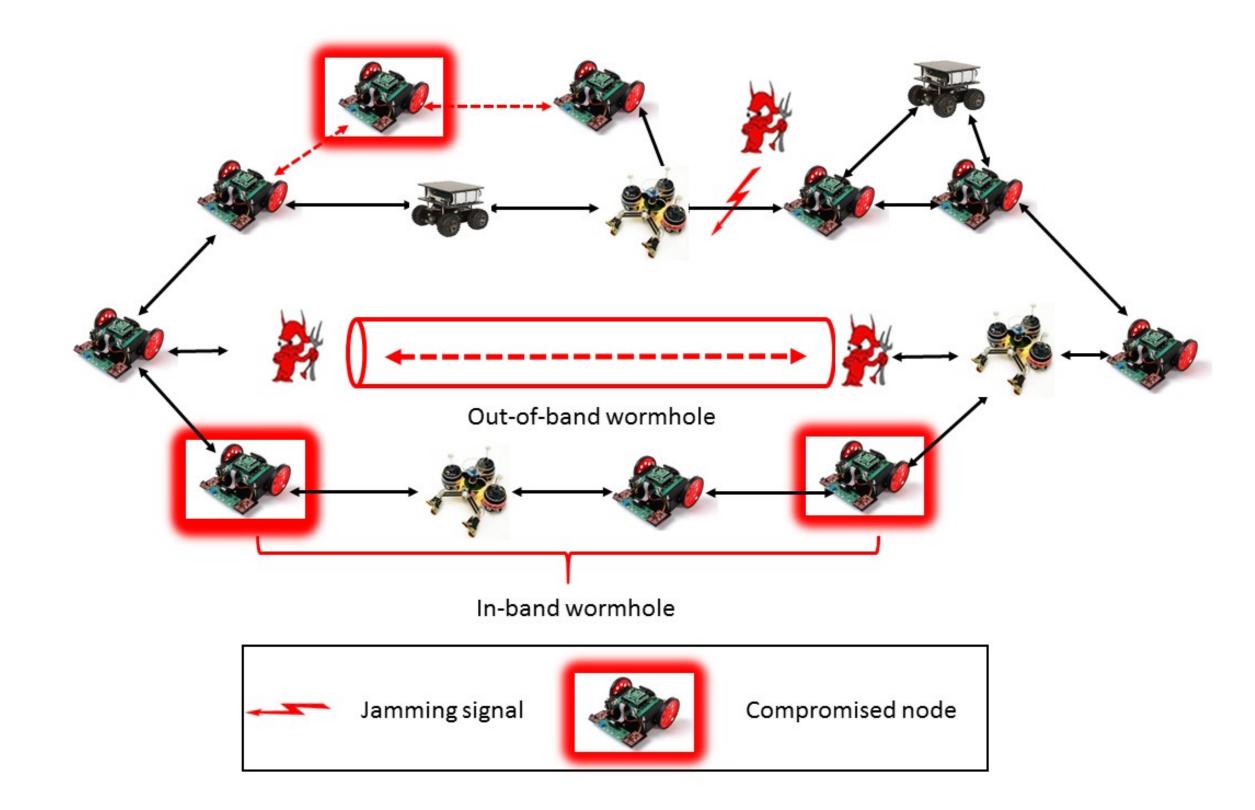
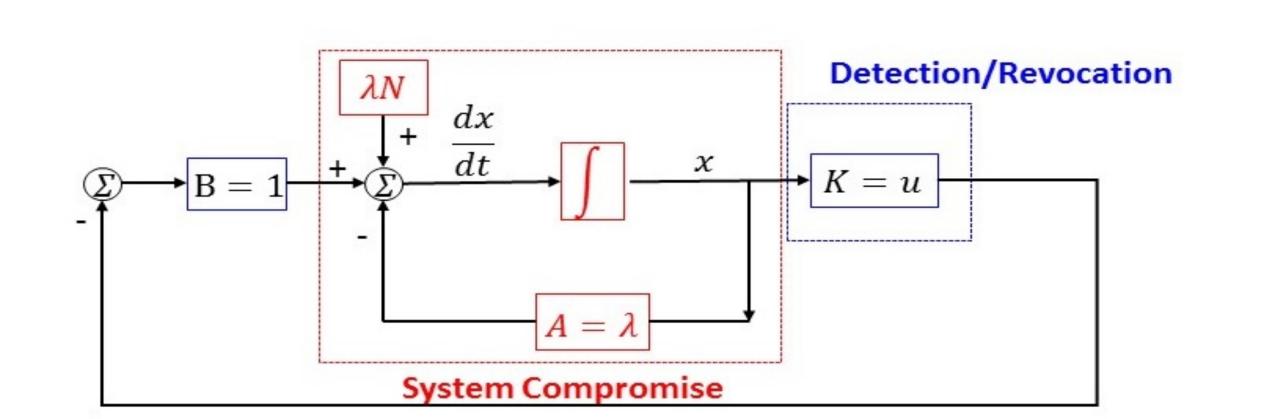
CPS: Breakthrough: Towards a Science of Attack Composition, Mitigation and Verification in Cyber Physical Systems: A Passivity Based Approach (CNS-1446866) Principal Investigators: Radha Poovendran, Linda Bushnell Network Security Lab, Department of Electrical Engineering University of Washington, Seattle {rp3, lb2}@uw.edu

