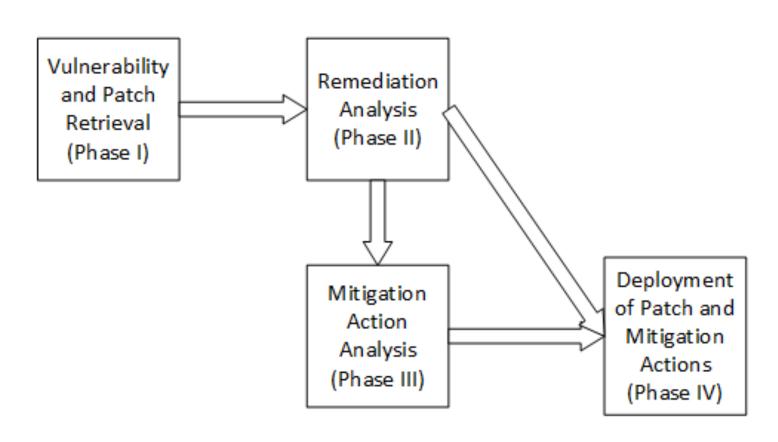


Introduction

Vulnerability and patch management (VPM) is one core component of security in energy companies

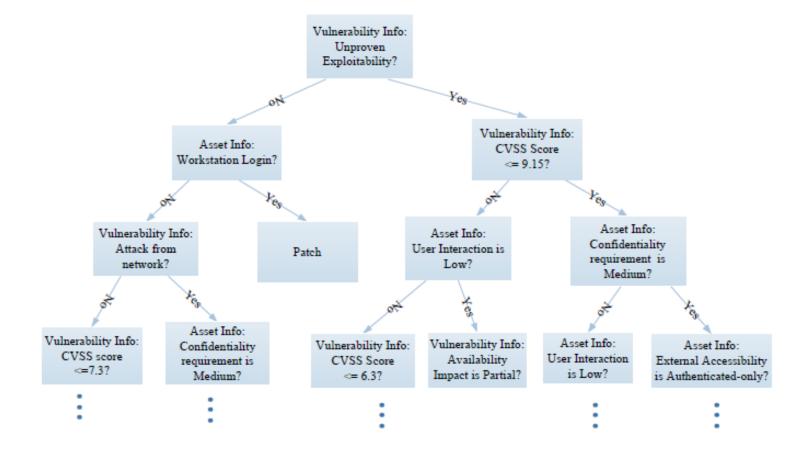


• Challenges

- Many vulnerabilities with assets emerge each month
- The National Electric Regulatory Commission (NERC) Critical Infrastructure Protection (CIP) compliance regulation CIP-007-6 R2 requires flawless vulnerability remediation
- Energy companies need to remediate each and every vulnerability through patching or mitigation plans
- Remediating vulnerabilities is currently a heavily manual process, with vulnerabilities exposed for months
- No research or tools available for automating VPM decision making
- Goal: Automate VPM decision making to get better security at lower cost

Research Approaches and Outcomes

- Learning-Based Automated Remediation Action Analysis
 - Problem: predict how to remediate a new vulnerability, e.g., Patch-Now, Mitigate-Now-Patch-Later, and Patch-Later.
 - Approach: Decision tree based prediction and reason code generation optimized with data analytics and domain knowledge
 - Evaluation: two one-year VPM operation datasets from an electric utility partner
 - Results: prediction accuracy 99.8%, false negative 0.2%

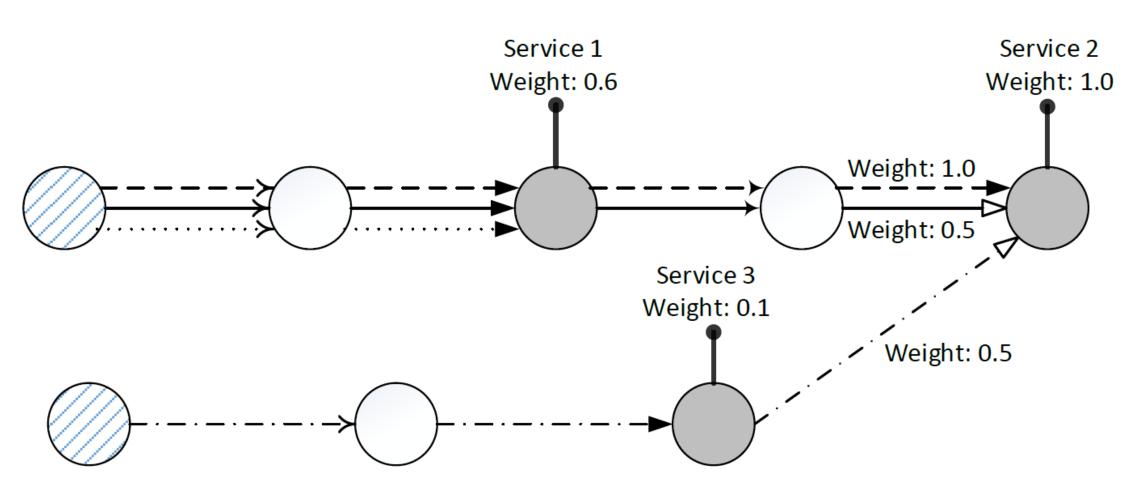


CAREER: Towards Automated Security Vulnerability and Patch Management for Power Grid Operations NSF Award Number: 1751255 PI: Qinghua Li

Students: Fengli Zhang, Kylie McClanahan, David Darling University of Arkansas

Research Approaches and Outcomes (Cont'd)

- Automated Mitigation Action Selection
 - Problem: choose the best mitigation actions for a set of vulnerabilities to minimize the impact to system functions
 - Approach: data flow driven modeling and formulation of Minimal Impact Mitigation Action Selection (MIMAS) Problem.



