

NSF SaTC CORE: Small: TAURUS: Towards a Unified Robust and Secure Data Driven Approach for Attack Detection in Smart Living

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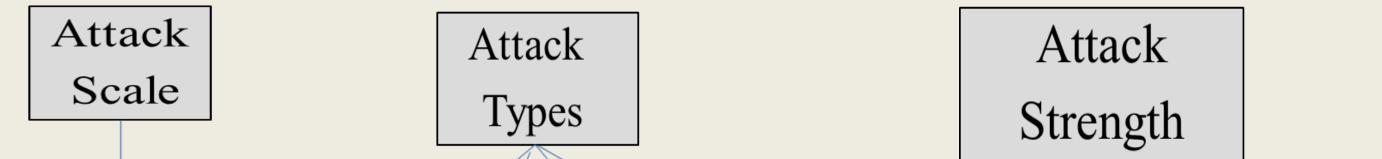
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Project URL: https://sites.google.com/view/satc-project-tauras/home

Summary of Hypothesis

- For IoT/CPS domains, some unified structure in the data can be used to <u>derive</u> invariants
- Invariants characterize a latent space that is highly stable <u>under benign</u> conditions
- Invariants have math properties that show sharp deviations under data integrity threats
- Invariants have the power to indicate what type of threat \rightarrow Attack Context
- Attack Context informs device level anomaly classifiers that are bio-inspired

Data Integrity Threat Landscape Challenges



Attack Strategy Distribution

Smart Living IoT and CPS domain Challenges

- How to model human behavior & physics of process affecting sensory data?
- How to reduce false alarms while detecting anomalies due to attacks?
- How to distinguish legitimate changes from attacks and unsafe incidents?
- How to detect low profile attacks hiding behind randomness?
- Is co-location of many security mechanisms for each service burdensome?
- How to design plug and play type unified approaches that generalize?

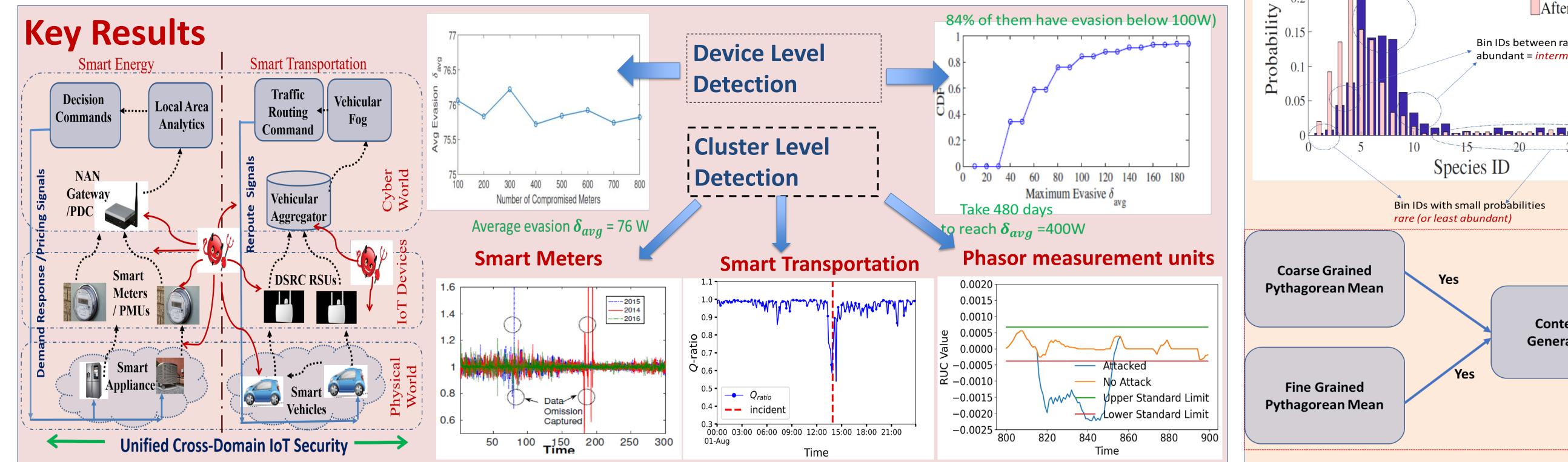
Research Contributions

 Novel clustering approach for community scale smart living CPS; each cluster maximizes positive covariance among IoT sensing data