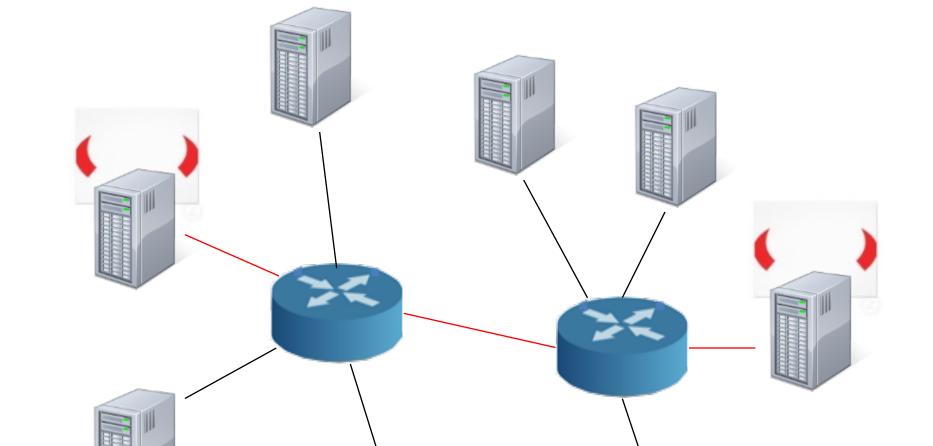
Need for Science of CPS Security



Passivity Modeling of Individual Attacks and Mitigation



CoreMelt Attack



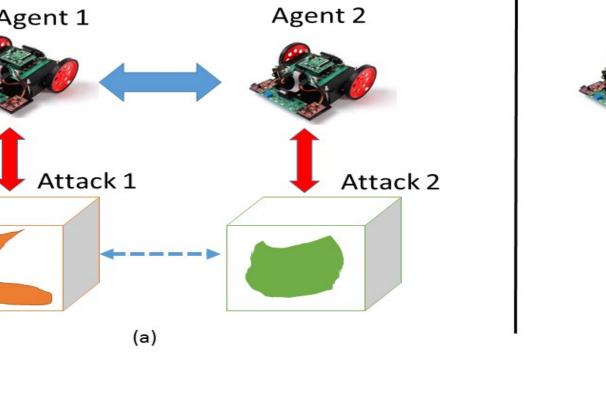
- CPS are inviting targets for intelligent, persistent attacks Composition of multiple attacks and development of mitigation **strategies** are open problems in cyber security
- Need to provide verifiable guarantees of CPS performance and security in the presence of cyber attacks

Scientific Questions Addressed

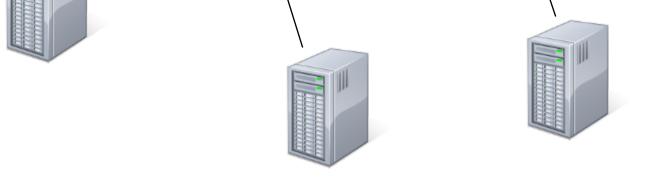
- How to model intelligent, persistent attacks and their impact on CPS?
- How to compose multiple attacks and develop efficient mitigation strategies against composed attacks?
- How to verify the mitigation strategies provide required performance, safety and security of CPS?

