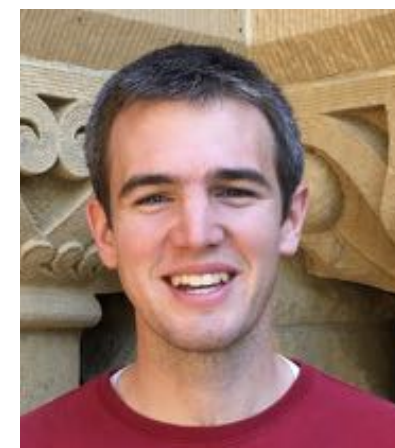
Laura Blumenschein
(Purdue)



Joey Greer
(Facebook)



Ming Luo
(Washington State)



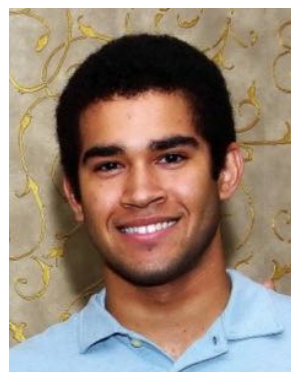
Nathan Usevitch
(Facebook)



Fabio Stroppa



Margaret Coad



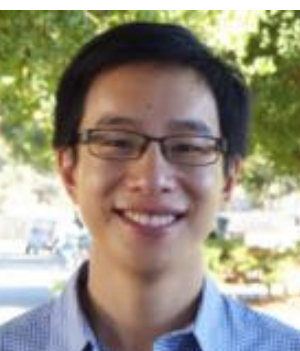
Nathaniel
Agharese



Brian Do



Zach Hammond
(advised by Sean
Follmer)



Jonathan Fan
(Stanford)



Sean Follmer
(Stanford)



Mac Schwager
(Stanford)



Jee-Hwan Ryu
(KAIST)



CHARMers