

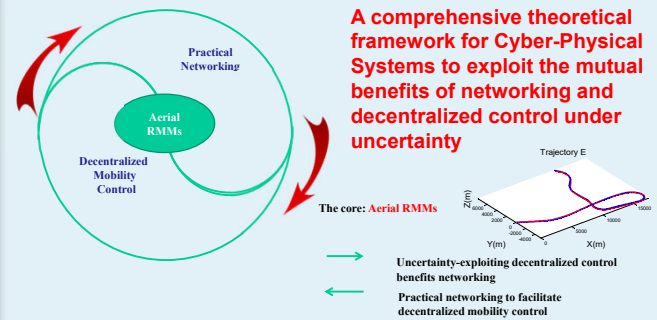
CAREER: Co-Design of Networking and Decentralized Control to Enable Aerial Networking in an Uncertain Airspace (May 2021)

PI: Yan Wan, Electrical Engineering, University of Texas at Arlington

Introduction

Airborne networking utilizes direct flight-to-flight communication for flexible information sharing, safe maneuvering, and coordination of time-critical missions. It is challenging because of the high mobility, stringent safety requirements, and uncertain airspace environment.

This project uses a co-design approach that exploits the mutual benefits of networking and decentralized mobility control in an uncertain heterogeneous environment. The approach departs from the usual perspective that views physical mobility as communication constraints, communication as constraints for decentralized mobility control, and uncertain environment as constraints for both. Instead, we proactively exploit the constraints, uncertainty, and new structures with information to enable high-performance designs.

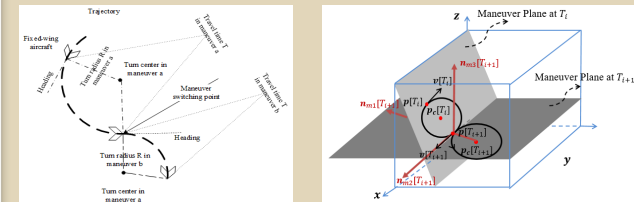


A comprehensive theoretical framework for Cyber-Physical Systems to exploit the mutual benefits of networking and decentralized control under uncertainty

The features of the co-design such as scalability, fast response, tractability, and robustness to uncertainty advance the core CPS science on decision-making for large-scale networks under uncertainty.

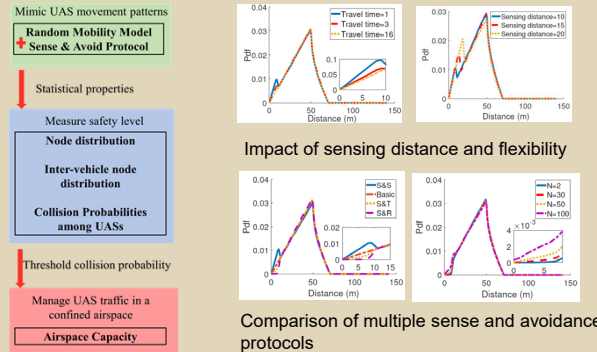
UAV Random Mobility Models

- We completed the development of both the 2-dimentional (2-D) and the 3-D smooth turn (ST) modeling framework for fixed-wing aircraft, which can serve as a design and evaluation foundation for future ANs.



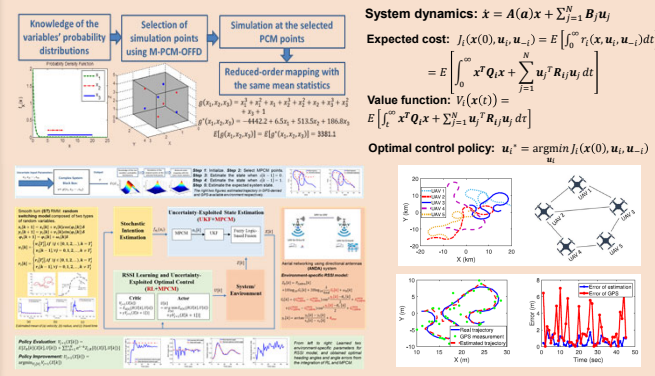
- By placing the random mobility models under the framework of random switching systems, we completed general online and offline estimation methods for these systems, using Expectation-Maximization and other methods.