- Formulate passive dynamical models representing impact of attack on CPS
- Identify class of cyber-attacks that admit passive dynamical representation
- Model the time-varying mitigation strategy as passivity dynamical system
- Design mitigation strategy to guarantee security properties of CPS

Passivity-Based Composition of Adversary Models and Mitigation

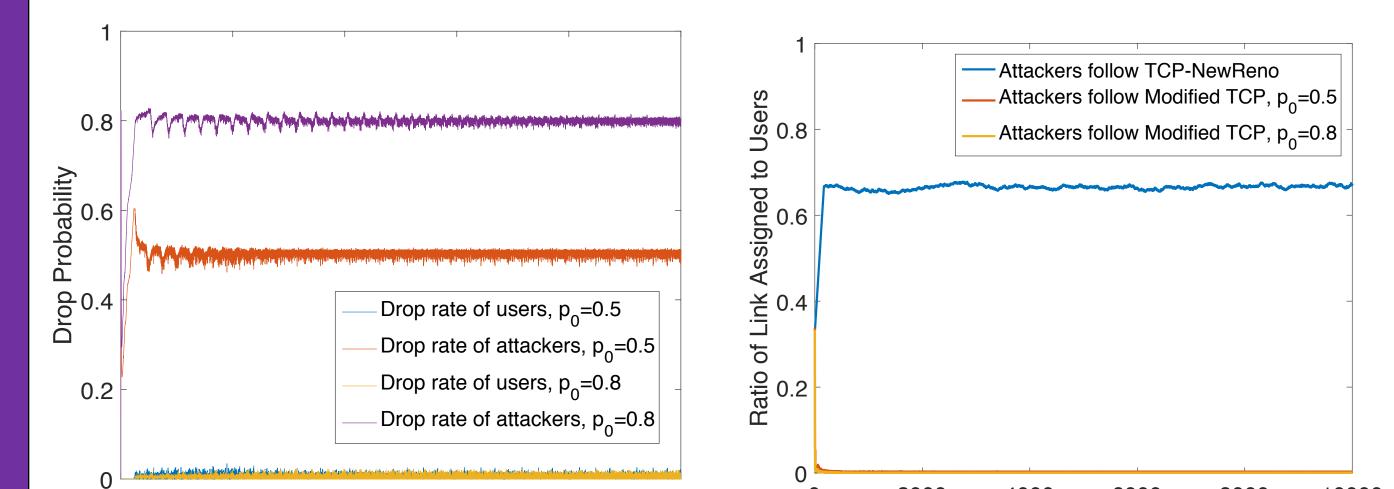


• Compose attacks by non-colluding, colluding, and competing

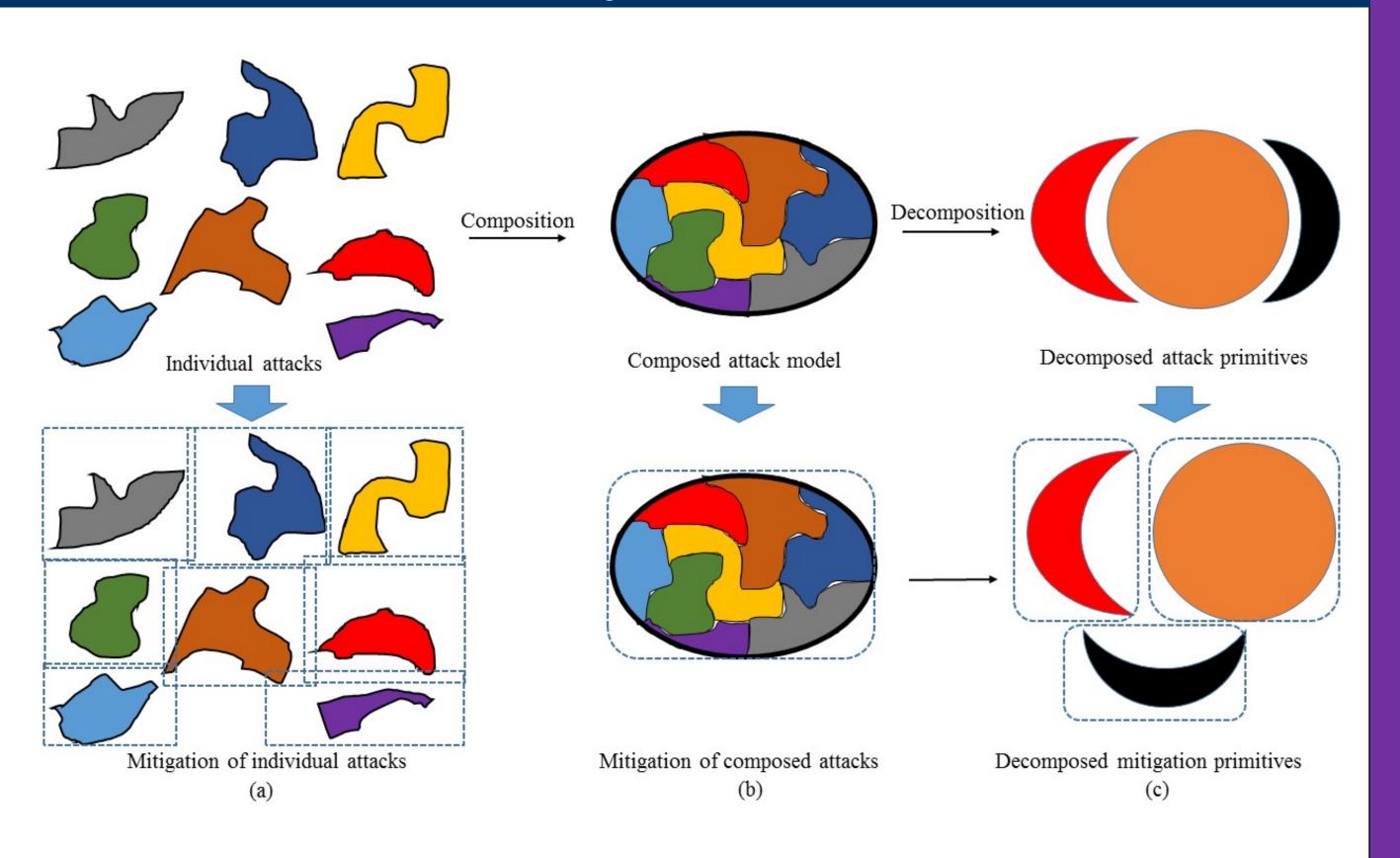


- Attacker sends high volume of data from compromised clients to compromised servers
- Overloads backbone Internet routers, resulting in denial of service for other network nodes

Passivity-Based Approach to CoreMelt



Our Passivity Based Approach