Fraction Of Ramp Persistent KLD **Average Extent of** Data Compromised Additive Deductive Alternating Camouflage IoT/CPS **Data Falsification** Minimize Boil Order Switching endpoints Per IoT End-point frog Aware

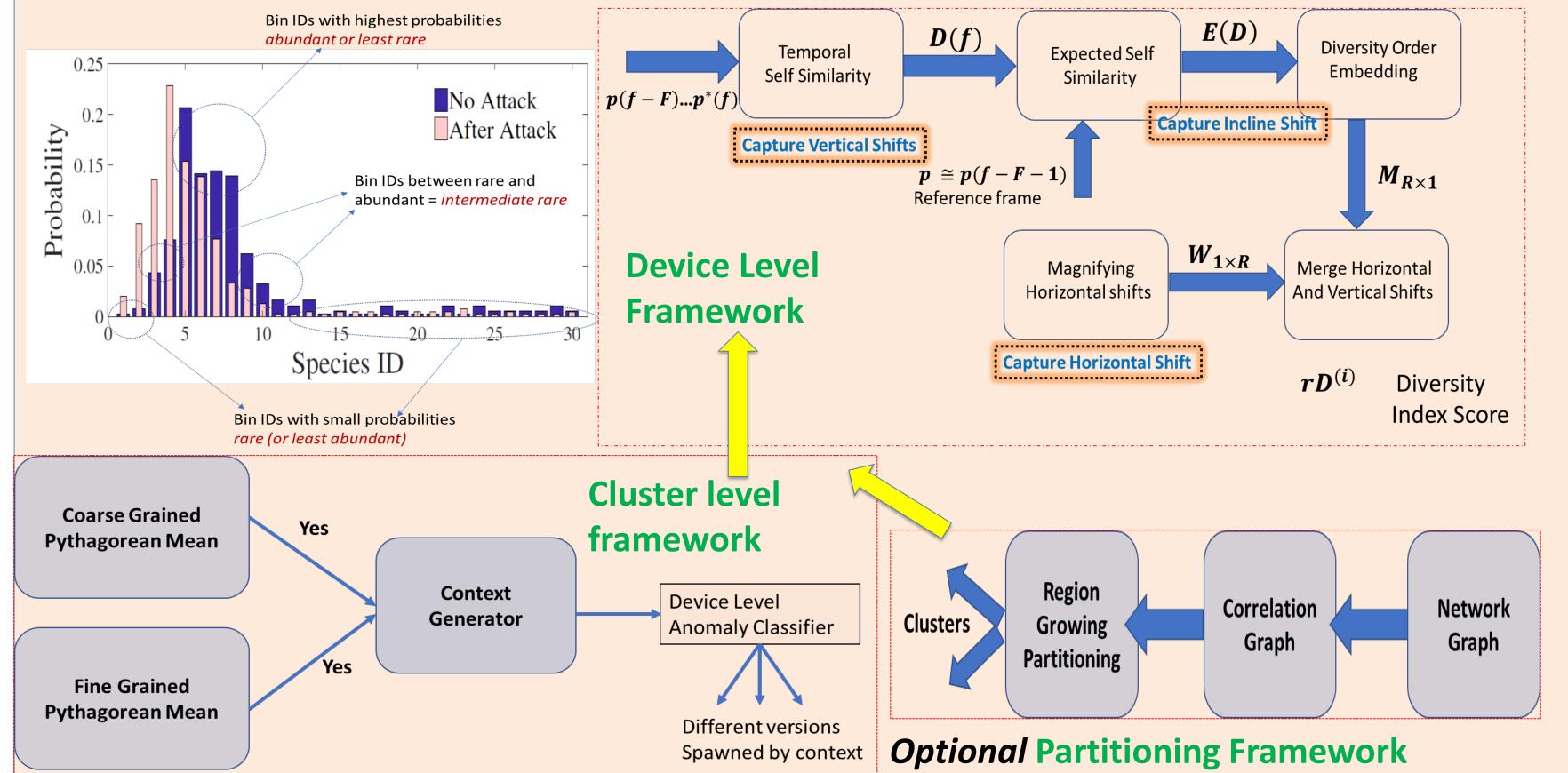
- Data Integrity attacks occur due to physical and internal cyber exploits
- Defender does not know which attack will happen
- Different attacks treated in silos \rightarrow too many defense solutions
- Attacks are common but have different impacts given a IoT/CPS domain
- Can we build one framework that works for various attacks and multiple domains?