- We equipped random mobility models with sense and avoidance protocols to capture the flexible, variable, and uncertain movement patterns of UASs subject to separation safety constraints.
- We analyzed statistical properties including stationary location distribution and stationary inter-vehicle distance distributions, which leads to collision probability and airspace capacity for an airspace of dense UAV operations.



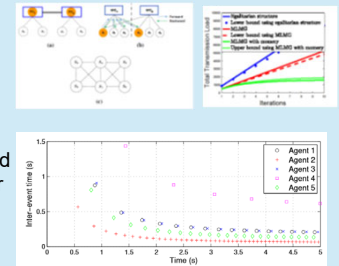
Uncertainty Exploited Control

- We completed the development of scalable uncertainty evaluation method that breaks the curse of dimensionality in uncertainty evaluation. Published standalone Matlab tools for the general public to use this new uncertainty evaluation method.
- Built on the scalable uncertainty evaluation method that we developed in previous years, we completed the development of optimal control and reinforcement-learning based control for systems subject to high dimensional uncertainties.
- The solution was also extended to address the uncertainty quantification needs in dynamic graphical games and general random switching systems.



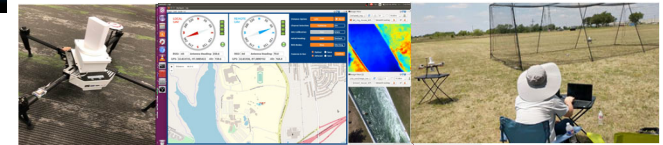
Practical Networking to Facilitate Fast Decentralized Mobility Control

- We completed the development of layered structures to reduce data transmission load required to reach consensus for UAV networks.
- We developed event-triggered control with guaranteed lower bounds to reduce the communication and control cost.
- We applied the event-triggered solution to graphical games.



Testbed Development

- We enhanced the testbed of UAV-based on-demand communication system by redesigning the whole system in TX2 and improving the hardware and software endurance.
- We extended the capability to beyond visual line of control and other UAV applications.



Some References

- C. He, Y. Wan, Y. Gu, and F. L. Lewis, "Integral Reinforcement Learning-based Multi-UAV Minimum Time-Energy Path Planning Subject to Collision Avoidance in Unknown Wind Fields, Control System Letters, vol. 5, no. 3, pp. 983-988, July 2021.
- V. Kyriakos, Y. Wan, F. L. Lewis, and Derya H. Cansever, Handbook of Reinforcement Learning and Control, Springer, 2020.
- M. Liu, Y. Wan, F. Lewis, and V. Lopez, "Adaptive Optimal Control for Stochastic Multi-Agent Differential Games using On-Policy and Off-Policy Reinforcement Learning," IEEE Transactions Neural Networks and Learning Systems, vol. 31, no. 12, pp. 5522-5533, December 2020.
- M. Liu, Y. Wan, F. L. Lewis, E. Atkins, "Statistical Properties and Airspace Capacity for Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Networks subject to Sense-and-Avoid Safety Protocols," IEEE Transactions Intelligent Transportation Systems, in press, September 2020.
- M. Liu, Y. Wan, and F. Lewis, "Adaptive Optimal Decision in Multi-Agent Random Switching Systems," IEEE Control Systems Letters, vol. 4, no. 2, pp.265-270, April 2020.
- M. Liu, Y. Wan, S. Li, F. Lewis, and S. Fu, "Learning and Uncertainty-exploited Directional Antenna Control for Robust Long-distance and Broad-band Aerial Communication," IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technologies, vol. 69, no. 1, pp. 593-606, January 2020.
- S. Li, C. He, M. Liu, Y. Wan, Y. Gu, J. Xie, S. Fu, and K. Lu, "Design and Implementation of Aerial Communication Using Directional Antennas: Learning Control in Unknown Communication Environment," IET Control Theory and Application, vol. 13, no. 17, pp. 2906-2916, November 2019.