Provides composition rules of multiple adversary models Enables identification of new attack primitives via

adversaries

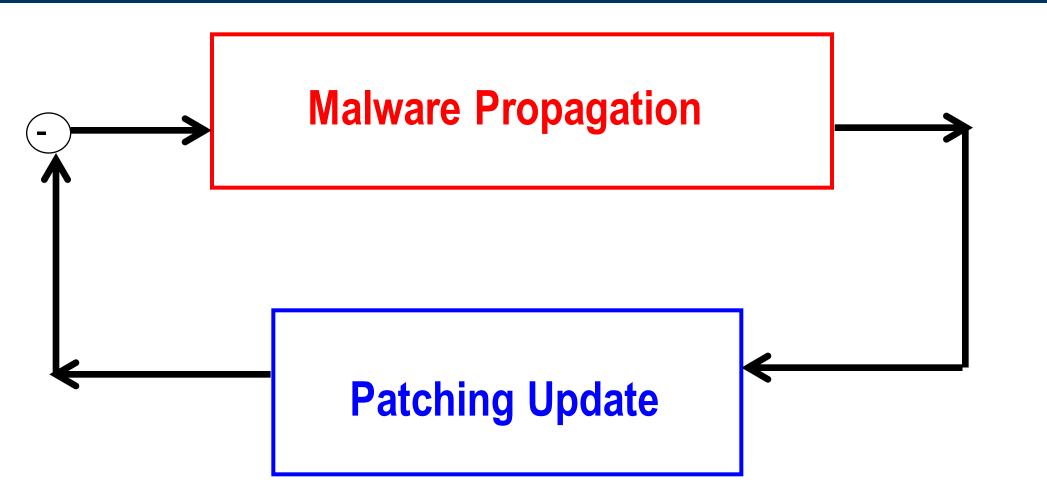
Composed

adversary

model

• Compose attacks targeting distinct, interdependent CPS components • **Decompose a composed adversary** model into attack primitives • Develop efficient mitigation strategies against composed adversary model

Adaptive Patching Strategy Against Malware Propagation



Propagation rate is assumed to be unknown to the defender Main idea:

Adaptively update the patching rate when an infection is detected

Expected number of infected hosts with adaptive patching ($\lambda_1 = 1, \lambda_2 = 2$, N= 100)

0	2000	4000	6000	8000	10000	Ŭ0	2000	4000	6000	8000	10000
time (in RTT)						time (in RTT)					