- Pythagorean Mean based Invariant characterizes benign cluster-level behavior
- Our Invariant contains properties that deviate under various attack features, and has ability to indicate attack type, strategy, and severity (Context)

• Context informs a subsequent device level anomaly detector

 Theory for two device level anomaly detectors: (1) context embedded KL divergence; (2) novel *bio inspired information theory* built on Renyi Entropy, better for low margin attacks



Broader Scientific Impact

- Generic threat landscape for data integrity attacks in smart living CPS
- Formal Analysis: closed form expressions to predict security performance given any dataset.
- Proved invariant based anomaly detection applies to Smart Energy Metering, Phasor Measurement Units, and Smart Transportation
- Proven compatibility with customer privacy preserving frameworks (e.g., Fully Homomorphic Encryption)
- Closed form approximation of failure/ evasion points of anomaly detector

Education and Outreach

- Bhattacharjee partnered with Kalamazoo Math Science Center for yearly advising of high school students who compete in state's school level engineering projects fair.
- Das and Bhattacharjee co-organized IEEE Big Data and IoT security workshop colocated with IEEE SmartComp (2021-2022).
- Bhattacharjee offered a new course on Artificial Intelligence based Security.
- Das offered a course on Advances in CPS and covered IoT and CPS security in smart grid and smart transportation.
- Das delivered several keynote talks on CPS and IoT security.

Impact of Participation

- 4 PhD students partially funded;
 2 at MST and 2 at WMU
- 2 undergrad senior design projects at WMU; two undergrad students at MST
- One women PhD student each recruited at WMU and MST
- Three K-12 student high school research projects in Kalamazoo-Portage school district on WMU
- One BS student at WMU continuing as MS; one BS student at MST continuing PhD.

Publications/Products

 S. Bhattacharjee, P. Madhavarapu, S. Silvestri, S. K. Das, "Attack Context Embedded Data Driven Trust Diagnostics in Smart Metering Infrastructure" ACM Trans. Priv. and Sec., 2021.
 S. Bhattacharjee, P. Madhavarapu, S. K. Das, "A Diversity Index Scoring Framework for Identifying Smart Meters Launching Stealthy Data Falsification Attacks", ACM Asia' CCS, 2021
 M. Islam, J. Talusan, S. Bhattacharjee, F. Tiasus, S. Vazirizade, A. Dubey, K. Yasumoto, S. K. Das "Anomaly based Incident Detection in Large Scale Transportation Systems", IEEE/ACM Intl. Conf. on Cyber Physical Sys. (IEEE ICCPS), 2022.

4. P. Roy, S. Bhattacharjee, H. Al-Sheakh, S. K. Das, "Resilience against Bad Mouthing Attacks in Mobile Crowdsensing Systems via Cyber Deception" *IEEE WoWMoM*, 2021

5. P. Roy, S. Bhattacharjee, S.K. Das, "Real Time Stream Mining based Attack Detection in Distribution Level PMUs for Smart Grids," *IEEE GlobeCom*, 2020.

6. Y. Ishimaki, S. Bhattacharjee, H. Yamana, S. K. Das, "Towards Privacy-preserving Anomaly-based Attack Detection against Data Falsification in Smart Grid" *IEEE SmartGridComm*, 2020.



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