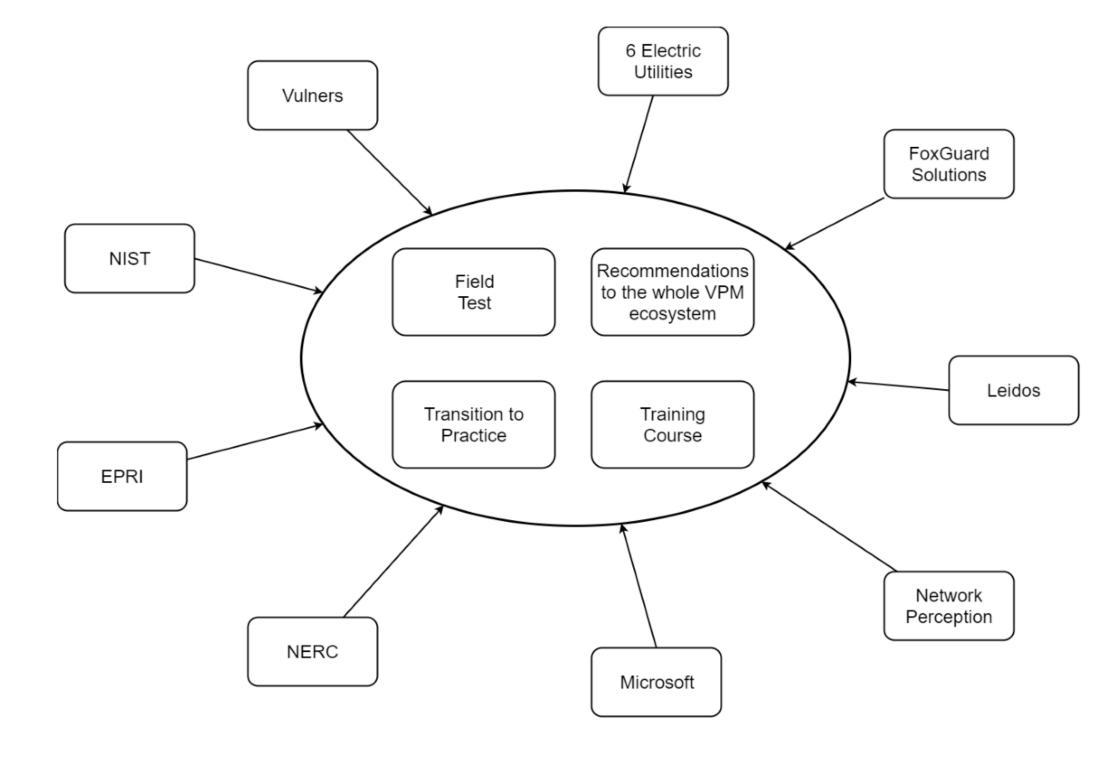
- Risk-Aware Patching Scheduling
 - Problem: find the optimal schedule for applying patches and mitigation actions to reduce security risks and cost Approach: formulate a Minimal Risk Patch Scheduling
 - Problem and develop solutions
 - Initial results of a heuristic solution: 40% risk reduction
- Data study findings
 - Localities of vulnerabilities in the feature space Inconsistency in manual decisions for medium-risk
 - vulnerabilities

Education Activities

- Course development on VPM for graduate students and senior undergraduate students
 - Topics of interest from the industry perspective collected in the NERC CIPC Meeting in September 2019
 - Course being designed and planned to be offered in Fall 2020
- Short training course for security operators at electric utilities
 - Topics of interest from the industry perspective collected in the NERC CIPC Meeting in September 2019
 - Course being developed and planned to be first offered in Summer 2020

Partners and Connections Established

- Three electric utility companies (anonymized upon their request) as field test sites
- Three other electric utility companies in conversation as potential field test sites
- Third-party services: FoxGuard Solutions
- Vendors: Network Perception, Microsoft, Leidos (Industrial Defender)
- Regulation organization: NERC
- Technology transfer partners: Network Perception, EPRI
- Public VPM data partners: NIST, Vulners



Impacts and Disseminations

- Much shorter delays and much less time needed for electric utility companies to make VPM decisions and develop mitigation plans: better security at lower cost
- Better trained workforce for VPM through courses for future employees and short training courses for current employees
- Invited talk at the Southwest Power Pool Security Working Group Meeting in February 2019
- Invited talk at the NERC Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee Meeting in September 2019
- Hosted a training workshop on automated VPM at the NERC Critical Infrastructure Protection Committee Meeting in September 2019
- Paper submitted to IEEE INFOCOM 2020 • Another paper in preparation for IEEE CNS 2020 • Two female students supported and trained