- Developed a Lyapunov-based framework for analyzing the adversary's attack strategy
- Characterized the optimal attack strategy for achieving a desired congestion level for the targeted link
- Proposed mitigation strategies for increasing the bandwidth allocated to legitimate users

References

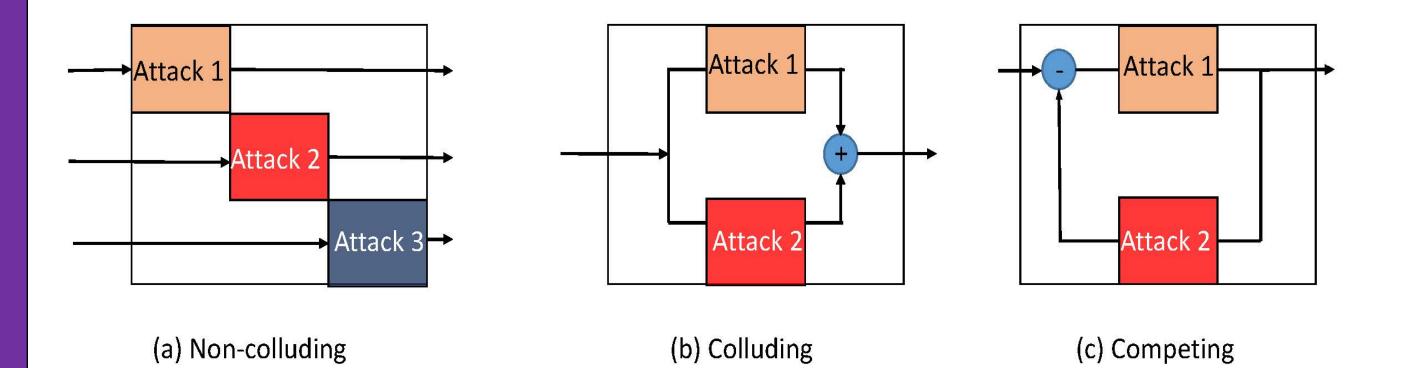
[1] P. Lee, A. Clark, L. Bushnell, and R. Poovendran, "A Passivity Framework for Modeling and Mitigating Wormhole Attacks on Networked Control Systems," IEEE Transactions on Automatic Control, 2014.

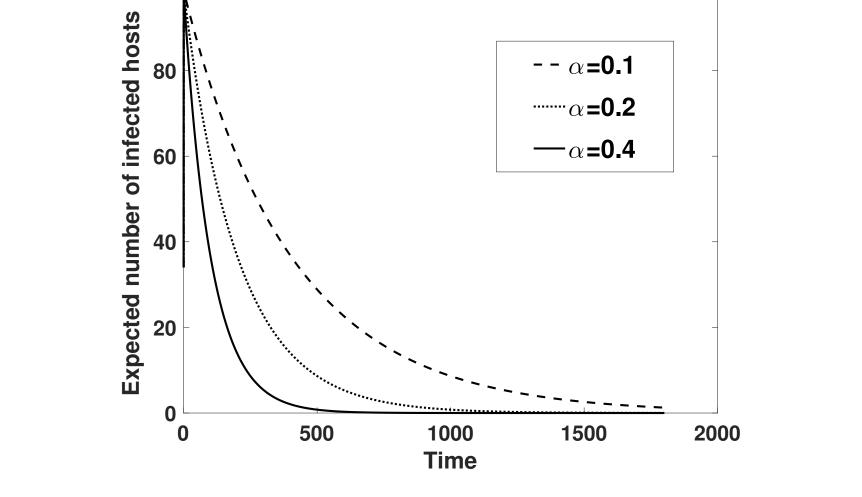
[2] P. Lee, A. Clark, B. Alomair, L. Bushnell, and R. Poovendran, "Jamming-Based Adversarial Control of Network Flow Allocation: A Passivity Approach," American Control Conference, 2015

[3] P. Lee, A. Clark, L. Bushnell, and R. Poovendran, "Passivity Framework for Composition and Mitigation of Multi-Virus Propagation in Networked Systems," American Control Conference, 2015

decomposition of composed attacks

- Leads to seamless integration into dynamical models of CPS • Adaptive incorporation of newly-discovered attacks into composed adversary mode
- Develop techniques for verification of passivity-based adversary models and mitigation via approximate bisimulation





• Proposed adaptive patching strategies when propagation rate is unknown

Proved asymptotic convergence to the computed equilibrium using passivity-based analysis

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